Jackson County, North Carolina

Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2016





Table of Contents

Exhibits

	Independent Auditors' Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
"1"	Statement of Net Position	12
"2"	Statement of Activities	14
	Fund Financial Statements:	
"3"	Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds	16
"4"	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds	18
"5"	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual—General Fund	20
"6"	Statement of Fund Net Position—Proprietary Funds	22
"7"	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position—Proprietary Funds	23
"8"	Statement of Cash Flows—Proprietary Funds	24
"9"	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Funds	25
	Notes to the Financial Statements	26
Schedules		
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
"A-1"	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance— Schedule of Funding Progress	51
"A-2"	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance— Schedule of Employer Contributions	52
"A-3"	Other Post-employment Benefits—Schedule of Funding Progress	53
"A-4"	Other Post-employment Benefits—Schedule of Employer Contributions	54
"A-5"	Local Governmental Employees' Retirements System—Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
"A-6"	Local Governmental Employees' Retirements System—Schedule of the County's Contributions	56
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
"B-1"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—General Fund	57

Jackson County, North Carolina

<u>Schedules</u>		
"B-2"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Revaluation Fund—Budget and Actual	68
"B-3"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Capital Reserve Fund—Budget and Actual	69
"B-4"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Conservation/Preservation Fund—Budget and Actual	70
"B-5"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—School Improvements Fund—Budget and Actual	71
"B-6"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—School Capital Reserve Fund—Budget and Actual	72
"C-1"	Combining Balance Sheet—Non-major Governmental Funds	73
"C-2"	Combining Balance Sheet—Non-major Special Revenue Funds	74
"C-3"	Combining Balance Sheet—Non-major Capital Projects Funds	76
"C-4"	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Non-major Governmental Funds	77
"C-5"	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Non-major Special Revenue Funds	78
"C-6"	Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Non-major Capital Projects Funds	80
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual:	
	Special Revenue:	
"D-1"	Emergency Telephone System Fund	81
"D-2"	Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund	82
"D-3"	Fire Service Districts Fund	83
"D-4"	Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund	84
"D-5"	Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund	85
"D-6"	Economic Development Fund	86
"D-7"	Economic Development Commission Fund	87
	Capital Projects:	
"E-1"	Recreation Center Fund	88
"E-2"	Emergency Management Project Fund	89
"E-3"	County Capital Projects Fund	90
"E-4"	Greenways Project Fund	91
	Proprietary Fund Schedules:	
"F-1"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Transfers— Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)—Landfill Fund	92
"F-2"	Combining Statement of Fund Net Position—Non-major Proprietary Funds	94

Jackson County, North Carolina

<u>Schedules</u>	
"F-3"	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position—Non-major Proprietary Funds
"F-4"	Combining Statement of Cash Flows—Non-major Proprietary Funds
"F-5"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Transfers—Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)—Green Energy Park Fund
"F-6"	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and TransfersBudget and Actual (Non-GAAP)—Economic Development Commission Fund
	Component Unit Schedule:
"G-1"	Jackson County Airport Authority—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual
	Fiduciary Fund Schedule:
"H-1"	Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds 100
	Other Schedules:
"I-1"	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
"I-2"	Analysis of Current Tax Levy—County-Wide Levy





Independent Auditors' Report

Board of County Commissioners Jackson County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units (except as noted below), each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, which is a discretely presented component unit that represents 27% of total assets, 11% of total net position, and 80% of total revenues for all discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion on the financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts for the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority and the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance's and the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions, and the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and County Contributions on pages 51 through 56, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Jackson County, North Carolina, basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2016, on our consideration of Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Asheville, North Carolina December 29, 2016

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Jackson County (the "County"), we offer readers of Jackson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Jackson County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$60,532,173 (net position).

The government's total net position increased by \$4,766,172, primarily due to increased net position in the governmental activities.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, Jackson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$34,019,570, an increase of \$2,582,106 in comparison with the prior year. 71 percent of this total amount, or \$24,035,792, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance.)

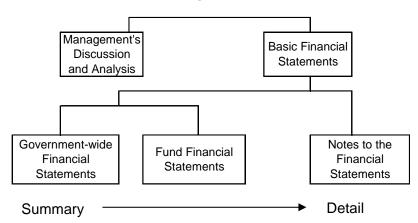
At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$24,035,792, or 42 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds for the fiscal year.

Jackson County's governmental activities long-term debt (excluding compensated absences, net OPEB and pension obligations, and net pension liabilities) decreased by \$3,307,547 during the current fiscal year. This is due to the repayment of notes payable.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Jackson County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Jackson County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in that part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. This includes the landfill services offered by Jackson County, the Green Energy Park, and the Economic Development Commission. The final category is the component units. The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority was created by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners on January 1, 2013 for the purpose of using occupancy tax funds collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all fifteen voting members of the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Authority and approves amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Airport Authority exists to operate, promote and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints two of the five voting members of the Jackson County Airport Authority, and also adopts the Airport Authority's budget and approves all budget amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board was created on May 1, 2014 for the purpose of operating two liquor stores in the County and for investigating violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's voting members.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Jackson County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Jackson County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Jackson County, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Jackson County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds - Jackson County has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Jackson County uses enterprise funds to account for its landfill operations, Green Energy Park and the Economic Development Commission. These funds are the same as the separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Jackson County has six fiduciary funds, all of which are agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on Page 26 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Jackson County's Net Position Figure 2

		2016			2015	
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ \$39,070,522 <u>67,258,806</u>	\$ 1,264,030 5,707,911	\$ 40,334,552 72,966,717	\$ 39,361,425 66,864,767	\$ 1,475,038 5,885,549	\$ 40,836,463 <u>72,750,316</u>
Total assets	106,329,328	6,971,941	113,301,269	106,226,192	7,360,587	113,586,779
Deferred outflows of resources	1,078,207	23,612	1,101,819	1,019,214	20,800	1,040,014
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	45,562,827 3,114,558	2,639,831 1,750,475	48,202,658 4,865,033	46,317,479 3,651,736	2,803,371 1,711,653	49,120,850 5,363,389
Total liabilities	48,677,385	4,390,306	53,067,691	49,969,215	4,515,024	54,484,239
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>791,131</u>	12,093	803,224	4,307,818	68,735	4,376,553
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	55,265,538 6,594,512 (3,921,031)	3,713,806 - (1,120,652)	58,979,344 6,594,512 (5,041,683)	53,030,230 7,878,353 (7,940,210)	3,656,843 28,070 (887,285)	56,687,073 7,906,423 (8,827,495)
Total net position	<u>\$ 57,939,019</u>	<u>\$ 2,593,154</u>	\$ 60,532,173	\$ 52,968,373	\$ 2,797,628	<u>\$ 55,766,001</u>

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$60,532,173 as of June 30, 2016. The County's net position increased by \$4,766,172 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, of which \$4,970,646 was for an increase in governmental activities and \$204,474 was for a decrease in business-type activities. One of the largest portions of net position (97 percent) reflects the County's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Jackson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Jackson County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Jackson County's net position (approximately 11 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$5,041,683 is unrestricted deficit.

Particular aspects of the County's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 97.47 percent, slightly below the statewide average of 98.6 percent for counties in the 25,000 – 49,999 population range; Increased revenue in property taxes due to growth within the County.

Jackson County's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

_		2016			2015	
-	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Revenues:						
Program revenues: Charges for services	\$ 3,122,743	\$ 3,321,586	\$ 6,444,329	\$ 2,936,437	\$ 3,343,334	\$ 6,279,771
Operating grants and contributions	9,497,186	8,049	9,505,235	9,334,622	264	9,334,886
Capital grants and contributions General revenues:	905,352	-	905,352	627,907	-	627,907
Property taxes Other taxes Grants and contribution not restricted to	34,556,626 11,776,392	69,034	34,556,626 11,845,426		60,748	32,626,164 11,596,149
specific programs Other	376,906 349,461		376,906 374,234		- 29,87 <u>9</u>	276,381 521,302
Total revenues	60,584,666	3,423,442	64,008,108	57,828,335	3,434,225	61,262,560
Expenses:						
General government Public safety	10,008,528 13,408,089	-	10,008,528 13,408,089			9,462,704 12,294,117
Transportation	864,539	-	864,539		-	1,026,959
Environmental protection Economic and physical	287,862	-	287,862	484,896	-	484,896
development	897,710	-	897,710	624,381	-	624,381
Human services	14,000,017	-	14,000,017		-	14,279,806
Culture and recreation	3,401,755	-	3,401,755	, ,	-	2,950,513
Education	11,960,574	-	11,960,574		-	9,754,408
Interest and other charge	s 606,485	<u>-</u>	606,485	,		782,394
Landfill	-	3,493,043	3,492,043		3,068,220	3,068,220
Green Energy Park	-	248,014	248,014	-	152,674	152,674
Economic Development Commission		65,320	65,320		120,592	120,592
Total expenses	55,435,559	3,806,377	59,241,936	51,660,178	3,341,486	55,001,664
Change in net position						
before transfers	5,149,107	(382,935)	4,766,172	6,168,157	92,739	6,260,896
Transfers	(178,461)	178,461		(134,439)	134,439	
Change in net position	4,970,646	(204,474)	4,766,172	6,033,718	227,178	6,260,896
Net position, July 1	52,968,373	2,797,628	55,766,001	46,934,655	2,570,450	49,505,105
Net position, June 30	\$ 57,939,019	<u>\$ 2,593,154</u>	\$ 60,532,173	\$ 52,968,373	\$ 2,797,628	\$ 55,766,001

Jackson County, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$4,970,646, thereby accounting for 104 percent of the total increase in the net position of Jackson County. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in property values, tax audits, and review of management plans;
- Increase in County's tax collection rate;
- Increase in County's delinquent tax collections.

Business-Type Activities - Business-type activities decreased Jackson County's net position by \$204,474. The key elements of this decrease were the Landfill operating results. From a budgetary perspective, the County appropriated fund balance for \$293,560. The full accrual adjustments reduced the loss to \$166,993.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Jackson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of Jackson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Jackson County's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Jackson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$24,035,792, while total fund balance reached \$29,059,476. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to use all fund balance except for the amount restricted for stabilization by State statute, \$4,073,610. Fund balance available for appropriation of \$24,985,866 represents 43 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 50 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2016, the governmental funds of Jackson County reported a combined fund balance of \$34,019,570, an increase of \$2,582,106. The primary reason for this increase in fund balance is additional fees and sales tax revenues.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain service. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$2,858,210.

Proprietary Funds - Jackson County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Net position of the Landfill, Green Energy Park, and Economic Development Commission Funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$2,593,154. The total decrease in net position for the funds was \$204,474. The net loss from operations was supplemented by a transfer in from the governmental funds. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of Jackson County's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - Jackson County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, totals \$72,966,717 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Purchased a HP Designjet Production printer for Tax Assessment
- Purchased a new Dell PowerEdge Server for the GIS Department
- Purchased an ACC Eaton UPS and a 2016 Ford F150 for Maintenance
- Purchased seven new vehicles for the Sheriff's Department
- Purchased a reconstructed tower, internet install and office furniture for Emergency Management
- Purchased Mapcentric addressing and Pro QA Software for the Emergency Dispatch Center
- Purchased two 2016 Chevrolet Impalas and a 2016 Dodge van for the Department of Social Services
- Purchased a 2015 Ford Explorer and a 2016 Ford Transit van for the Department on Aging
- Purchased a John Deere Gator and new playground equipment for the Recreation Department
- Addition of construction in progress on the Savannah Park, Greenway, and Emergency Management Center Projects

Jackson County's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Figure 4

		2016		2015				
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type Activities	<u>Total</u>		
Land Buildings and system Machinery and equipme Vehicles and motorized		\$ 182,414 1,356,110 4,169,387	\$ 15,611,231 46,763,755 5,563,738	, ,	\$ 182,414 1,576,435 4,026,489	\$ 16,390,166 47,246,988 5,316,658		
equipment Construction in progress	1,290,769 s <u>3,737,224</u>	-	1,290,769 <u>3,737,224</u>	, ,	100,211 	1,342,860 2,453,644		
Total	<u>\$ 67,258,806</u>	\$ 5,707,911	\$ 72,966,717	\$ 66,864,767	\$ 5,885,549	\$72,750,316		

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt - As of June 30, 2016, Jackson County had total debt outstanding of \$48,202,658, most of which is collateralized by capital assets. However, \$10,737,367 of the debt is collateralized by capital assets held by the Jackson County Board of Education under capital lease agreements. Those assets are not included in the County's capital assets.

Jackson County's Outstanding Debt Installment Purchase Obligations Figure 5

		2016			2015	
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type Activities	Total
Total	\$ 22,730,635	\$ 1,994,105	\$ 24,724,740	\$ 26,038,182	\$ 2,228,706	\$ 28,266,888

Jackson County's debt, shown above, decreased \$3,542,148 (13 percent) during the past fiscal year. The decrease is primarily due to the repayment of notes payable.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Jackson County is approximately \$921,000,000.

Additional information regarding Jackson County's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the County:

- The County's unemployment rate is 4.5 percent, slightly lower than the State average of 4.8 percent.
- Retail vacancy rates are slightly lower, having stayed in the 4 percent range all year. Several rental units
 were added during the year. The County continues to see increases in room occupancy tax fees.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017

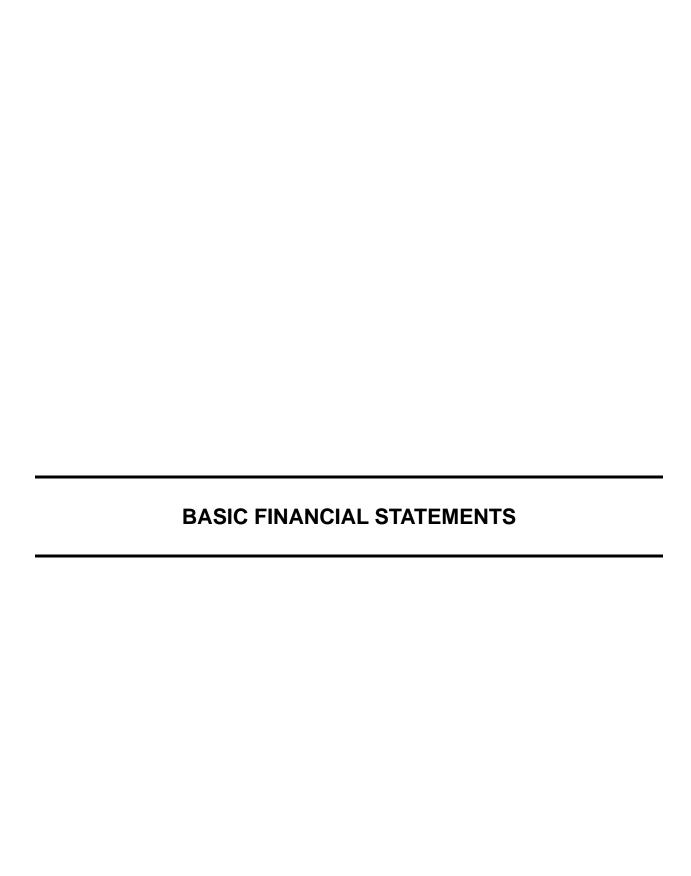
Governmental Activities: Property taxes and revenues for permits and fees are projected to increase. Adjustments have been made to programs that are currently in place.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase 2 percent to \$60,230,520. The largest increments are in the creation of 2.9 employee positions, reduction in debt transfers, and decreased operational expenses.

