AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Sylva, North Carolina

List of Principal Officials

June 30, 2023

Board of Commissioners Mark Letson, Chairperson

Todd Bryson

Mark Jones

John Smith

Tom Stribling

County Manager Don Adams

Finance Director Darlene Fox



ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Jackson County Sylva, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Opioid Settlement Fund, and American Rescue Plan Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, which represents 23%, 16% and 72%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board and the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll, and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and County Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jackson County, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2023, on our consideration of Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina November 17, 2023



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Jackson County (the "County"), we offer readers of Jackson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Jackson County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

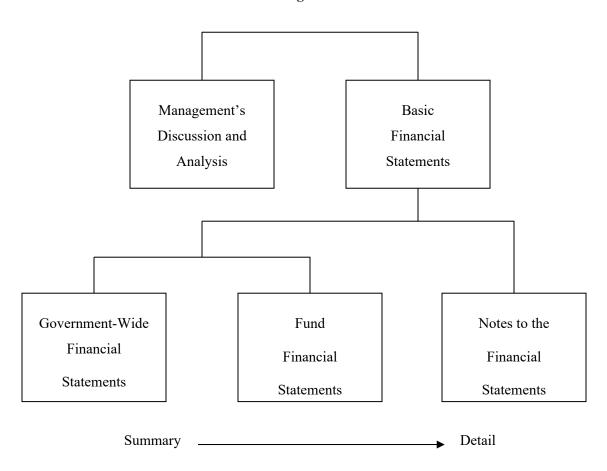
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County's governmental activities and business-type activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$88,538,185 and \$3,084,200, respectively.
- The government's total net position increased by \$24,465,302 of which \$23,887,467 was for an increase in governmental activities and \$577,835 was for an increase in business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Jackson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$77,047,323, an increase of \$5,929,115 in comparison with the prior year. 49.38% (percent) of this total amount, or \$38,042,487, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance.)
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$39,376,912, or 43.93% (percent), of total General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds for the fiscal year.
- Jackson County's governmental activities long-term debt (excluding compensated absences, lease liabilities, OPEB, and pension related liabilities) decreased by \$4,395,264 during the current fiscal year. This is due to the regularly scheduled debt service repayments in the fiscal year. Jackson County's business-type activities long-term debt (excluding compensated absences, lease liabilities, OPEB, and pension related liabilities) decreased by \$234,601 during the current year due to regularly scheduled debt service repayments in the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Jackson County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Jackson County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibit A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through M) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's nonmajor governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in that part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) businesstype activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. This includes the landfill services offered by Jackson County, the Green Energy Park, and the Economic Development Commission. The final category is the component units. The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority was created by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners on January 1, 2013, for the purpose of using occupancy tax funds collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all fifteen voting members of the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Authority and approves amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Airport Authority exists to operate, promote and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints two of the five voting members of the Jackson County Airport Authority, and also adopts the Airport Authority's budget and approves all budget amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board was created on May 1, 2014, for the purpose of operating two liquor stores in the County and for investigating violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's voting members.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Jackson County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Jackson County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Jackson County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. Jackson County has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Jackson County uses enterprise funds to account for its landfill operations, Green Energy Park, and the Economic Development Commission. These funds are the same as the separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Jackson County has two fiduciary funds, all of which are custodial funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start after Exhibit M of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Jackson County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found after the notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Jackson County's Net Position

Figure 2

		2023		2022							
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total					
Assets:											
Current and											
other assets	\$ 89,745,286	\$ 2,316,744	\$ 92,062,030	\$ 86,350,264	\$ 1,429,295	\$ 87,779,559					
Capital assets	107,469,900	4,263,332	111,733,232	97,196,017	4,931,765	102,127,782					
Total assets	197,215,186	6,580,076	203,795,262	183,546,281	6,361,060	189,907,341					
Deferred Outflows											
of Resources	19,424,527	533,478	19,958,005	17,776,111	484,223	18,260,334					
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities	12,500,369	378,778	12,879,147	19,605,874	438,122	20,043,996					
Long-term liaibilities	99,540,791	3,169,573	102,710,364	105,616,608	3,553,564	109,170,172					
Total liabilities	112,041,160	3,548,351	115,589,511	125,222,482	3,991,686	129,214,168					
Deferred Inflows											
of Resources	16,060,368	481,003	16,541,371	11,449,192	347,232	11,796,424					
Net Position:											
Net investment in											
capital assets	94,341,793	3,821,430	98,163,223	86,016,523	4,186,980	90,203,503					
Restricted	11,052,214	-	11,052,214	9,828,623	-	9,828,623					
Unrestricted	(16,855,822)	(737,230)	(17,593,052)	(31,194,428)	(1,680,615)	(32,875,043)					
Total net position	\$ 88,538,185	\$ 3,084,200	\$ 91,622,385	\$ 64,650,718	\$ 2,506,365	\$ 67,157,083					