Business-type Activities: General operating expenses of the Landfill Fund will decrease by 5.28 percent. Revenues from the sales of materials and volumes for tipping fees have increased slightly. An increase in sales of recycled materials is projected. Rates for landfill services will remain the same. The decrease is primarily due to the completion of the paving at the Cashiers and SRC facility. The Green Energy Park Fund will decrease by 16.72 percent due to completion of the engineering and design fees for additional facility space. The Economic Development Fund will decrease slightly due to a reduction in the interest of an outstanding loan.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Jackson County, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, NC 28779.



	Primary Government						
	Govern Activ			siness-type Activities	Total		
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,	138,252	\$	658,107	\$	33,796,359	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		55,791		-		55,791	
Taxes receivable, net		513,067		- 		1,513,067	
Accounts receivable, net		322,576		444,160		766,736	
Accrued interest receivable		165,711		12,246		177,957	
Due from component units		118,094		-		118,094	
Due from other governments		628,347		35,139		3,663,486	
Notes receivable, net		128,684		114,378		243,062	
Inventory and prepaids		-		-		-	
Capital assets:	10	100 000		400 444		40 240 452	
Land and construction in progress	•	166,039		182,414		19,348,453	
Other assets, net of depreciation		092,767		5,525,497		53,618,264	
Total assets	106,	329,328		6,971,941		113,301,269	
Deferred outflows of resources	1,	078,207		23,612		1,101,819	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liab.	2,	813,761		202,341		3,016,102	
Unearned revenue		-		14,861		14,861	
Accrued interest payable		110,015		13,277		123,292	
Deposits held for others		190,782		-		190,782	
Due to primary government		-		-		-	
Accrued landfill closure and post-							
closure care costs		-		1,519,996		1,519,996	
Long-term liabilities:							
Due within one year	•	925,255		234,601		3,159,856	
Due in more than one year	42,	637,572		2,405,230		45,042,802	
Total liabilities	48,	677,385		4,390,306		53,067,691	
Deferred inflows of resources		791,131		12,093		803,224	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	55,	265,538		3,713,806		58,979,344	
Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute	1	073,610				4,073,610	
Register of Deeds	4,	22,599		<u>-</u>		22,599	
Education		857,169		_		857,169	
Public safety		350,516		_		350,516	
Economic and physical development		290,618		_		1,290,618	
Working capital	1,.			_			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,	921,031)		(1,120,652)		(5,041,683)	
Total net position	\$ 57,	939,019	\$	2,593,154	\$	60,532,173	

lack	son County	•	onent Units		
T Dev	ourism velopment uthority		Jackson County Airport Authority		Jackson County BC Board
\$	435,407	\$	28,226	\$	596,277
	-		-		-
	120,553		- 2,313		2,835
	-		2,313		2,000
	-		-		-
	-		67,981		-
	-		13,011		- 484,731
	_		4,818,067		-
	-		86,383		946,849
	555,960		5,015,981		2,030,692
			_		24,347
	0.042		16.750		EEO 400
	9,843 -		16,750 -		552,430
	-		-		
	-		-		
	-		-		118,094
	-		-		
	-		-		22,016
					674,848
	9,843		16,750		1,367,388
					9,307
	-		4,904,450		249,985
	120,553		-		
	-,		-		
	-		-		•
	-		-		
	-		-		127,148
	425,564		94,781		301,211
\$	546,117	\$	4,999,231	\$	678,344

Functions/Programs	Expenses	harges for Services	G	Operating Frants and Intributions	_	ital Grants and tributions
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 10,008,528	\$ 772,680	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety	13,408,089	1,222,511		927,523		16,932
Transportation	864,539	103,886		260,799		156,221
Environmental protection	287,862	101,998		55,682		3,600
Economic and physical development	897,710	44,139		226,430		2,000
Human services	14,000,017	367,071		7,929,997		-
Cultural and recreation	3,401,755	510,458		-		726,599
Education	11,960,574	-		96,755		-
Interest on long-term debt	606,485	 -		-		
Total governmental activities	55,435,559	 3,122,743		9,497,186		905,352
Business-type activities:						
Landfill	3,493,043	3,234,731		_		_
Green Energy Park	248,014	19,522		8,049		-
Economic Development Commission	65,320	67,333		-		
Total business-type activities	3,806,377	3,321,586		8,049		-
Total primary government	\$ 59,241,936	\$ 6,444,329	\$	9,505,235	\$	905,352
Component units: Jackson County Tourism Development						
Authority	\$ 815,577	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Jackson County Airport Authority	201,257	54,779		31,000		67,981
Jackson County ABC Board	4,296,191	 4,343,850		-		
Total component units	\$ 5,313,025	\$ 4,398,629	\$	31,000	\$	67,981

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Local option sales tax

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings, unrestricted

Miscellaneous, unrestricted

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position:

Beginning balance, July 1

Ending balance, June 30

	Net (Expens	e) Revenue and	Changes in Net Position						
Pr		Component Units							
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	De	Jackson County Fourism velopment Authority		Jackson County Airport Authority	A	Jackson County Jacoholic Severage Introl Board	
\$ (9,235,848) (11,241,123) (343,633) (126,582) (625,141) (5,702,949) (2,164,698) (11,863,819) (606,485) (41,910,278)	\$ - - - - - - - - -	\$ (9,235,848) (11,241,123) (343,633) (126,582) (625,141) (5,702,949) (2,164,698) (11,863,819) (606,485) (41,910,278)							
- - - - (41,910,278)	(258,312) (220,443) 2,013 (476,742)	(258,312) (220,443) 2,013 (476,742) (42,387,020)							
			\$	(815,577) - -	\$	- (47,497) -	\$	- - 47,659	
				(815,577)		(47,497)		47,659	
34,556,626 11,299,841 476,551 376,906 31,737 317,724 (178,461)	- 69,034 - 24,773 - 178,461	34,556,626 11,299,841 545,585 376,906 56,510 317,724		932,220 - - - 4,210		- - - - 13,968		- - - - 1,674	
46,880,924	272,268	47,153,192		936,430		13,968		1,674	
4,970,646	(204,474)	4,766,172		120,853		(33,529)		49,333	
52,968,373	2,797,628	55,766,001		425,264		5,032,760		629,011	
\$ 57,939,019	\$ 2,593,154	\$ 60,532,173	\$	546,117	\$	4,999,231	\$	678,344	

	 General Fund	lm _l	School provements Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,629,549	\$	1,351,101	\$	4,157,602	\$ 33,138,252
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	55,791		-		-	55,791
Taxes receivable, net	1,513,067		-		-	1,513,067
Accounts receivable, net	317,569		-		5,007	322,576
Due from other governments	3,587,947		-		40,400	3,628,347
Due from other funds	50,000		-		-	50,000
Due from component units	118,094		-		-	118,094
Notes receivable, net	 -		-		128,684	128,684
Total assets	\$ 33,272,017	\$	1,351,101	\$	4,331,693	\$ 38,954,811
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,270,017	\$	443,932	\$	99,812	\$ 2,813,761
Due to other funds	-		50,000		-	50,000
Deposits held for others	190,782		-		-	190,782
•						
Total liabilities	 2,460,799		493,932		99,812	 3,054,543
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,751,742				128,956	 1,880,698
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Stabilization by State Statute	4,073,610		-		-	4,073,610
Register of Deeds	22,599		-		-	22,599
Education	-		857,169		-	857,169
Public safety	-		-		350,516	350,516
Economic and physical development	-		_		1,290,618	1,290,618
Committed:						, ,
Revaluation	53,582		_		_	53,582
Capital reserve	478,717		_		_	478,717
Conservation/preservation	127,412		_		_	127,412
Recreation			_		158,994	158,994
Public safety	_		_		41,048	41,048
Various programs and projects	_		_		2,261,749	2,261,749
Assigned:	_		_		2,201,743	2,201,749
LEO Separation Allowance	65,679					65 670
•	•		-		-	65,679
Other post-employment benefits	202,085		-		-	202,085
Unassigned	 24,035,792				<u> </u>	 24,035,792
Total fund balances	 29,059,476		857,169		4,102,925	34,019,570
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 33,272,017	\$	1,351,101	\$	4,331,693	\$ 38,954,811

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total fund balance for governmental funds	\$ 34,019,570
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	67,258,806
Accrued interest receivable is not a financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	165,711
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to satisfy current obligations in the fund statements; however, they are considered a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are included in the Statement of Net Position:	
Contibutions to pension plans in the currect fiscal year Pension related deferrals	1,022,179 56,028
Deferred inflows of resources for notes receivable Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable Deferred inflows of resources for pension related deferrals	128,684 1,513,067 (552,184)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences Net pension liability - LGERS Net pension obligation - LEOSSA Net OPEB obligation Installment notes payable	(110,015) (1,513,721) (1,039,706) (544,138) (19,734,627) (22,730,635)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 57,939,019

Jackson County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	School Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Other taxes Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental Other restricted revenues Permits and fees Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 33,690,820 11,485,785 622,387 9,460,259 92,608 1,814,726 1,028,386 28,644 192,437	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,133,475 - - 972,798 - - 27,950 3,093 220,742	\$ 34,824,295 11,485,785 622,387 10,433,057 92,608 1,814,726 1,056,336 31,737 413,179
Total revenues	58,416,052		2,358,058	60,774,110
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Transportation Environmental protection Economic and physical development Human services Culture and recreation Intergovernmental: Education Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges Total expenditures	9,068,330 11,314,808 701,546 148,977 694,741 13,483,916 2,951,622 11,131,966 3,307,547 629,135 53,432,588	1,152,496	30,000 1,665,180 - - 374,551 - 1,451,454 - - - 3,521,185	9,098,330 12,979,988 701,546 148,977 1,069,292 13,483,916 4,403,076 12,284,462 3,307,547 629,135 58,106,269
Revenues over (under) expenditures	4,983,464	(1,152,496)	(1,163,127)	2,667,841
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(4,246,568) 92,726	994,526	3,073,581	4,068,107 (4,246,568) 92,726
Other financing sources (uses), net	(4,153,842)	994,526	3,073,581	(85,735)
Net change in fund balances	829,622	(157,970)	1,910,454	2,582,106
Fund balances: Beginning balances, July 1	28,229,854	1,015,139	2,192,471	31,437,464
Ending balances, June 30	\$ 29,059,476	\$ 857,169	\$ 4,102,925	\$ 34,019,570

(Continued)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balancestotal governmental funds	\$ 2,582,106
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay Depreciation	2,422,101 (2,028,062)
Contributions to the state retirement system in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities but are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	1,022,179
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as revenues in the funds:	
Change in ad valorem taxes and related interest receivable Change in notes receivable	(267,669) (14,501)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Principal portion of repayments	3,307,547
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: The following are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund because they do not use current financial resources:	
Compensated absences	(99,273)
Net OPEB obligation	(1,398,258)
Net pension obligation - Law Enforcement Officers' Separation Allowance	(15,658)
Pension expense - Local Government Employees' Retirement System Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual)	(562,516)
and government-wide statements (full accrual).	22,650
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,970,646

Jackson County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Other taxes Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental Other restricted revenues Permits and fees Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 33,016,848 10,435,520 403,872 9,115,397 125,000 1,723,424 1,051,270 25,000 297,678	\$ 33,677,520 11,218,020 626,396 9,884,694 117,400 1,940,174 1,146,279 25,000 416,736	\$ 33,690,820 11,485,785 622,387 9,438,467 92,608 1,814,726 1,028,386 27,984 192,437	\$ 13,300 267,765 (4,009) (446,227) (24,792) (125,448) (117,893) 2,984 (224,299)		
Total revenues	56,194,009	59,052,219	58,393,600	(658,619)		
Expenditures: Current:						
General government Public safety	8,204,905 11,093,213	9,310,784 11,980,069	8,703,867 11,314,808	606,917 665,261		
Transportation Environmental protection Economic and physical development	972,383 79,650 761,469	987,446 79,650 884,004	701,546 69,782 694,741	285,900 9,868 189,263		
Human services Culture and recreation Intergovernmental:	14,324,659 3,031,024	15,031,529 3,213,216	13,483,916 2,951,622	1,547,613 261,594		
Education Debt service:	9,990,749	11,345,776	11,131,966	213,810		
Principal retirement Interest and other charges	3,237,626 620,050	3,307,551 629,372	3,307,547 629,135	237		
Total expenditures	52,315,728	56,769,397	52,988,930	3,780,467		
Revenues over expenditures	3,878,281	2,282,822	5,404,670	3,121,848		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds Proceeds from sale of capital assets Appropriated fund balance Contingency	(2,846,165) 41,000 - (1,073,116)	(3,090,812) 102,212 884,238 (178,460)	(3,150,967) 92,726 - -	(60,155) (9,486) (884,238) 178,460		
Other financing sources (uses), net	(3,878,281)	(2,282,822)	(3,058,241)	(775,419)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	2,346,429	\$ 2,346,429		
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1			26,051,986			
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 28,398,415			

(Continued)

	General Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)		
A legally budgeted Revaluation Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Expenditures Transfers from the General Fund Beginning Fund Balance			\$	(364,463) 333,333 85,801			
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Revenue Transfers from the General Fund Transfers to the County Capital Projects Fund Beginning Fund Balance				660 1,040,379 (2,287,000) 1,724,678			
A legally budgeted Conservation/Preservation Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for for reporting purposes: Revenue Expenditures Transfers from the General Fund Transfers to the Greenways Project Fund Beginning Fund Balance				21,792 (79,195) 500,000 (682,313) 367,389			
Ending Fund Balance - Combined General	Fund		\$	29,059,476			

	Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 375,951	\$ 282,156	\$ 658,107
Accounts receivable, net	442,907	1,253	444,160
Accrued interest receivable	12,246	, -	12,246
Due from other governments	35,139		35,139
Total current assets	866,243	283,409	1,149,652
Non-current assets:			
Notes receivable, net	_	114,378	114,378
Capital assets, net of depreciation	4,488,888	1,219,023	5,707,911
·			
Total non-current assets	4,488,888	1,333,401	5,822,289
Total assets	5,355,131	1,616,810	6,971,941
Deferred outflows of resources	17,111	6,501	23,612
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	188,041	14,300	202,341
Unearned revenue	230	14,631	14,861
Accrued interest payable	13,277	- 1,001	13,277
Installment purchases, current	234,601	-	234,601
Total current liabilities	436,149	28,931	465,080
Non ourrant liabilities:			
Non-current liabilities:	4 750 504		4 750 504
Installment purchases, non-current	1,759,504	10.000	1,759,504
Compensated absences	20,050	10,088	30,138
Net pension liability	16,500	6,269	22,769
Net OPEB obligation	494,016	98,803	592,819
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure	4 540 000		4.540.000
care costs	1,519,996		1,519,996
Total non-current liabilities	3,810,066	115,160	3,925,226
Total liabilities	4,246,215	144,091	4,390,306
Deferred inflows of resources	8,763	3,330	12,093
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	2,494,783	1,219,023	3,713,806
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,377,519)	256,867	(1,120,652)
omounity	(1,011,019)	200,007	(1,120,032)
Total net position	\$ 1,117,264	\$ 1,475,890	\$ 2,593,154

See accompanying notes.

	Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 3,234,731	\$ 86,855	\$ 3,321,586
Operating expenses: Landfill operations, closure and post-closure care costs Park operations Economic development operations Depreciation	3,282,450 - - 159,163	- 242,529 35,740 35,065	3,282,450 242,529 35,740 194,228
Total operating expenses	3,441,613	313,334	3,754,947
Operating loss	(206,882)	(226,479)	(433,361)
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest and investment revenues Conservation fund grant Donations Scrap tire tax White goods tax Electronics tax Interest expense Net non-operating revenue (expenses)	22,285 - 54,427 10,656 3,951 (51,430) 39,889	2,488 7,600 449 - - - - 10,537	24,773 7,600 449 54,427 10,656 3,951 (51,430) 50,426
Loss before transfers	(166,993)	(215,942)	(382,935)
Transfers from other funds		178,461	178,461
Change in net position	(166,993)	(37,481)	(204,474)
Net position: Beginning balance, July 1	1,284,257	1,513,371	2,797,628
Ending balance, June 30	\$ 1,117,264	\$ 1,475,890	\$ 2,593,154

		Landfill Fund	E	Other nterprise Funds	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services		3,262,914 (2,891,529) (362,126)	\$	87,065 (152,153) (76,412)	\$ 3,349,979 (3,043,682) (438,538)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		9,259		(141,500)	(132,241)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Other taxes Grants and donations Transfers from other funds	- <u>-</u>	68,387 - -	- <u>-</u>	- 8,049 178,461	68,387 8,049 178,461
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		68,387		186,510	 254,897
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt		(16,590) (234,601) (51,430)		- - -	(16,590) (234,601) (51,430)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(302,621)		-	 (302,621)
Cash flows from investing activities: Principal payments on notes receivable Interest earned on investments		- 23,837		16,871 2,488	16,871 26,325
Net cash provided by investing activities		23,837		19,359	 43,196
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(201,138)		64,369	(136,769)
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning balance, July 1		577,089		217,787	794,876
Ending balance, June 30	\$	375,951	\$	282,156	\$ 658,107
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	(206,882)	\$	(226,479)	\$ (433,361)
Depreciation Contributions to the pension plan in current fiscal year Pension expense Changes in assets and liabilities:		159,163 (16,222) 12,067		35,065 (6,163) 1,703	194,228 (22,385) 13,770
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments Unearned revenue Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs Net OPEB obligation		28,183 46,871 (16,211) 230 6,869 (774) (4,035)		210 6,861 - 1,845 1,994 - 43,464	28,393 53,732 (16,211) 2,075 8,863 (774) 39,429
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	9,259	\$	(141,500)	\$ (132,241)

See accompanying notes.

		Agency Funds
Assets:		_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	152,881
Due from others		5,966
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	158,847
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	158,847







Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Jackson County (the "County") and its component units conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina (the "State") under North Carolina General Statute ("State law") 153A-10. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the County's combined financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

<u>Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority</u>

Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a four-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Jackson County Tourism Development Authority

The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority (the "JCTDA") was established by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners, with the authorization of the North Carolina General Legislature, for the purpose of using occupancy taxes collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The JCTDA is composed of 15 voting members and four ex-officio members, all who serve without compensation and are appointed by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners. Members are appointed to complete three year terms. The JCTDA may contract with any person, firm or organization to advise and assist in carrying out its duty to promote travel and tourism within the County. Complete financial statements for the JCTDA may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority Finance Officer, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Jackson County Airport Authority

The Jackson County Airport Authority (the "Airport") is a non-profit organization that exists to operate, promote, and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Airport created its own Board. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints two of the five voting members of the Airport, and appoints members to complete unexpired terms. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Airport and approves amendments to the approved budget. The Airport does not issue separate financial statements.

Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board

The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board") was established to operate two liquor stores and to investigate violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws in the County. The first retail sales were made on May 1, 2014. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints three of the five members of the ABC Board. The ABC Board is required by State law to distribute 60% of its net profits to the General Fund of the County, which represents a financial benefit to the County. The remaining 40% of the ABC Board's net profits

is required by State law to be distributed to the General Fund of the Town of Sylva. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board General Manager, 30 E. Sylva Shopping Center, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

- **General Fund.** This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the Revaluation Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund and the Conservation/Preservation Fund. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54 guidance, these funds are consolidated in the General Fund.
- **School Improvements Fund.** This fund is used for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of State grants, installment grants, and local matching funds. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the School Capital Reserve Fund. In accordance with GASB No. 54 guidance, this fund has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

• Landfill Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating
results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County
maintains five agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the

Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Property Tax Fund, which accounts for property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County; the Extension Agency Fund, which accounts for moneys collected and disbursed for the operation of the Jackson County 4-H Club; the State of North Carolina Fund, which accounts for moneys held for the benefit of certain individuals; and the Inmate Fund, which accounts for moneys held for the use by inmates being held in Jackson County correctional facilities.

• Non-major Funds. The County maintains fourteen legally budgeted non-major funds. The Emergency Telephone Fund, Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund, Fire Service Districts Fund, Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund, Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund, Economic Development Fund, and Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The Recreation Center Fund, Emergency Management Project Fund, County Capital Projects Fund, and Greenways Project Fund are reported as non-major capital projects funds. The Green Energy Park Fund and the Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as non-major proprietary funds.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues and expenses of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property taxes other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicle

taxes in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgetary data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the General, special revenue funds (excluding funds with multi-year budgets), and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the capital project funds and for certain special revenue fund types. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for the General Fund, at the departmental level for the special revenue and enterprise funds, and at the object level for the capital project funds. The County budget officer is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations within a fund; however, any revisions that alter total appropriations of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

Deposits and investments. All deposits of the County and the component units are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the component units may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the component units may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30l] authorizes the County and the component units to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT"), an SEC registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund.

The NCCMT Cash Portfolio is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents. The County pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The component units consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity three months or less, that are not limited to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted assets. Money in the Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150.

Ad valorem taxes receivable: In accordance with State Law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2015.

Allowances for doubtful accounts. All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and prepaid items. The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (firstin, first-out) or market. The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization cost is \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Jackson County Board of Education ("Board of Education") properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings50 yearsImprovements25 yearsFurniture and equipment10 yearsVehicles6 yearsComputer equipment3 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The County has only two items that meet the criterion for this category –contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year and pension related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has five items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, taxes receivable, notes receivable, other revenues received in advance, and other pension related deferrals.

Long-term obligations. In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing source.

Compensated absences. The vacation policy of the County provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general and proprietary funds and are accounted for on a FIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net position. Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either: a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund balances. In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law:

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source to pay for computer and imaging technology in the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted for Education – portion of fund balance restricted for school capital per G.S. 159-18-22.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain emergency telephone system and fire safety expenditures.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for economic development.

Committed fund balance –This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Jackson County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body. Committed fund balance represents ending fund balance in various special revenue and capital project funds, or funds with legally adopted budgets.

Assigned fund balance - The portion of fund balance that Jackson County governing board has budgeted:

Assigned for LEO Separation Allowance – portion of fund balance that will be used for the Law Enforcement Officers ("LEO") Special Separation Allowance obligations.

Assigned for Other Post-Employment Benefits – portion of fund balance that has been assigned for future expenditures related to other post-employment benefits.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy. However, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: installment loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-county funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The County does not have a formal fund balance policy. In addition, all encumbrances lapse at the end of the year. Therefore, the entire amount of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is available for appropriation.

Defined benefit pension plan, The County participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of LGERS and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Detail Notes on All Funds

Assets

Deposits. All of the County's and the component units' deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's or the component units' agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the component units, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the component units or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the component units under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows.

However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The County and the component units have no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2016, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$24,951,478 and a bank balance of \$25,478,331. Of the bank balance, \$588,599 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$24,889,732 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The County had \$2,410 cash on hand at June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of deposits and bank balance for the JCTDA was \$435,357. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remaining \$185,357 in interest bearing deposits were covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The JCTDA also had \$50 in cash on hand at June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of deposits and bank balance for the Airport was \$28,226, all of which was covered by federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the ABC Board's deposits was \$592,577 and the bank balance was \$564,505. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. The ABC Board also had \$3,700 in cash on hand at June 30, 2016.

Investments. At June 30, 2016, the County's investments consisted of \$9,051,143 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Cash Portfolio has no maturity value and is measured at amortized cost. The County has no formal policy on credit risk.

Custodial credit risk

For an investment, the custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has no formal policy on custodial credit risk.

Receivables. Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Acc	ounts	 axes and Related Accrued Interest	Oue From Other overnments	R	Notes eceivable	Total
Governmental activities: General Other governmental Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	317,569 5,007	\$ 2,744,778 - (1,066,000)	\$ 3,587,947 40,400	\$	- 128,684 -	\$ 6,650,294 174,091 (1,066,000)
Total governmental activities	\$	322,576	\$ 1,678,778	\$ 3,628,347	\$	128,684	\$ 5,758,385
Business-type activities: Landfill Green Energy Park Economic Development Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	579,800 1,223 30 (124,647)	\$ - - -	\$ 35,139 - - -	\$	- - 114,378 <u>-</u>	\$ 614,939 1,223 114,408 (124,647)
Total business-type activities	\$	<u>456,406</u>	\$ 	\$ <u>35,139</u>	\$	114,378	\$ 605,923

Notes receivable. The County has made loans to two companies from Community Development Block Grant revenues. The major criterion for receiving such a loan is that the money is spent for economic development projects. The notes receivable are at interest rates that vary from 0 to 2 percent and are repaid monthly and yearly over a period of one to thirteen years. Notes receivable are collateralized by a deed of trust on the companies' property or by a security interest in machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures acquired for use in businesses. Amounts reported in the governmental fund are not considered available due to time restrictions and are therefore considered a deferred inflow of resources.

Capital assets. Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Adjustments	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 16,207,752	\$ 144,345	\$ -	\$ (923,280)	\$ 15,428,817
Construction in progress	2,453,644	1,476,200	(192,622)	<u> </u>	3,737,222
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	<u>18,661,396</u>	<u>1,620,545</u>	(192,622)	(923,280)	<u>19,166,039</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	61,797,420	20,900	-	1,064,360	62,882,680
Equipment	5,445,725	469,048	(224,391)	(141,080)	5,549,302
Vehicles	4,656,689	504,230	(101,812)	<u>-</u> _	5,509,107
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	71,899,834	994,178	(326,203)	923,280	73,491,089
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	16,126,867	1,255,362	-	92,805	17,475,034
Equipment	4,155,556	316,590	(224,391)	(92,805)	4,154,950
Vehicles	3,414,040	456,110	(101,812)	-	3,768,338
Total accumulated			,		
depreciation	23,696,463	2,028,062	(326,203)		25,398,322
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	g <u>48,203,371</u>				48,092,767
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 66,864,767</u>				\$ 67,258,806

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 787,971
Public safety	551,163
Transportation	119,918
Economic and physical development	22,784
Human services	85,375
Culture and recreation	 460,851
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,028,062

Jackson County, North Carolina Notes to Financial Statements

	Beginning Balances	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 182,414	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 182,414
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	2,466,754	-	-	2,466,754
Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance	4,628,597	-	-	4,628,597
equipment	948,865	16,590	-	965,455
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	8,044,216	<u>16,590</u>	<u>-</u>	8,060,806
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,018,292	92,352	_	1,110,644
Plant and distribution systems	358,226	70,955	_	429,181
Furniture and maintenance	,	,		,
equipment	964,563	30,921		995,484
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>2,341,081</u>	194,228		2,535,309
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	5,703,135			5,525,497
depreciated, fiet	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 5,885,549			\$ 5,707,911

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Landfill	\$ 159,163
Green Energy Park	5,485
Economic Development Commission	 29,580
Total depreciation expense	\$ 194,228

Construction Commitments. The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2016. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spent <u>to Date</u>		
Project: Cashiers Code Enforcement	\$ 30,000	\$	165,000

Discretely Presented Component Units. Capital asset activity for the Airport for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 4,818,067	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 4,818,067	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Equipment	191,322 99,326	- 	<u>-</u>	191,322 99,326	
Total capital assets being depreciated	290,648	-		290,648	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Equipment	120,349 70,157	3,826 9,933		124,175 80,090	
Total accumulated depreciation	190,506	13,759		204,265	
Total capital assets being_depreciated, net	100,142			86,383	
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 4,918,209</u>			<u>\$ 4,904,450</u>	

Capital asset activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Building Furniture and equipment	\$ 12,301 147,508 170,234	\$ - 700,000 6,182	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 12,301 847,508 176,416
Total capital assets being depreciated	317,742	706,182		1,023,924
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building Furniture and equipment	7,790 <u>32,256</u>	21,176 28,154	<u>-</u>	28,966 60,410
Total accumulated depreciation	40,046	49,330	<u>-</u>	89,376
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	277,696			934,548
Capital assets, net	\$ 289,997			<u>\$ 946,849</u>

Deferred outflows of resources

The County reported deferred outflows of resources for contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year and other pension related deferrals in the amount of \$1,101,819 at June 30, 2016, of which \$1,078,207 and \$23,612 was related to governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

Liabilities

Payables. Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Salaries and						
	<u>Vendors</u>	Benefits	Total				
Governmental activities:							
General	\$ 1,449,040	\$ 820,977	\$ 2,270,017				
School improvements	12,563	-	12,563				
Other governmental	<u>531,181</u>	-	531,181				
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,992,784</u>	<u>\$ 820,977</u>	\$ 2,813,761				
Business-type activities:							
Landfill	\$ 188,041	\$ -	\$ 188,041				
Other proprietary	14,300	-	14,300				
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 202,341</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 202,341				

Long-term debt. The County's long-term debt for governmental activities at June 30, 2016 was comprised of the following:

5	
A \$9,507,386 note was executed on December 29, 2005, and refinanced on February 16, 2012 and March 29, 2015, for the construction of a library (42 percent of the proceeds) and school addition (58 percent of the proceeds) and is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$316,913. In addition, 2.16 percent interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest are appropriated when due.	\$ 2,852,216
A \$10,295,446 note was executed on July 16, 2009, and refinanced on December 28, 2011 and March 16, 2015, for the renovation of the historic courthouse, construction of the new public library, and projects at Southwestern Community College. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$343,182. In addition, 2.49 percent interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	5,834,086
A \$10,000,000 note was executed on October 25, 2012 for the construction of a gymnasium and performing arts center at Smoky Mountain High School, and renovation of locker rooms at Blue Ridge High School. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$333,333. In addition, 2.79% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	7,666,666
A \$6,933,500 note was executed on November 27, 2012 for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction, renovation and equipping of Fairview Kindergarten (33% of the proceeds) and site work on the Webster Complex and the Cashiers Recreation Complex (67% of the proceeds) and is payable in 21 semi-annual payments of \$330,167. In addition, 2.19% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest	4 202 467
payments are appropriated when due.	4,292,167

A \$3,058,734 note was executed on December 19, 2012, for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction and equipping of a new Aging Facility located at the Webster Complex and is payable in 22 semi-annual payments of \$139,033. In addition, 2.27% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

\$ 2,085,500

\$ 22,730,635

Repayment requirements of the notes payable for governmental activities for the year ending June 30 are:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 2,925,255	\$ 544,577	\$ 3,469,832
2018	2,925,255	474,423	3,399,678
2019	2,925,255	404,268	3,329,523
2020	2,925,255	334,114	3,259,369
2021	2,608,343	263,959	2,872,302
2022-2026	7,421,271	560,245	7,981,516
2027-2031	<u> 1,000,001</u>	27,900	1,027,901
	<u>\$ 22,730,635</u>	\$ 2,609,486	\$ 25,340,121

The County's long-term debt for business-type activities at June 30, 2016 was comprised of the following:

A \$2,815,207 note was executed on November 27, 2012, for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction of the Municipal Solid Waste Facility, payable in 24 semi-annual payments of \$117,300 including interest of 2.37%. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

1,994,105

Repayment requirements of the note payable for business-type activities for the year ending June 30 are:

	<u></u> F	Principal	<u>Interest</u>		Total	
2017	\$	234,601	\$	45,870	\$	280,471
2018		234,601		40,310		274,911
2019		234,601		34,750		269,351
2020		234,601		29,190		263,791
2021		234,601		23,630		258,231
2022-2026		821,100		38,920		860,020
	\$	1,994,105	\$	212,670	\$	2,206,775

Pension plan obligations.

Local governmental employees' retirement system

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by

writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 7.15% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 6.67% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,044,564 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Refunds of Contributions. County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2016, the County reported a liability of \$1,062,475 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the County's proportion was 0.23674%, which was a decrease of 0.09519% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

Jackson County, North Carolina Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$576,286. At June 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	249,742
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County		-		302,483
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,	57,255 044,564		12,052
	<u>\$ 1,</u>	<u>101,819</u>	\$	564,277

\$1,044,564 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as of June 30 were as follows:

2017	\$ (341,488)
2018	(341,488)
2019	(341,066)
2020	517,020

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 4.25 to 8.55 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	2.2%
Global Equity	42.0	5.8
Real Estate	8.0	5.2
Alternatives	8.0	9.8
Credit	7.0	6.8
Inflation Protection	6.0	3.4
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2014 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return re calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount <u>Rate (7.25%)</u>	1% Increase (8.25%)
County's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,408,786	\$ 1,062,475	\$ (4,284,152)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

<u>Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance</u>

Plan Description. Jackson County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	52
•	
Total	56

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Basis of Accounting. Financial statements for the Separation Allowance are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the County has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value.

Contributions. The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations beginning in the 2005 fiscal year. For the current year, the County contributed \$85,874, or 3.9 percent of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation using the projected unit, credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) 3.57 percent investment rate of return, and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.50 percent to 7.35 percent per year. Both items (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.00 percent. The assumptions did not include post-retirement benefit increases. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using the level dollar closed method. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2015 was 15 years.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The annual pension cost and change in net pension obligation as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Employer annual required contribution	\$ 121,549
Interest on net pension obligation	26,424
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (46,441)
Annual pension cost	101,532
Employer contributions made for year ending June 30, 2015	 (85,874)
Increase in net pension obligation	15,658
Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year	 528,480
Net pension obligation end of fiscal year	\$ <u>544,138</u>

	<u> </u>	3-Year Trend Information			
For the Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	
2014	\$	89,914	57.89%	\$	469,373
2015		91,053	35.09%		528,480
2016		101,532	84.58%		544,138

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,457,331, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") of \$1,457,331. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,185,217, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 66.69 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$278,560, which consisted of \$151,504 from the County and \$127,056 from the law enforcement officers.

<u>Other Post-Employment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits</u>

Plan Description. Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the "HCB Plan"). The County provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in LGERS and are 60 years of age (or age 55 for law enforcement officers) and have at least 15 years of creditable service with the County (or 10 years of creditable service if hired before January 18, 2001) or have at least 30 years of continuous service to the County at any age. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. Also, the County's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates. The Board may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the HCB Plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving	General <u>Employees</u>	Enforcement Officers
benefits	94	4
Active plan members	345	53
Total	439	57

Funding Policy. The County pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a County resolution that can be amended by the Board. The County's members pay the group rate per month for dependent coverage. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

Jackson County, North Carolina Notes to Financial Statements

The current ARC rate is 20.18 percent of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the County contributed \$1,227,404 or 8.2 percent of annual covered payroll. The County obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The County's obligation to contribute to the HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the County's Board.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 2,631,324
Interest on net OPEB obligation	755,590
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (721,823)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,665,091
Contributions made	 (1,227,404)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,437,687
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	 18,889,759
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 20,327,446

The County's net OPEB obligation is comprised of \$19,734,627 and \$592,819 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Annual <u>OPEB Cost</u>					
2016	\$ 2,665,091	46.1%	\$ 20,327,446			
2015	\$ 2,578,004	40.5%	\$ 18,889,759			
2014	\$ 2,880,067	21.9%	\$ 17,356,796			

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$38,501,174, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") of \$38,501,174. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$15,051,916, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 255.8 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probably of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Jackson County, North Carolina Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 7.75 to 5 percent annually and 5.75 to 5 percent annually for pre-Medicare and post-Medicare, respectively. The investment rate included a 3 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2015, was 30 years.

Other Employment Benefits - Death Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("System"), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Closure and Post-closure Care Costs—Landfill Facility. State and federal laws and regulations required the County to place a final cover on its landfill facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The landfill has been closed, but will be monitored for the next 18 years. Post-closure costs are included in operating expenses of the current year. The \$1,519,996 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2016, represents estimated future post-closure costs based on engineering estimates prepared at and shortly after closure. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test, which is one option under State and federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post-closure care requirements.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities. A summary of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balances	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 26,038,182	\$ -	\$ 3,307,547	\$ 22,730,635	\$ 2,925,255
Compensated absences	1,414,448	1,111,290	1,012,017	1,513,721	-
Net pension liability - LGERS	-	1,039,706	-	1,039,706	-
Net pension obligation	528,480	15,658	-	544,138	-
Net OPEB obligation	18,336,369	2,600,613	1,202,355	19,734,627	
Total governmental activities	\$ 46,317,479	\$ 4,767,267	\$ 5,521,919	\$ 45,562,827	\$ 2,925,255
Business-type activities:					
Installment purchases Landfill closure and	\$ 2,228,706	\$ -	\$ 234,601	\$ 1,994,105	\$ 234,601
post closure costs	1,520,770	15,360	16,134	1,519,996	-
Compensated absences	21,275	20,287	11,424	30,138	-
Net pension liability - LGERS	-	22,769	-	22,769	-
Net OPEB obligation	553,390	64,478	25,049	<u>592,819</u>	
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 4,324,141</u>	<u>\$ 122,894</u>	\$ 287,208	<u>\$ 4,159,827</u>	\$ 234,601

At June 30, 2016, Jackson County had a legal debt margin of approximately \$921,000,000.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The balance in deferred inflows of resources on the fund statements and/or on the government-wide statements at year-end is composed of the following elements:

		Modified <u>Accrual</u>		Full Accrual	
Governmental activities					
Prepaid taxes not earned at year-end (General)	\$	51,196	\$	51,196	
Prepaid taxes not earned at year-end (Fire Districts)		272		272	
Taxes receivable, net (General)		1,513,067		-	
Notes receivable (Economic Development)		128,684		-	
Other (General)		187,479		187,479	
Pension deferrals		<u> </u>		552,184	
Total governmental activities	\$	1,880,698	\$	791,131	
Business-type activities					
Pension deferrals	\$	12,093	\$	12,093	

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2016, is computed as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less capital debt: Gross debt School debt related to assets to which the County does not held title	\$	67,258,806 22,730,635	\$ 5,707,911 1,994,105
School debt related to assets to which the County does not hold title Net capital debt	_	(10,737,367) 11,993,268	1,994,105
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$</u>	55,265,538	\$ 3,713,806
Interfund Balances and Activity			

Transfer to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2016, consist of the following:

Transfers from the General Fund to:	
School Improvements Fund	\$ 994,526
Non-major governmental funds	3,073,581
Non-major proprietary funds	178,461

Due From Component Unit

At June 30, 2016, the amount due to the County from the ABC Board was \$118,094.

3. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in one self-funded risk-financing pool administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through this pool, the County obtains worker's compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The pool is audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. The pool is reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrences losses of \$350,000 for worker's compensation.

The County carries commercial coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$47.246 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, and professional liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and health insurance for County employees. The County carries commercial coverage for single occurrences losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage, and crime coverage.

The County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Chairman of the Board, County Manager, Director of Finance and the Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000. The Register of Deeds and Sheriff are bonded for \$50,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$250,000 for public employee dishonesty and \$75,000 for theft.

The County carries flood insurance through a commercial carrier for damages up to \$1,000,000 for areas excluding those located in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The County has no property located in an "A" area, and therefore has not purchased additional coverage through the National Flood Insurance Plan.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The JCTDA and the Airport are exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Airport Authority and the JCTDA carry commercial insurance for these risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4. Joint Ventures

Fontana Regional Library. The County participates in a joint venture to operate the Fontana Regional Library ("Library") with five other local governments. Each participating county may appoint three board members to the nine-member board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2016. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County contributed \$1,164,585 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library may be obtained from the Library's offices at Post Office Box 460, Bryson City, North Carolina, 28713.

Southwestern Community College. The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Jackson County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Southwestern Community College ("Community College"). The County appoints five members and the State and the Board of Education each appoint four members of the thirteen-member board of trustees of the Community College. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. The County contributed \$1,897,481 and \$1,448,768 to the community college for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2016. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at 275 Webster Road, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority. The County, in conjunction with the Towns of Sylva, Dillsboro and Webster, participates in the Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority (the "TWSA"). The chairman of the TWSA appoints one member from each participating government and three members at large. The TWSA is a joint venture established in 1992 to provide safe, clean drinking water and to provide safe and sanitary disposal of sewage to and for the citizens of Jackson County. The TWSA has been in existence since 1992; however, the County remains financially responsible under the provisions of Chapter 1 62A, Article 1 of the North Carolina General Statutes to provide water and sewer services in the event of default by the TWSA. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2016. Complete financial statements for the TWSA can be obtained from the TWSA's administrative offices at 1246 West Main Street, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

Mental Health. The County, in conjunction with fourteen other county governments, participates in a joint venture to operate the Smoky Mountain Center for Mental Health ("Smoky Mountain LME"), a local management entity. The fifteen counties participating in the Smoky Mountain Center LME are represented by a county commissioner. Within available resources, the County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the LME because it is legally obligated to provide mental health services either directly or jointly with other counties. None of the participating counties has

any equity interest in the LME, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2016. The County contributed \$123,081 to the Smoky Mountain LME to fund operations during fiscal year June 30, 2016. Complete financial statements for the Smoky Mountain LME may be obtained from the Smoky Mountain LME's offices at 44 Bonnie Lane, Sylva, NC 28779.

5. Jointly Governed Organizations

Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission. The County, in conjunction with seven other counties and fifteen municipalities, established the Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission ("Commission"). The participating governments established the Commission to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Commission's twenty-two member governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$28,088 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

6. Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations, which cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients that do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

	Federal CFDA				
Benefit Payments Issued	Number	<u>Federal</u>		Sta	<u>ite</u>
Independent Living Transitional	93.674	\$ 5	500	\$	_
TANF	93.558	116,8	367		-
Refugee Assist	93.566	2,5	534		-
IV-E Adoption	93.659	88,9	998	2	26,107
IV-E Foster Care	93.658	131,1	197	ţ	53,951
Health Choice	93.767	958,6	341	ţ	51,934
Medicaid	93.778	27,191,8	326	14,66	63,680
WIC	10.557	939,6	331	•	-
SC/SA Domiciliary Care	N/A	•	-	18	37,234
State Foster Home	N/A		-	•	15,955
FS County Incentive	N/A		-		127
SFHF Maximization	N/A		-		830
CWS Adoption Subsidy	N/A			13	<u>39,043</u>
		\$ 29,430,	194	\$ 15,13	38,861

7. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs. The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Contingent Liabilities. At June 30, 2016, the County was defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the County's financial position.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Post-Employment Benefits
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Other Post-Employment Benefits
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Other Post-Employment Benefits
- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of the County's Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System



Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) – Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded ALL (UAAL) (b – a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll for Year Ending on Val Date (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b – a)/c]
12/31/10	49,491	743,593	694,102	6.66%	2,020,580	34.35%
12/31/11	42,290	795,399	753,109	5.32%	1,965,281	38.32%
12/31/12	44,246	799,339	755,093	5.54%	1,971,316	38.30%
12/31/13	54,424	818,954	764,530	6.65%	2,009,397	38.05%
12/31/14	31,342	941,744	910,402	3.33%	1,949,705	46.69%
12/31/15	-	1,457,331	1,457,331	0.00%	2,185,217	66.69%

Year Ending June 30,	F	Annual Required <u>ntributions</u>	Percentage Contributed
2014	\$	89,914	57.89%
2015	\$	91,053	35.09%
2016	\$	101,532	84.58%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date 12/31/15 Actuarial cost method **Entry Age Nomral** Amortization method Level dollar closed Remaining amortization period 15 years Asset valuation method Market value Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return* 3.57% Projected salary increases* 3.50-7.35% Cost-of-living adjustments N/A

^{*}Includes inflation at 3.00%

Actuarial Valuation Date	\	actuarial /alue of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) – Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded ALL (UAAL) (b – a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll for Year Ending on Val Date (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b – a)/c]
12/31/08	\$	-	\$36,510,589	\$36,510,589	0.0%	\$13,597,013	268.5%
12/31/09	\$	200,667	\$31,851,359	\$31,650,692	0.6%	\$14,699,473	215.3%
12/31/11	\$	201,291	\$31,735,642	\$31,534,351	0.6%	\$14,400,446	219.0%
12/31/13	\$	201,699	\$30,032,074	\$29,830,375	0.7%	\$14,331,225	208.1%
12/31/15	\$	-	\$38,501,174	\$38,501,174	0.0%	\$15,051,916	255.8%

Year Ending June 30,	Annua Require <u>Contributi</u>	ed Percentage
2014 2015 2016	\$ 2,880 \$ 2,578 \$ 2,665	3,004 40.5%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date Actuarial cost method	12/31/15 Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Amortization factor	26.1695
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return*	4.00%
Medical cost trend:	
Pre-Medicare trend rate	7.75 - 5.00%
Post-Medicare trend rate	5.75 - 5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rate	2022

^{*}Includes inflation at 3.00%

Jackson County, North Carolina
Required Supplementary Information — Schedule of the County's
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
Last Three Fiscal Years*

	 2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.23674%	0.33193%	0.33680%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,062,475	\$ (1,403,478)	\$ 2,984,531
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,661,544	\$ 14,595,534	\$ 14,386,674
County's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	7.25%	-9.62%	20.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

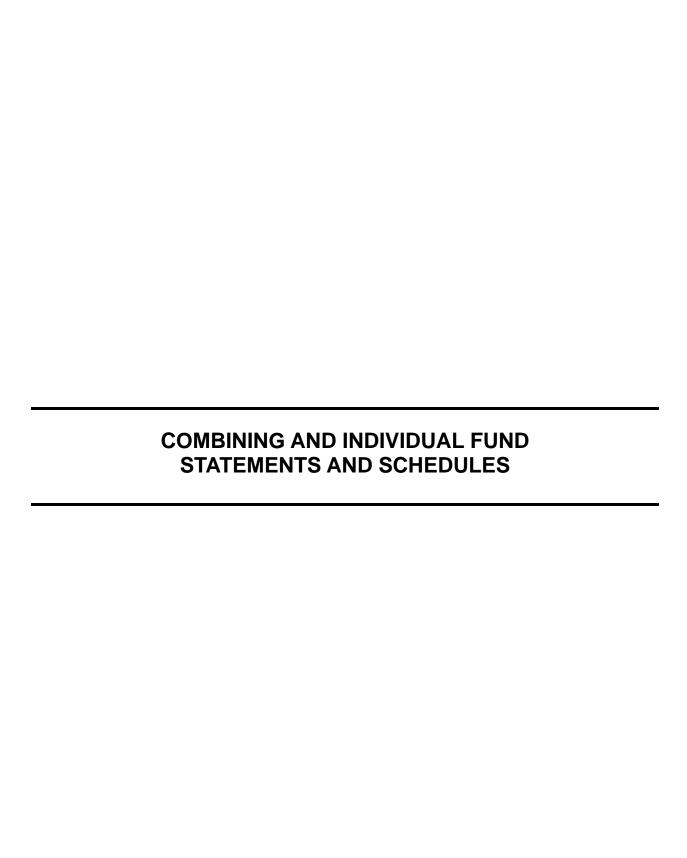
^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30. This schedule will build to a 10 year schedule as information becomes available.

Jackson County, North Carolina Required Supplementary Information—Schedule of the County's Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Last Three Fiscal Years *

Schedule "A-6"

	 2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 1,044,564	\$ 1,040,014	\$ 1,035,268
required contribution	 1,044,564	1,040,014	1,035,268
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,339,109	\$ 14,661,544	\$ 14,595,534
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	6.81%	7.09%	7.09%

^{*} This schedule will build to a 10 year schedule as information becomes available.





MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND: The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

- Revaluation Fund This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the
 octennial revaluation of real property.*
- Capital Reserve Fund This fund is used to account for any capital outlay expenditures
 approved by the County's Board of Commissioners. The projects in this fund will be financed
 primarily with operating transfers from other funds.*
- Conservation/Preservation Fund This fund accounts for federal grants received and expended for environmental protection.*

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

- **School Improvements Fund** This fund is used to account for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of State grants, installment debt, and local matching funds.
- **School Capital Reserve Fund** This fund was established to account for revenues restricted for the construction and renovation of County schools.**

^{*}These funds have legally adopted budgets under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, they are consolidated into the General Fund.

^{**}This fund has a legally adopted budget under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.



	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes: Current year and prior Penalties and interest	\$ 33,222,020 455,500	\$ 33,224,298 466,522	\$ 2,278 11,022
Total ad valorem taxes	33,677,520	33,690,820	13,300
Other taxes: Local option sales tax Beer and wine tax distribution Tax refund-sales and gasoline	10,978,020 165,000 75,000	11,299,841 164,552 21,392	321,821 (448) (53,608)
Total other taxes	 11,218,020	 11,485,785	267,765
Unrestricted intergovernmental: Payments in lieu of taxes ABC profit distribution ABC 1 and 5 cent bottle charge	 214,396 384,000 28,000	214,396 375,954 32,037	(8,046) 4,037
Total unrestricted governmental	 626,396	622,387	 (4,009)
Restricted intergovernmental: School resource officers - Board of Education and Community College	 366,728	 345,433	(21,295)
Federal and State grants: Home and Community Care Block grant Municipal reimbursement Nantahala Forest timber receipts DARE grant	198,178 5,500 128,000 6,000	228,389 6,713 95,703 6,000	30,211 1,213 (32,297)
Civil defense Soil conservation-matching AWAKE-child advocacy Tennessee Valley Authority Older American Act Title III	42,924 33,563 57,409 950 28,311	42,924 26,629 87,524 952 32,986	(6,934) 30,115 2 4,675
Health department Senior care Smart Start Governor's Crime Commission Juvenile Crime Prevention Commission	1,628,470 17,700 129,010 60,000 107,618	1,561,332 17,923 145,166 46,875 107,587	(67,138) 223 16,156 (13,125) (31)
Safe Roads Act Veteran's service Erosion control Extenison grant project	4,100 1,907 250 2,000	4,055 1,907 625 2,262	(45) - 375 262
SCAAP–State Criminal Alien grant Social services Title XIX-Medicaid Department of Transportation:	15,000 6,030,229 178,685	2,202 2,111 5,714,757 170,089	(12,889) (315,472) (8,596)
Governor's Highway Safety program Section 18-administration Section 18-capital	20,000 203,489 6,279	16,822 196,595 1,660	(3,178) (6,894) (4,619)

Schedule "B-1"

Jackson County, North County Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— Budget and Actual—General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues, continued:			
Restricted intergovernmental, continued:			
Federal and State grants, continued:			
Department of Justice grant	\$ 21,152	\$ 10,219	\$ (10,933)
Contracts-EDTAP	239,441	220,406	(19,035)
Emergency food and shelter	16,871	16,778	(93)
Cherokee Preservation grant	17,263	16,043	(1,220)
Other State grants	259,827	260,304	477
Total	9,460,126	9,041,336	(440,085)
Court facilities fees	57,840	51,698	(6,142)
Total restricted intergovernmental	9,884,694	9,438,467	(446,227)
Other restricted revenues:			
Transportation contracts	117,400	92,608	(24,792)
Permits and fees:			
Cashiers permit fees	3,500	3,440	(60)
Cullowhee permit fees	1,000	1,050	50
Board of Elections fees	1,000	(276)	(1,276)
Erosion control fees	53,950	53,898	(52)
Building permits and inspection fees	388,315	390,912	2,597
Environmental health fees	113,500	101,998	(11,502)
Sheriff's fees	56,647	37,641	(19,006)
Officers fees-court	35,100	29,863	(5,237)
Animal adoption fees	16,500	11,968	(4,532)
Road sign fees	95,950	95,945	(5)
Health and Social Services fees	396,360	323,320	(73,040)
Register of Deeds	362,000	340,714	(21,286)
Real property transfer tax	345,000	351,435	6,435
Marriage licenses	8,500	7,900	(600)
Excise tax Senior citizens fees	6,000	7,028	1,028
ABC fees	53,452 3,400	53,530 4,360	78 960
Total permits and fees	1,940,174	1,814,726	(125,448)
Sales and services:			
Jail fees	24,000	18,923	(5,077)
Civil process fees	40,000	48,277	8,277
Ambulance fees	229,500	232,334	2,834
Ancillary services	40,000	43,010	3,010
Travel and tourism administrative fees	52,750	38,250	(14,500)
Video programming distribution	72,500	65,064	(7,436)
Telephone charges	6,000	6,141	141
Vending machines	2,000	1,017	(983)

	 Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues, continued: Sales and services, continued:			
Recreation department Rents Unclaimed property Trolley fares	\$ 612,620 55,590 4,819 6,500	\$ 510,458 55,359 2,318 7,235	\$ (102,162) (231) (2,501) 735
Total sales and services	1,146,279	1,028,386	(117,893)
Investment earnings	 25,000	27,984	2,984
Miscellaneous	 416,736	 192,437	 (224,299)
Total revenues	 59,052,219	58,393,600	 (658,619)
Expenditures: General government: Governing body:			
Salaries and employee benefits Operating	136,928 176,771	128,706 181,003	8,222 (4,232)
Total	313,699	309,709	3,990
Administration: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	270,449 20,200	260,739 9,253	9,710 10,947
Total	 290,649	269,992	20,657
Elections: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	 195,158 230,790 6,803	199,321 214,679 6,803	(4,163) 16,111
Total	432,751	420,803	11,948
Finance: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	 549,527 28,375 3,740	 528,915 23,975 800	 20,612 4,400 2,940
Total	 581,642	553,690	27,952
Human resources: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	 130,399 14,400 1,559	120,398 13,924 1,559	10,001 476 -
Total	 146,358	 135,881	10,477

Operating Capital outlay 279,139 27,446 27,475 27,475 80, 27,446 27,475 Total 671,732 539,084 132, Tax collections: Salaries and employee benefits 229,605 229,360 36,543 4, 229,605 36,543 4, 229,605 36,543 4, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24,		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Salaries and employee benefits \$ 365,147 \$ 312,846 \$ 52, Operating Capital outlay 279,139 198,763 80, occasional and solar and sola	General government, continued:			
Tax collections: Salaries and employee benefits	Salaries and employee benefits Operating	279,139	198,763	\$ 52,301 80,376 (29)
Salaries and employee benefits 229,605 229,360 Operating 41,530 36,543 4, Capital outlay 1,777 2,482 (Total 272,912 268,385 4, Tax assessments: 359,432 589,839 5, Salaries and employee benefits 595,432 589,839 5, Operating 95,749 70,364 25, Capital outlay 16,541 14,919 1, Total 707,722 675,122 32, GIS mapping: 31,685 12,275 32, GIS mapping: 31,685 12,418 1, Total 18,659 163,563 3, Capital outlay 13,685 12,418 1, Total 168,659 163,563 5, Legal services 550,000 524,229 25, Register of Deeds: 305,771 305,311 0 Salaries and employee benefits 305,771 305,311 0 <t< td=""><td>Total</td><td>671,732</td><td>539,084</td><td>132,648</td></t<>	Total	671,732	539,084	132,648
Tax assessments: Salaries and employee benefits 595,432 589,839 5, Operating 95,749 70,364 25, To,364 26, To,364 26, To,364 32, To,364 32, To,364 32, To,364 33, To,364 34, To,364 <td< td=""><td>Salaries and employee benefits Operating</td><td>41,530</td><td>36,543</td><td>245 4,987 (705)</td></td<>	Salaries and employee benefits Operating	41,530	36,543	245 4,987 (705)
Salaries and employee benefits 595,432 589,839 5, Operating 95,749 70,364 25, Capital outlay 16,541 14,919 1, Total 707,722 675,122 32, Salaries and employee benefits 128,077 127,527 Operating 26,897 23,618 3, Salaries and employee benefits 1, 3685 12,418 1, Total 1, Salaries 1, Salaries and employee benefits 550,000 524,229 25, Salaries and employee benefits 305,771 305,311 30	Total	272,912	268,385	4,527
GIS mapping: 128,077 127,527 Operating 26,897 23,618 3, Capital outlay 13,685 12,418 1, Total 168,659 163,563 5, Legal services 550,000 524,229 25, Register of Deeds: Salaries and employee benefits 305,771 305,311 305,	Salaries and employee benefits Operating	95,749	70,364	5,593 25,385 1,622
Salaries and employee benefits 128,077 127,527 Operating 26,897 23,618 3, Capital outlay 13,685 12,418 1, Total 168,659 163,563 5, Legal services 550,000 524,229 25, Register of Deeds: Salaries and employee benefits 305,771 305,311 305,311 305,311 Operating 145,576 129,472 16, 16, 60, 60, 16	Total	707,722	675,122	32,600
Legal services 550,000 524,229 25, Register of Deeds: 305,771 305,311 Salaries and employee benefits 305,771 305,311 Operating 145,576 129,472 16, Capital outlay 800 800 Total 452,147 435,583 16, Public Works: Salaries and employee benefits 50,474 50,017 Operating 900 360 Total 51,374 50,377 Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits 2,224,835 2,159,442 65, Operating 1,904,859 1,668,569 236,	Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	26,897 13,685	23,618 12,418	550 3,279 1,267 5,096
Register of Deeds: Salaries and employee benefits 305,771 305,311 Operating 145,576 129,472 16, Capital outlay 800 800 Total 452,147 435,583 16, Public Works: Salaries and employee benefits 50,474 50,017 Operating 900 360 Total 51,374 50,377 Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits 2,224,835 2,159,442 65, Operating 1,904,859 1,668,569 236,				·
Salaries and employee benefits 305,771 305,311 Operating 145,576 129,472 16, Capital outlay 800 800 Total 452,147 435,583 16, Public Works: Salaries and employee benefits 50,474 50,017 Operating 900 360 Total 51,374 50,377 Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits 2,224,835 2,159,442 65, Operating 1,904,859 1,668,569 236,	-		524,229	25,771
Public Works: 50,474 50,017 Salaries and employee benefits 900 360 Total 51,374 50,377 Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits 2,224,835 2,159,442 65, Operating Operating 1,904,859 1,668,569 236,	Salaries and employee benefits Operating	145,576	129,472	460 16,104
Salaries and employee benefits 50,474 50,017 Operating 900 360 Total 51,374 50,377 Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits 2,224,835 2,159,442 65, Operating Operating 1,904,859 1,668,569 236,	Total	452,147	435,583	16,564
Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits 2,224,835 2,159,442 65, Operating 1,904,859 1,668,569 236,	Salaries and employee benefits			457 540
Salaries and employee benefits 2,224,835 2,159,442 65, Operating 1,904,859 1,668,569 236,	Total	51,374	50,377	997
<u> </u>	Salaries and employee benefits			65,393 236,290 (5,071)
Total 4,353,253 4,056,641 296,	Total	4,353,253	4,056,641	296,612

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures, continued:				
General government, continued:				
Court facilities:				
Operating Capital outlay	\$ 55,340 12,382	\$ 47,638 18,256	\$ 7,702 (5,874)	
Total	67,722	65,894	1,828	
Professional services	40,000	45,700	(5,700)	
Central services:				
Operating	188,174	167,657	20,517	
Capital outlay	21,990	21,557	433	
Total	210,164	189,214	20,950	
Total general government	9,310,784	8,703,867	606,917	
Public safety: Sheriff:				
Salaries and employee benefits	3,388,784	3,318,790	69,994	
Operating	584,394	581,373	3,021	
Capital outlay	421,650	400,869	20,781	
Total	4,394,828	4,301,032	93,796	
Jail:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,186,671	1,116,568	70,103	
Operating	775,711	832,782	(57,071)	
Capital outlay	266,222	68,354	197,868	
Total	2,228,604	2,017,704	210,900	
Code enforcement:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,128,001	1,092,562	35,439	
Operating	120,560	102,416	18,144	
Capital outlay	26,380	26,379	1	
Total	1,274,941	1,221,357	53,584	
Emergency management:				
Salaries and employee benefits	810,359	774,762	35,597	
Operating	181,520	152,292	29,228	
Capital outlay	35,513	37,235	(1,722)	
Total	1,027,392	964,289	63,103	
Fire:				
Salaries and employee benefits	316,313	305,107	11,206	
Operating Capital outlay	837,266	834,503	2,763	
Total	348,180 1,501,759	139,063 1,278,673	209,117 223,086	
Total	1,501,759	1,210,013	223,000	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued: Public safety, continued:			
Ambulance:			
Operating	\$ 1,369,323	3 \$ 1,348,532	\$ 20,791
Capital outlay	183,222		1
Total	1,552,545	5 1,531,753	20,792
Total public safety	11,980,069	11,314,808	665,261
Transportation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	515,893	513,419	2,474
Operating	431,776		278,240
Capital outlay	8,777		5,186
Total	956,446	670,546	285,900
Airport	31,000	31,000	
Total transportation	987,446	701,546	285,900
Environmental protection:			
Forestry	79,650	69,782	9,868
Economic and physical development:			
Planning and zoning:			
Salaries and employee benefits	267,484		120,117
Operating	101,700		26,842
Capital outlay	10,716	10,684	32
Total	379,900	232,909	146,991
Community development	158,145	5 146,202	11,943
Agricultural extension:			
Salaries and employee benefits	125,144	125,192	(48)
Operating	48,588		4,439
Total	173,732	2 169,341	4,391
Conservation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	126,863	125,896	967
Operating	45,364		24,971
Total	172,227	146,289	25,938
Total economic and physical development	884,004	694,741	189,263

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued: Human services: Health:			
General health: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	\$ 2,444,225 470,688 7,277	\$ 2,383,697 289,118 21,210	\$ 60,528 181,570 (13,933)
Total	2,922,190	2,694,025	228,165
County health clinic: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	129,583 42,890	129,828 27,395	(245) 15,495
Total	172,473	157,223	15,250
Health assurance: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	29,005 53,127 7,454	29,401 30,148 5,171	(396) 22,979 2,283
Total	89,586	64,720	24,866
Maternal and child health: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	92,211 78,808	91,205 38,540 607	1,006 40,268 (607)
Total	171,019	130,352	40,667
WIC-administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	143,496 12,728	142,672 1,997	824
Total	156,224	144,669	11,555
Family planning: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	79,484 103,390	76,120 31,403	3,364 71,987
Total	182,874	107,523	75,351
Maternal outreach: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	68,977 3,000	69,263 4,490	(286) (1,490)
Total	71,977	73,753	(1,776)
Mothers Too: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	65,268 54,733	65,372 51,739	(104) 2,994
Total	120,001	117,111	2,890

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued: Human services, continued: Health, continued:			
Communicable diseases: Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 10,757	\$ 10,612	\$ 145
NC healthy start: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	66,945 103,160	65,663 87,617	1,282 15,543
Total	170,105	153,280	16,825
Immunization action program: Salaries and employee benefits	7,741	8,002	(261)
Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	17,060 1,373	16,894 	166 870
Total	18,433	17,397	1,036
Child services coordinator: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	57,850 11,696	57,567 437	283 11,259
Total	69,546	58,004	11,542
Smart start: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	118,334 10,677	118,714 3,436	(380) 7,241
Total	129,011	122,150	6,861
Diabetes care clinic: Operating	49,056	28,011	21,045
Community garden: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	13,591 2,000	- 103	13,591 1,897
Total	15,591	103	15,488
Other health services: Operating	131,400	121,389	10,011
Total health	4,487,984	4,008,324	479,764
Environmental health: Animal shelter:			
Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	211,524 61,778 9,855	207,082 56,274 9,683	4,442 5,504 172
Total	283,157	273,039	10,118

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued: Human services, continued: Environmental health, continued: Environmental health:			
Operating Capital outlay	\$ 15,000 25,818	\$ 9,173 22,401	\$ 5,827 3,417
Total	40,818	31,574	9,244
Bioterrorism: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	24,954 8,560	24,853 1,414	101
Total	33,514	26,267	7,247
Total environmental health	357,489	330,880	26,609
Mental health: Smoky Mountain Center LME	123,081	123,081	
Social services: Administration: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	3,611,575 312,485 136,712	3,598,968 220,402 67,290	12,607 92,083 69,422
Total	4,060,772	3,886,660	174,112
Other services: Adult guardianship Special assistance Medical care Foster care Aid to the blind Food stamp administration Crisis intervention Adult day care Emergency assistance IV-D Child care services Other	12,700 189,000 249,000 211,161 3,251 8,500 173,941 10,355 23,452 25,200 1,963,258 584,182	2,081 194,074 190,027 145,060 3,251 8,034 170,922 5,457 22,209 23,032 1,701,179 327,076	10,619 (5,074) 58,973 66,101 - 466 3,019 4,898 1,243 2,168 262,079 257,106 661,598
Indian reservation: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	508,086 363,272 1,139	500,953 226,502 343	7,133 136,770 796
Total	872,497	727,798	144,699
Emergency food and shelter	10,871	10,499	372

Operating Capital outlay 209,917 42,529 42,071 45 42,529 42,071 45 Total 671,833 641,163 30,67 Total social services 9,069,973 8,058,522 1,011,45 Eldercare coalition: 8,058,522 1,011,45 Salaries and employee benefits 244,374 243,687 68 Operating 270,992 241,435 29,55 29,55 Total 515,366 485,122 30,24 Veteran's service officer: 36,219 17,498 72 Salaries and employee benefits 91,685 91,341 34 Operating 18,219 17,498 72 72 Total 109,904 108,839 1,66 1,647,498 72 Other human services 367,732 369,148 (1,41) 1,64 Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: 8 Recreation: 8 Salaries and employee benefits 451,374 402,834 48,54 48,54 Capital outlay 130,473 96,969 33,50 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 21,28 Swimming pool: 8alaries and employee benefits 29,693 28,429 1,26 29,042 (3,34) <t< th=""><th></th><th>Budget</th><th>Actual</th><th>Variance Positive (Negative)</th></t<>		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Salaries and employee benefits \$ 419,387 \$ 411,893 \$ 7.49 Operating 209,917 187,199 22,71 Capital outlay 42,529 42,071 45 Total 671,833 641,163 30,67 Total social services 9,069,973 8,058,522 1,011,45 Eldercare coalition: 3 244,374 243,687 68 Salaries and employee benefits 270,992 241,435 29,55 Total 515,366 485,122 30,24 Veteran's service officer: 361,536 91,341 34 Operating 18,219 17,498 72 Total 109,904 108,839 1,06 Other human services 367,732 369,148 (1,41 Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: 8 8 1,547,61 Recreation: 8 768,959 709,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 <	Human services, continued: Social services, continued:			
Total social services 9,069,973 8,058,522 1,011,45	Salaries and employee benefits Operating	209,917	187,199	\$ 7,494 22,718 458
Eldercare coalition: 244,374 243,687 68 Operating 270,992 241,435 29,55 Total 515,366 485,122 30,24 Veteran's service officer: Salaries and employee benefits 91,685 91,341 34 Operating 18,219 17,498 72 Total 109,904 108,839 1,06 Other human services 367,732 369,148 (1,41 Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 768,959 709,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 Capital outlay 130,473 96,969 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: Salaries and employee benefits 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating	Total	671,833	641,163	30,670
Salaries and employee benefits 244,374 243,687 68 Operating 270,992 241,435 29,55 Total 515,366 485,122 30,24 Veteran's service officer: 31,685 91,341 34 Operating 18,219 17,498 72 Total 109,904 108,839 1,06 Other human services 367,732 369,148 (1,41) Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: Recreation: 8 367,732 369,148 41,41 Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: 8 20,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 Operating 130,473 96,969 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28	Total social services	9,069,973	8,058,522	1,011,451
Veteran's service officer: Salaries and employee benefits 91,685 91,341 34 Operating 18,219 17,498 72 Total 109,904 108,839 1,06 Other human services 367,732 369,148 (1,41) Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 768,959 709,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 Capital outlay 130,473 96,969 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: Salaries and employee benefits 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34 Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07 Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 <	Salaries and employee benefits			687
Salaries and employee benefits 91,685 91,341 34 Operating 18,219 17,498 72 Total 109,904 108,839 1,06 Other human services 367,732 369,148 (1,41) Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: Recreation: 8 8 709,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 Capital outlay 130,473 96,969 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34 Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07 Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 <td< td=""><td>Total</td><td>515,366</td><td>485,122</td><td>30,244</td></td<>	Total	515,366	485,122	30,244
Total 109,904 108,839 1,06 Other human services 367,732 369,148 (1,41) Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 768,959 709,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 Capital outlay 130,473 96,969 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34) Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07) Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	Salaries and employee benefits		,	344 721
Total human services 15,031,529 13,483,916 1,547,61 Culture and recreation: Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 768,959 709,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 Capital outlay 130,473 96,969 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: Salaries and employee benefits 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34 Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07 Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	. •			1,065
Culture and recreation: Recreation: 30 perating 30 perating 451,374 perating 402,834 perating 48,54 perating Capital outlay 130,473 perating 96,969 perating 33,50 perating Total 1,350,806 perating 1,209,278 perating 141,52 perating Arts council 10,000 perating 10,000 perating 10,000 perating 10,000 perating Salaries and employee benefits 29,693 perating 28,429 perating 1,26 perating 1,	Other human services	367,732	369,148	(1,416)
Recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 768,959 709,475 59,48 Operating 451,374 402,834 48,54 Capital outlay 130,473 96,969 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34 Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07 Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	Total human services	15,031,529	13,483,916	1,547,613
Operating Capital outlay 451,374 130,473 402,834 96,969 48,54 33,50 Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34 Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07) Cashiers recreation: 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10				
Total 1,350,806 1,209,278 141,52 Arts council 10,000 10,000 10,000 Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34 Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07) Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	Operating	451,374	402,834	59,484 48,540 33,504
Library 1,185,868 1,164,585 21,28 Swimming pool: Salaries and employee benefits 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34) Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07) Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10)	Total	1,350,806	1,209,278	141,528
Swimming pool: 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34) Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07) Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	Arts council	10,000	10,000	
Salaries and employee benefits 29,693 28,429 1,26 Operating 25,700 29,042 (3,34) Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07) Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	Library	1,185,868	1,164,585	21,283
Total 55,393 57,471 (2,07) Cashiers recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	Salaries and employee benefits			1,264 (3,342)
Salaries and employee benefits 290,285 276,067 14,21 Operating 237,950 173,272 64,67 Capital outlay 25,321 25,424 (10	Total			(2,078)
	Salaries and employee benefits Operating	237,950	173,272	14,218 64,678 (103)
70.00 777,700 70,75	Total	553,556	474,763	78,793

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued: Culture and recreation, continued: Cashiers swimming pool:			
Salaries and employee benefits Operating	\$ 22,632 34,961	\$ 17,894 17,631	\$ 4,738 17,330
Total	 57,593	 35,525	 22,068
Total culture and recreation	 3,213,216	2,951,622	 261,594
Education: Public schools-current Public schools-timber receipts Public schools-capital outlay Public schools-SROs Community colleges-current Community colleges-capital outlay	 6,686,968 95,703 955,700 46,725 1,897,481 1,663,199	6,686,967 95,703 955,700 47,347 1,897,481 1,448,768	1 - - (622) - 214,431
Total education	 11,345,776	 11,131,966	 213,810
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges Total debt service	 3,307,551 629,372 3,936,923	 3,307,547 629,135 3,936,682	237 241
Total expenditures	 56,769,397	52,988,930	 3,780,467
Revenues over expenditures	2,282,822	5,404,670	 3,121,848
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from (to) other funds: Capital Reserve Fund Economic Development Commission Fund School Capital Reserve Fund Revaluation Fund Clean Water Fund Green Energy Park Fund Conservation/Preservation Fund Proceeds from sale of capital assets Appropriated fund balance Contingency Other financing sources (uses), net	 (1,040,379) (100,000) (934,371) (333,333) (4,268) (178,461) (500,000) 102,212 884,238 (178,460) (2,282,822)	 (1,040,379) (100,000) (994,526) (333,333) (4,268) (178,461) (500,000) 92,726	 (60,155) - - - - (9,486) (884,238) 178,460 (775,419)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	2,346,429	\$ 2,346,429
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1 Ending balance, June 30		\$ 26,051,986 28,398,415	

	Budget		Actual		ariance ositive egative)
Expenditures: General government: Tax listing	_\$	365,685	\$ 364,463	\$	1,222
Other financing sources: Transfers from General Fund Fund balance appropriation		333,333 32,352	 333,333		(32,352)
Total other financing sources		365,685	 333,333		(32,352)
Net change in fund balance	\$		(31,130)	\$	(31,130)
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1			 85,801		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 54,671		

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	4 500	Φ 000	Φ 07
Investment earnings	\$ 593	\$ 660	\$ 67
Expenditures:			
Designated for future appropriations	643,786		643,786
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(643,193)	660	643,853
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from General Fund	1,040,379	1,040,379	-
Transfers to County Capital Projects Fund	(2,287,000)	(2,287,000)	<u>-</u>
Appropriated fund balance	1,889,814		(1,889,814)
Other financing sources (uses), net	643,193	(1,246,621)	(1,889,814)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(1,245,961)	\$ (1,245,961)
Fund balance:			
Beginning balance, July 1		1,724,678	
Ending balance, June 30		\$ 478,717	

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Conservation/Preservation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	B	Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:								
Other restricted revenues	\$	21,792	\$ 21,792	\$				
Expenditures:								
Environmental protection:								
Conservation		42,500	-		42,500			
Capital outlay		57,500	 79,195		(21,695)			
Total expenditures		100,000	 79,195		20,805			
Revenues under expenditures		(78,208)	(57,403)		20,805			
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers from General Fund		500,000	500,000		-			
Transfers to Greenways Project Fund		(682,313)	(682,313)		-			
Appropriated fund balance		260,521	 		(260,521)			
Other financing sources (uses), net		78,208	(182,313)		(260,521)			
Net change in fund balance	\$		(239,716)	\$	(239,716)			
Fund balance:								
Beginning balance, July 1			 367,389					
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 127,673					

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund—School Improvements Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

						Actual			_		
		oject orization		Prior Years		urrent Year		Total to Date		Variance Positive Negative)	
Expenditures:										gemie	
Education:											
Blue Ridge School	\$ 1,	411,460	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,411,460	
Cullowhee Valley School											
Roofing Project		200,000		-		-		-		1,200,000	
Fairview Elementary School		976,440		-		-		-		976,440	
Scotts Creek School		19,091		-		3,025		3,025		16,066	
Smoky Mountain High		181,347		-		11,363		11,363		3,169,984	
Smoky Mountain Elementary		207,050		-		1,200		1,200		1,205,850	
Bus Garage		288,000								288,000	
Total expenditures	8,	283,388				15,588		15,588		8,267,800	
Other financing sources (uses):											
Transfers to other funds:											
School Capital Reserve		230,122)		-	(230,122)		(230,122)		-	
Proceeds from installment obligation Appropriated fund balance/	9,	000,000		-		-		-		(9,000,000)	
closed out projects		230,122		230,122		_		230,122		_	
Contingency		716,612)			_		-		716,612		
Other financing sources		, ,									
(uses), net	8,	283,388		230,122		230,122)				(8,283,388)	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	230,122	(245,710)	\$	(15,588)	\$	(15,588)	
Fund balance:											
Beginning balance, July 1						230,122					
Ending balance, June 30						(15,588)					
Amounts reported for Revenue, Expend		7	_								
Fund Balance are different from the E	U			ent							
due to consolidation of the School Ca	apital R	eserve Fur	nd:			400 000\					
Expenditures					•	136,908)					
Transfers from the General Fund		ام میں				994,526					
Transfers from the School Improve			d\			230,122					
Fund balance, beginning (School C	арнаі г	Reserve Fu	ina)			785,017					
Fund balance, ending (Consolic	dated S	chool									
Improvements Fund)					\$	857,169					

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–School Capital Reserve Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:			•
School Capital Reserve	\$ 1,140,006	\$ 1,136,908	\$ 3,098
Revenues under expenditures	(1,140,006)	(1,136,908)	3,098
Other financing sources:			
Transfer from General Fund	934,371	994,526	(60,155)
Transfer from School Improvement Fund	205,635	230,122	(24,487)
Total other financing sources	1,140,006	1,224,648	(84,642)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	87,740	\$ 87,740
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1		785,017	
Ending holonos, luna 20		<u></u>	
Ending balance, June 30		\$ 872,757	

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- Emergency Telephone System Fund This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of telephone surcharges to be used for emergency telephone systems.
- Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund This fund accounts for State grants received and expended for software and equipment.
- Fire Service Districts Fund This fund accounts for taxes collected to use for fire safety in the County.
- Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund This fund accounts for federal grants and local matching funds received and expended for community development.
- Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Clean Water Management Trust Fund through a revolving loan fund, as well as in-kind local contributions.
- Economic Development Fund This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Community Development Block Grant from the Small Cities Program through a revolving loan fund.
- **Economic Development Commission Fund** This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission and is used to account for revenues from member towns and economic development loans.



Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	 Non-	major	Government F	unds		
	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	Total		
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,693,563	\$	2,464,039	\$	4,157,602	
Accounts receivable, net	755		4,252		5,007	
Due from other governments	40,400		-		40,400	
Notes receivable, net	 128,684				128,684	
Total assets	\$ 1,863,402	\$	2,468,291	\$	4,331,693	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 93,312	\$	6,500	\$	99,812	
Deferred inflows of resources	 128,956				128,956	
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Public safety	350,516		-		350,516	
Economic and physical development Committed:	1,290,618		-		1,290,618	
Recreation	-		158,994		158,994	
Public safety	-		41,048		41,048	
Various programs and projects	 -		2,261,749		2,261,749	
Total fund balances	 1,641,134		2,461,791		4,102,925	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 1,863,402	\$	2,468,291	\$	4,331,693	

	Emergency Telephone Fund			Law orcement ock Grant Fund	Fire Service Fund	
Asset:						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Notes receivable, net	\$	324,449 130 40,400	\$	50,769 173 -	\$	15,882 - - -
Total assets	\$	364,979	\$	50,942	\$	15,882
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	81,015	\$		\$	
Deferred inflows of resources				<u>-</u>		272
Fund balances: Restricted:						
Public safety Economic and physical development		283,964		50,942 -		15,610 -
Total fund balances		283,964		50,942		15,610
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	364,979	\$	50,942	\$	15,882

Deve So Site	Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund		Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund		Economic Development Fund		conomic velopment mmission Fund	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds		
\$	74,920 287 -	\$	23,780 - - -	\$	874,566 - - 128,684	\$	329,197 165 - -	\$ 1,693,563 755 40,400 128,684		
\$	75,207	\$	23,780	\$	1,003,250	\$	329,362	\$ 1,863,402		
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,031	\$	11,266	\$ 93,312 128,956		
	75,207 75,207		23,780		873,535 873,535		318,096 318,096	350,516 1,290,618 1,641,134		
\$	75,207	\$	23,780	\$	1,003,250	\$	329,362	\$ 1,863,402		

Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2016

	C	creation center Fund	Emergency Management Project Fund		County Capital Projects Fund		Greenways Project Fund		Total Non-major Capital Projects Funds	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$	4,740	\$	43,296 4,252	\$	2,261,749 -	\$	154,254 -	\$	2,464,039 4,252
Total assets	\$	4,740	\$	47,548	\$	2,261,749	\$	154,254	\$	2,468,291
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		\$	6,500	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	6,500
Fund balances: Committed		4,740		41,048		2,261,749		154,254		2,461,791
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,740	\$	47,548	\$	2,261,749	\$	154,254	\$	2,468,291

Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Non-major Government Funds							
		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total		
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Restricted intergovernmental Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	1,133,475 733,830 27,950 2,941 1,000 1,899,196	\$	238,968 - 152 219,742 458,862	\$	1,133,475 972,798 27,950 3,093 220,742 2,358,058		
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Economic and physical development Culture and recreation		1,552,763 374,551		30,000 112,417 - 1,451,454		30,000 1,665,180 374,551 1,451,454		
Total expenditures		1,927,314		1,593,871		3,521,185		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(28,118)		(1,135,009)		(1,163,127)		
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds		104,268		2,969,313		3,073,581		
Net change in fund balances		76,150		1,834,304		1,910,454		
Fund balances: Beginning balances, July 1		1,564,984		627,487		2,192,471		
Ending balances, June 30	\$	1,641,134	\$	2,461,791	\$	4,102,925		

Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	nergency elephone Fund	Blo	Law orcement ck Grant Fund	Fire Service Fund		
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Restricted intergovernmental Sales and services Investment earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 484,805 - - -	\$	32,875 - - -	\$	1,133,475 - - - -	
Total revenues	 484,805		32,875		1,133,475	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Economic and physical development Total expenditures	420,275 - 420,275		14,623 14,623		1,117,865 - 1,117,865	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	64,530		18,252		15,610	
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds	 					
Net change in fund balances	64,530		18,252		15,610	
Fund balances: Beginning balances, July 1	219,434		32,690			
Ending balances, June 30	\$ 283,964	\$	50,942	\$	15,610	

Dev So Site	mmunity elopment cattered e Project Fund	Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund	conomic velopment Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund		Total lon-major Special Revenue Funds
\$	214,150 - - 1,000	\$ - - - -	\$ - 14,950 2,495 -	\$	2,000 13,000 446	\$ 1,133,475 733,830 27,950 2,941 1,000
	215,150		17,445		15,446	1,899,196
	- 221,415		 - 1,031		- 152,105	 1,552,763 374,551
	221,415		 1,031		152,105	 1,927,314
	(6,265)	-	16,414		(136,659)	(28,118)
		4,268	 		100,000	 104,268
	(6,265)	4,268	16,414		(36,659)	76,150
	81,472	19,512	 857,121		354,755	 1,564,984
\$	75,207	\$ 23,780	\$ 873,535	\$	318,096	\$ 1,641,134

Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major Capital Projects Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Recreation Center Fund	•		Greenways Project Fund	Total Non-major Capital Projects Funds
Revenues:	_				
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 238,968	\$ 238,968
Investment earnings		- 152	-	-	152
Gifts and donations		<u> </u>		219,742	219,742
Total revenues		- 152		458,710	458,862
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government			30,000	-	30,000
Public safety		- 112,417	-	-	112,417
Culture and recreation	79,85	•		1,371,597	1,451,454
Total expenditures	79,85	7 112,417	30,000	1,371,597	1,593,871
Revenues under expenditures	(79,85	7) (112,265)	(30,000)	(912,887)	(1,135,009)
Other financing sources:					
Transfers from other funds		<u> </u>	2,287,000	682,313	2,969,313
Net change in fund balances	(79,85	7) (112,265)	2,257,000	(230,574)	1,834,304
Fund balances:					
Beginning balances, July 1	84,59	7 153,313	4,749	384,828	627,487
Ending balances, June 30	\$ 4,74	0 \$ 41,048	\$ 2,261,749	\$ 154,254	\$ 2,461,791

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Emergency Telephone System Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

D	Budget Actual					Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental: Wireless 911 funds	\$	485,238	\$	484,805	\$	(433)		
Expenditures: Public safety		485,238		420,275		64,963		
Net change in fund balance	\$			64,530	\$	64,530		
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1				219,434				
Ending balance, June 30			\$	283,964				

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

В	Budget	A	ctual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$	32,875	\$	32,875	\$		
	7,500 30,375		- 14,623		7,500 15,752	
	37,875		14,623		23,252	
	(5,000)		18,252		23,252	
	5,000				(5,000)	
\$			18,252	\$	18,252	
		<u> </u>	32,690			
		7,500 30,375 37,875 (5,000)	\$ 32,875 \$ 7,500 30,375 37,875 (5,000)	\$ 32,875 \$ 32,875 7,500 - 30,375 14,623 37,875 14,623 (5,000) 18,252 5,000 - \$ 18,252	Budget Actual Feature \$ 32,875 \$ 32,875 \$ 7,500 - - 30,375 14,623 - (5,000) 18,252 - \$ - 18,252 \$ 32,690 - -	

Schedule "D-3"

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Fire Service Districts Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes:						
Current year and prior	\$ 1,128,865	\$ 1,130,660	\$	1,795		
Penalties and interest	2,200	 2,815		615		
Total revenues	 1,131,065	 1,133,475		2,410		
Expenditures:						
Public safety:						
Fire districts:						
Cashiers-Glenville	1,067,865	1,067,865		-		
Highlands	50,000	 50,000		-		
Total expenditures	 1,117,865	 1,117,865		<u>-</u> _		
Revenues over expenditures	13,200	15,610		2,410		
Other financing uses:						
Contingency	 (13,200)			13,200		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	15,610	\$	15,610		
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1		<u> </u>				
Ending balance, June 30		\$ 15,610				

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance— Budget and Actual—Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Actual							
			Prior Years	Current Year		Total to Date		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental: Federal grants: NC Economic Recovery Program Project	\$	225,000	\$	10,850	\$	214,150	\$	225,000	\$	_
Miscellaneous		1,000				1,000		1,000		
Total revenues		226,000		10,850		215,150		226,000		
Expenditures: Economic and physical development:										
Operating NC Economic Recovery		10,203		-		9,665		9,665		538
Program Project		225,000		13,250		211,750		225,000		
Total expenditures		235,203		13,250		221,415		234,665		538
Revenues under expenditures		(9,203)		(2,400)		(6,265)		(8,665)		538
Appropriated fund balance/ closed out projects		9,203		83,872				83,872		74,669
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	81,472		(6,265)	\$	75,207	\$	75,207
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1						81,472				
Ending balance, June 30					\$	75,207				

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures:	<u>E</u>	Budget	/	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Economic and physical development: Operating	\$	23,780	\$		\$	23,780	
Other financing sources:		4.000		4.000			
Transfer from General Fund Appropriated fund balance		4,268 19,512		4,268 <u>-</u>		- (19,512)	
Total other financing sources		23,780		4,268		(19,512)	
Net change in fund balance	\$			4,268	\$	4,268	
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1				19,512			
Ending balance, June 30			\$	23,780			

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Economic Development Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	B	udget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	ф	07.007	Ф	44.050	ф	(00.707)	
Sales and services	\$	37,687	\$	14,950	\$	(22,737)	
Investment earnings		7,824	-	2,495		(5,329)	
Total revenues		45,511		17,445		(28,066)	
Expenditures: Economic and physical development:							
Loan funds advanced		_		1,031		(1,031)	
Reserve for economic development		45,511		1,001		45,511	
reserve for economic development		40,011	-			+0,011	
Total expenditures		45,511		1,031		44,480	
Net change in fund balance	\$			16,414	\$	16,414	
Fund balance:							
Beginning balance, July 1				857,121			
Ending balance, June 30			\$	873,535			

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Economic Development Commission Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	 	 -				
Restricted intergovernmental:						
State grants	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$	-		
Sales and services	12,000	13,000		1,000		
Investment earnings	 350	 446		96		
Total revenues	 14,350	 15,446		1,096		
Expenditures:						
Economic and physical development:						
Salaries and employee benefits	94,388	94,116		272		
Operating	45,457	24,239		21,218		
Loans, development, capital improvement	 45,000	 33,750		11,250		
Total expenditures	 184,845	 152,105		32,740		
Revenues under expenditures	 (170,495)	(136,659)		33,836		
Other financing sources:						
Transfer from General Fund	100,000	100,000		_		
Appropriated fund balance	70,495			(70,495)		
Total other financing sources	 170,495	 100,000		(70,495)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(36,659)	\$	(36,659)		
Fund balance:						
Beginning balance, July 1		 354,755				
Ending balance, June 30		\$ 318,096				



CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

- **Recreation Center Fund** This fund is used to account for various recreation projects.
- Emergency Management Fund This fund is used to account for the construction on the Emergency Management Facility, which will be financed primarily by the General Fund.
- County Capital Projects Fund This fund was established to account for the construction of various County administration projects.
- Greenways Project Fund This fund is used to account for the construction of a greenway, which will be funded primarily with restricted intergovernmental revenue.



Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–Recreation Center Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental: DOT Revenue Investment earnings	\$ 400,000 41,947	\$ 400,000 41,948	\$ -	\$ 400,000 41,948	\$ - 1
Total revenues	441,947	441,948		441,948	1
Expenditures: Culture and recreation:	000 047	000.040		000.040	40
Architect fees	868,217	868,218	-	868,218	(1)
Furniture and equipment Construction cost	250,766 5,783,708	250,766 5,747,005	- 36,701	250,766 5,783,706	2
Site preparation	2,782,867	2,782,869	30,701	2,782,869	(2)
East LaPorte Park	101,158	101,158	_	101,158	(2)
Savannah/Greens Creek Park	167,963	120,067	43,156	163,223	4,740
Dillsboro Park	350,000	350,000	-	350,000	-
Total expenditures	10,304,679	10,220,083	79,857	10,299,940	4,739
Revenues under expenditures	(9,862,732)	(9,778,135)	(79,857)	(9,857,992)	4,740
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds:					
General	6,790,135	6,790,135	-	6,790,135	-
Conservation/Preservation Installment purchase obligations	333,500	333,500	-	333,500	-
issued	2,739,097	2,739,097	-	2,739,097	
Total other financing sources	9,862,732	9,862,732		9,862,732	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 84,597	(79,857)	\$ 4,740	\$ 4,740
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1			84,597		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 4,740		

Jackson County, North Carolina

Schedule "E-2"

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–Emergency Management Project Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Actual							
		roject orization	Prior Year		Current Year		Total to Date		Р	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues:										
Investment earnings	\$	180	\$	141	\$	152	\$	293	\$	113
Expenditures:										
Public Safety:										
Architect fees		112,179		78,807		-		78,807		33,372
Equipment		453,902	(367,128		85,376		452,504		1,398
Construction cost	1	,333,519	1,3	300,313		27,041	1	,327,354		6,165
Site acquisition		352,981		352,981				352,981		-
Total expenditures	2	2,252,581	2,0	099,229	29 112,417		112,417 2,211,646			40,935
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds:										
Capital Reserve Fund	2	2,252,401	2,2	252,401			2	2,252,401		
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	153,313		(112,265)	\$	41,048	\$	41,048
Fund balance:										
Beginning balance, July 1						153,313				
Ending balance, June 30					\$	41,048				

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Architect fees	\$ 72,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,000
Furniture and equipment	148,980	-	-	-	148,980
Construction cost	1,959,309		30,000	30,000	1,929,309
Total expenditures	2,180,289		30,000	30,000	2,150,289
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers from other funds:					
Capital Reserve Fund	2,287,000	-	2,287,000	2,287,000	-
Contingency	(106,711)	-	-	-	106,711
Other financing sources					
(uses), net	2,180,289		2,287,000	2,287,000	106,711
Closed out projects		4,749		4,749	4,749
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 4,749	2,257,000	\$ 2,261,749	\$ 2,261,749
Fund balance:					
Beginning balance, July 1			4,749		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 2,261,749		

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–Greenways Project Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Actual	Actual			
	Project Authorization	Prior Year	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental Gifts and donations	\$ 435,000 212,000	\$ 196,032 -	\$ 238,968 219,742	\$ 435,000 219,742	\$ - 7,742		
Total revenues	647,000	196,032	458,710	654,742	7,742		
Expenditures: Culture and recreation:							
Construction	1,857,313	365,347	1,329,790	1,695,137	162,176		
Engineering fees	72,000	45,857	41,807	87,664	(15,664)		
Total expenditures	1,929,313	411,204	1,371,597	1,782,801	146,512		
Revenues under expenditures	(1,282,313)	(215,172)	(912,887)	(1,128,059)	154,254		
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds:							
General Fund	1,282,313	600,000	682,313	1,282,313			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 384,828	(230,574)	\$ 154,254	\$ 154,254		
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1			384,828				
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 154,254				

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

- Landfill Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's solid waste activities.
- Green Energy Park Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of Jackson County Green Energy Park.
- Economic Development Commission Fund This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission, in which the County took title to two industrial facilities. The buildings are currently leased and generate rental income for the County.



Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures–Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Landfill Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budget	Budget Actual			/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues:					
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 3,201,064	\$	3,234,731	\$	33,667
Non-operating revenues:					
Scrap tire disposal fee	45,450		54,427		8,977
White goods tax	13,000		10,656		(2,344)
Electronics tax	4,800		3,951		(849)
Interest earned on investments	 34,000		23,837		(10,163)
Total non-operating revenues	97,250		92,871		(4,379)
Total revenues	 3,298,314		3,327,602		29,288
Expenditures: Landfill operations: Salaries and employee benefits	403,714		357,971		45,743
Operations	1,654,765		1,645,004		9,761
Supplies	26,995		20,376		6,619
Repairs and maintenance	379,898		408,611		(28,713)
Contracted services	 840,470		852,583		(12,113)
Total	 3,305,842		3,284,545		21,297
Debt service:					
Debt principal	234,601		234,601		-
Interest and other charges	 51,431	-	51,430		1
Total	 286,032		286,031		1_
Total expenditures	 3,591,874		3,570,576		21,298
Revenues under expenditures	 (293,560)		(242,974)	-	50,586
Other financing sources: Appropriated fund balance	 293,560				(293,560)
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	\$ 	\$	(242,974)	\$	(242,974)

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures–Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Landfill Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Schedule "F-1"

(Continued)

Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified
accrual) to full accrual basis:

Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	\$ (242,974)
Change in accrued interest receivable	(1,552)
Change in compensated absences	(6,869)
Change in net OPEB obligation	4,035
Contribution to pension plan in current fiscal year	16,222
Pension expense	(12,067)
Debt principal payment	234,601
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	774
Depreciation	 (159,163)
Change in net position	\$ (166,993)

Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Non-major Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

		en Energy ark Fund	De	Economic evelopment ommission Fund		Total Non-major Proprietary Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	159,587	\$	122,569	\$	282,156
Accounts receivable, net	•	1,223	•	30	•	1,253
Notes receivable, net		-		114,378		114,378
Capital assets, net of depreciation		59,087		1,159,936		1,219,023
Total assets		219,897		1,396,913		1,616,810
Deferred outflows of resources		6,501				6,501
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,598		10,702		14,300
Compensated absences		10,088		-		10,088
Net pension liability		6,269		-		6,269
Unearned revenue		14,631		-		14,631
Net OPEB obligation		98,803				98,803
Total liabilities		133,389		10,702		144,091
Deferred inflows of resources		3,330		-		3,330
Net position:						
Investment in capital assets		59,087		1,159,936		1,219,023
Unrestricted		30,592		226,275		256,867
Total net position	\$	89,679	\$	1,386,211	\$	1,475,890

Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Non-major Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

		n Energy rk Fund	Dev	conomic elopment nmission Fund		Total Ion-major roprietary Funds
Operating revenues:	Φ.	40.500	Φ.	07.000	Φ.	00.055
Charges for services	\$	19,522	\$	67,333	\$	86,855
Operating expenses:						
Park operations		242,529		-		242,529
Economic development operations		-		35,740		35,740
Depreciation		5,485		29,580		35,065
Total expenses		248,014		65,320		313,334
Operating income (loss)		(228,492)		2,013		(226,479)
Non-operating revenues:						
Investment earnings		-		2,488		2,488
Conservation fund grant		7,600		-		7,600
Donations		449		-		449
Total non-operating revenues		8,049		2,488	1	10,537
Income (loss) before transfers		(220,443)		4,501		(215,942)
Transfers from other funds		178,461		<u>-</u>		178,461
Change in net position		(41,982)		4,501		(37,481)
Net position:						
Beginning balance, July 1,		131,661		1,381,710		1,513,371
Ending balance, June 30	\$	89,679	\$	1,386,211	\$	1,475,890

Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-major Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Green Energy Park Fund		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Total on-major oprietary Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			-			
Cash received from customers	\$	19,310	\$	67,755	\$	87,065
Cash paid for goods and services		(127,087)		(25,066)		(152,153)
Cash paid to employees for services		(76,412)		-		(76,412)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(184,189)		42,689		(141,500)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
•		9.040				9.040
Grants and donations		8,049		-		8,049
Transfers from other funds		178,461				178,461
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		186,510				186,510
Cash flows from investing activities:				10071		40.074
Principal payments on notes receivable		-		16,871		16,871
Interest earned on investments				2,488		2,488
Net cash provided by investing activities				19,359		19,359
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,321		62,048		64,369
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning balance, July 1		157,266		60,521		217,787
	Φ.	,	Φ.		Φ.	
Ending balance, June 30	\$	159,587	\$	122,569	\$	282,156
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(228,492)	\$	2,013	\$	(226,479)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	<u> </u>	(220, 102)		2,010	Ψ_	(220, 110)
Depreciation		5,485		29,580		35,065
Contributions made to the pension plan in the		3,463		29,300		33,003
current fiscal year		(6.163)				(6.163)
•		(6,163) 1,703		-		(6,163) 1,703
Pension expense		1,703		-		1,703
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(040)		400		040
Accounts receivable		(212)		422		210
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,813)		10,674		6,861
Unearned revenue		1,845		-		1,845
Compensated absences		1,994		-		1,994
Net OPEB obligation		43,464		-		43,464
Total adjustments	_	44,303		40,676	_	84,979
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(184,189)	\$	42,689	\$	(141,500)

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Transfers— Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)—Green Energy Park Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues:	<u>E</u>	Budget	 Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Rents	\$	5,000	\$ 6,437	\$	1,437
Registration fees		11,500	13,085		1,585
Gallery Commission		1,500	 		(1,500)
Total operating revenues		18,000	 19,522		1,522
Non-operating revenues:					
Conservation Fund grant		7,600	7,600		-
Donations		650	449		(201)
Total non-operating revenues		8,250	8,049		(201)
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from General Fund		178,461	178,461		_
Appropriated fund balance		27,000	-		(27,000)
Total other financing sources		205,461	178,461		(27,000)
Total revenues and other financing sources		231,711	206,032		(25,679)
Expenditures: Park operations:					
Salaries and employee benefits		122,359	117,410		4,949
Operating		109,352	 84,121		25,231
Total		231,711	 201,531		30,180
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$		4,501	\$	4,501
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:					
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal	year		6,163		
Pension expense			(1,703)		
Increase in compensated absences			(1,994)		
Increase in net OPEB obligation			(43,464)		
Depreciation			 (5,485)		
Change in net position			\$ (41,982)		

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures—Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)— Economic Development Commission Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	E	Budget	Į.	Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues:		_				
Operating revenues:						(
Charges for services	\$	88,750	\$	67,333	\$	(21,417)
Non-operating revenues:						44.5
Interest earned on investments		2,498		2,488		(10)
Total revenues		91,248		69,821		(21,427)
Expenditures: Economic development operations:						
Operating		71,248		15,740		55,508
Insurance		20,000		20,000		-
Total expenditures		91,248		35,740		55,508
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Revenues over expenditures	\$			34,081	\$	34,081
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:						
Depreciation				(29,580)		
2 0010010011			-	(20,000)		
Change in net position			\$	4,501		



COMPONENT UNIT SCHEDULE	
Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are finance accountable. This section demonstrates budgetary compliance for those component units that do not issue sepa financial statements.	ially rate
Jackson County Airport Authority – accounts for the operations of the Jackson County Airport. The Air Authority adopts an annual budget for its operating fund.	port

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Jackson County Airport Authority (Non-GAAP) Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues:	<u>!</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Restricted intergovernmental Sales and services Jackson County Miscellaneous	\$	166,471 43,500 31,000 14,768	\$ 67,981 54,779 31,000 13,968	\$	(98,490) 11,279 - (800)	
Total revenues		255,739	 167,728		(88,011)	
Expenditures: Transportation: Operating		305,014	187,498		117,516	
Revenues under expenditures		(49,275)	(19,770)		29,505	
Appropriated fund balance		49,275	 <u>-</u>		(49,275)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	(19,770)	\$	(19,770)	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:						
Depreciation			 (13,759)			
Change in net position			\$ (33,529)			

FIDUCIARY FUND SCHEDULE
The agency fund is a fiduciary fund-type used to account for the assets held by the County as an agent fo ndividuals, private organizations, and/or other government entities.

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance	
Social Services Fund:								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,669	\$	356,548	\$	376,094	\$	38,123
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	57,669	\$	356,548	\$	376,094	\$	38,123
Inmate Fund:		_	'	_				
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	37,908	\$	62,317 373	\$	56,754 -	\$	43,471 373
Total assets	\$	37,908	\$	62,690	\$	56,754	\$	43,844
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	37,908	\$	62,690	\$	56,754	\$	43,844
Property Tax Fund: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	2,515 4,710	\$	454,382 852	\$	436,790 -	\$	20,107 5,562
Total assets	\$	7,225	\$	455,234	\$	436,790	\$	25,669
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	7,225	\$	455,234	\$	436,790	\$	25,669
State of North Carolina Fund:								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,899	\$	454,382	\$	449,701	\$	42,580
Liabilities:			Ф.				Ф.	40.500
Amounts held for others	\$	37,899	\$	454,382	\$	449,701	\$	42,580
Extension Agency Fund:								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	12,813	\$	6,533 31	\$	10,746	\$	8,600 31
Total assets	\$	12,813	\$	6,564	\$	10,746	\$	8,631
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	12,813	\$	6,564	\$	10,746	\$	8,631
Totals-All Agency Funds Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	148,804 4,710	\$	1,334,162 1,256	\$	1,330,085	\$	152,881 5,966
Total assets	\$	153,514	\$	1,335,418	\$	1,330,085	\$	158,847
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	153,514		1,335,418	\$	1,330,085	\$	158,847
		10	10					

	OTHER SCHEDULES
This	s section included additional information on property taxes.
	o occion molace additional information on property taxes.
>	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
> >	
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Jackson County, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2016

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance		_			Collections and Credits		Ending Balance
2015-2016	\$	-	\$	33,030,864	\$	32,196,538	\$	834,326
2014-2015		1,049,317		-		566,387		482,930
2013-2014		556,322		-		225,216		331,106
2012-2013		384,553		-		115,189		269,364
2011-2012		270,772		-		93,514		177,258
2010-2011		185,250		-		39,034		146,216
2009-2010		161,247		-		30,096		131,151
2008-2009		91,434		-		17,511		73,923
2007-2008		90,273		-		5,416		84,857
2006-2007		50,767		-		2,831		47,936
2005-2006		43,957				43,957		
	\$	2,883,892	\$	33,030,864	\$	33,335,689	\$	2,579,067
	Less	s: allowance fo	r unc	ollectible accou	nts			(1,066,000)
		alorem taxes r eneral Fund	eceiva	able - net:			\$	1,513,067
	Reco	oncilement with	n reve	nues:				
	Ad v	alorem taxes	Gene	ral Fund			\$	33,690,820
	Reco	onciling items:						
		erest collected						(468,629)
	An	nounts written	off for	tax year 2005-	2006			43,957
				funds, and othe		stments		9,321
		CVTS Fees	•	,	•			79,048
	Ot	her reconciling	Items	3				(18,828)
	Total reconciling items							(355,131)
		Total collec	tions	and credits			\$	33,335,689

Jackson County, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy County-wide Levy Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Cour	nty-wide	Total Levy			
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles	
Original levy: Property taxed at current	_					
year's rate Utilities at current year's rate	\$ 11,532,928,929 173,646,786	0.28 0.28	\$ 32,292,201 486,211	\$ 31,366,349 486,211	\$	925,852
Total	11,706,575,715		32,778,412	31,852,560		925,852
Discoveries: Current year taxes	101,335,000	0.28	283,738	283,303		435
Abatements	(11,173,571)	0.28	(31,286)	(31,286)		
Total property valuation	\$ 11,796,737,144					
Net levy			33,030,864	32,104,577		926,287
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 201	6		834,326	824,101		10,225
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 32,196,538	\$ 31,280,476	\$	916,062
Current levy collection percentage)		97.47%	97.43%		98.90%