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$91,622,385 as of June 30, 2023. The County's net position increased by \$24,465,302 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, of which \$23,887,467 was for an increase in governmental activities and \$577,835 was for an increase in business-type activities. One of the largest portions of net position reflects the County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Jackson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Jackson County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Jackson County's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$17,593,052 is unrestricted deficit, which is primarily due to unfunded OPEB obligations and net pension liabilities.

Particular aspects of the County's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position: continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 99.26 percent, constant with the statewide average of 98.83 percent for counties in the 25,000-49,999-population range; increased revenue in property taxes due to growth within the County.

Jackson County's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

		2023			2022	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Revenues:						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 5,930,464	\$ 4,796,913	\$ 10,727,377	\$ 6,222,545	\$ 4,241,823	\$ 10,464,368
Operating grants and						
contributions	21,212,679	8,587	21,221,266	8,650,937	30,568	8,681,505
General revenues:						
Property taxes	47,638,839	-	47,638,839	43,604,190	-	43,604,190
Local option sales tax	23,293,228	-	23,293,228	22,192,455	-	22,192,455
Other taxes	243,963	116,256	360,219	270,020	106,783	376,803
Other	-	303,018	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	1,808,812	42,577	1,851,389	47,379	24,993	72,372
Total revenues	100,127,985	5,267,351	105,092,318	80,987,526	4,404,167	85,391,693
Expenses:						
General government	12,362,578	-	12,362,578	10,913,988	-	10,913,988
Public safety	24,595,620	-	24,595,620	24,108,670	-	24,108,670
Transportation	919,525	-	919,525	833,116	-	833,116
Enviornmental protection	286,404	-	286,404	1,687,264	-	1,687,264
Economic and physical						
development	1,238,548	-	1,238,548	1,038,532	-	1,038,532
Human services	15,260,816	-	15,260,816	12,556,462	-	12,556,462
Culture and recreation	2,668,828	-	2,668,828	3,245,607	-	3,245,607
Education	17,547,803	-	17,547,803	14,608,284	-	14,608,284
Interest and other charges	1,085,396	-	1,085,396	600,683	-	600,683
Landfill	-	4,593,480	4,593,480	-	4,054,281	4,054,281
Green Energy Park	-	297,491	297,491	-	282,791	282,791
Economic Development						
Commission		73,545	73,545		60,047	60,047
Total expenses	75,965,518	4,964,516	80,930,034	69,592,606	4,397,119	73,989,725
Change in net position						
before transfers	24,162,467	302,835	24,465,302	11,394,920	7,048	11,401,968
Transfers	(275,000)	275,000	-	(223,653)	223,653	
Change in net position	23,887,467	577,835	24,465,302	11,171,267	230,701	11,401,968
Net Position:						
Beginning of year, July 1	64,650,718	2,506,365	67,157,083	53,479,451	2,275,664	55,755,115
End of year, June 30	\$ 88,538,185	\$ 3,084,200	\$ 91,622,385	\$ 64,650,718	\$ 2,506,365	\$ 67,157,083

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$23,887,467. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Ad valorem tax increased by 15.47% due increased tax values and an increase for the funding of debt for the Aquatics Center bond issue. The tax rate was increased by \$0.02.to \$0.38.
- Other taxes (primarily sales tax) increased as the County's current economic conditions improve. Overall, the County realized a 4.3% (percent) increase for the year.
- Public safety increases include a 7.4% increase for fire departments and one additional fire department going to paid full time firefighters 24/7. Salary increases were made for ambulance contracts and increased spending for law enforcement activities.
- The increase in human service expenses is related additional pandemic recovery expenses and salary increases.
- The increase in the education expenses is related to increased salary expenses and various school construction projects for safety.

Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities increased Jackson County's net position by \$577,835. The key element of this increase is as follows:

• The Landfill Fund ended the year with an addition to net position while the Green Energy Park Fund, and the Economic Development Fund ended the year also with an addition to net position. The Green Energy Park had subsidies from the General Fund.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Jackson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Jackson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Jackson County's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Jackson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$39,376,912, while total fund balance reached \$49,994,142. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to use all fund balance except for the amount restricted for stabilization by state statute, \$6,432,253. Fund balance available for appropriation of \$43,561,889 represents 48.86% (percent) of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 56.08% (percent) of that same amount.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of Jackson County reported a combined fund balance of \$77,047,323 an increase of \$5,929,115. The primary reason for this increase in fund balance is the increased sales tax revenues and the issuance of general obligation bonds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain service. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$4,849,952, which is 6%.

Proprietary Funds. Jackson County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Net position of the Landfill, Green Energy Park, and Economic Development Commission funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,084,200. The total

increase in net position for the funds was \$577,835. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of Jackson County's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Jackson County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, totals \$111,733,232 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). These assets include buildings and improvements, land, machinery and equipment, vehicles, plant and distribution systems, right to use assets and construction in progress.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Purchased an electronic podium for the governing body
- Purchased three Scag mowers for the grounds department
- Purchased thirteen Dodge Durangos and two Dodge Chargers for the Sheriff's Office
- Purchased a TEK84 Intercept Whole Body Scanner and a Jailcore Tracking System for the jail operations.
- Purchased a 2022 Ford F250 Super Truck, a Smart Board, and a generator for emergency management.
- Purchased four dispatch consoles for emergency telephone.
- Purchased two 2023 Jeep Renegades for code enforcement
- Purchased a 2022 Ford Escape and a 2023 Ford Van for the health department
- Purchased visitation room intercom, a Poweredge R750 server, and a Rubrik Backup appliance for the Department of Social Services
- Purchased two Compact Cottages for Andrews Park, a John Deer Gator and a salt/sand spreader for the recreation department.
- Addition of construction in progress on the Dillsboro Complex, Indoor Pool Facility, SCC Science Building and School Improvement projects.

Jackson County's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Figure 4

			2023				2022	
	Ge	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total	overnmental Activities	Bu	isiness-Type Activities	Total
Land	\$	16,083,121	\$ 146,368	\$ 16,229,489	\$ 16,083,121	\$	146,368	\$ 16,229,489
Buildings and improvements Machinery and		45,424,619	1,307,691	46,732,310	46,733,901		1,818,616	48,552,517
equipment		2,250,797	2,627,371	4,878,168	2,209,897		2,699,303	4,909,200
Vehicles		2,162,434	94,837	2,257,271	2,094,288		111,045	2,205,333
Righ-to-use assets		527,446	87,065	614,511	226,508		156,433	382,941
Construction in								
progress		41,021,483	 <u>-</u>	41,021,483	 29,742,398		-	 29,742,398
Capital assets, net	\$	107,469,900	\$ 4,263,332	\$ 111,733,232	\$ 97,090,113	\$	4,931,765	\$ 102,021,878

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2023, Jackson County had total debt outstanding of \$36,586,476, most of which is collateralized by capital assets. However, approximately \$8,399,998 of the debt is collateralized

by capital assets held by the Jackson County Board of Education under capital lease agreements. Those assets are not included in the County's capital assets.

Jackson County's Outstanding Debt Installment Purchase Obligations

Figure 5

			2023		2022					
	 vernmental Activities	Bu	usiness-Type Activities	Total	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
General obligation bonds Total installment purchases	\$ 18,666,000	\$	-	\$ 18,666,000	\$ 20,000,000	\$	-	\$ 20,000,000		
from direct placements	17,568,576		351,900	17,920,476	20,629,840		586,501	21,216,341		
Total outstanding debt	\$ 36,234,576	\$	351,900	\$ 36,586,476	\$ 40,629,840	\$	586,501	\$ 41,216,341		

Jackson County's debt, shown above, decreased \$4,629,865 (12.65 percent) during the past fiscal year. The decrease is primarily due regularly scheduled debt service payments during the fiscal year.

The state of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries.

The legal debt margin for Jackson County is approximately \$917,795,000.

Additional information regarding Jackson County's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the County:

- The County's unemployment rate is 3.9 percent, lower than the state and national average of 3.3 percent.
- Retail vacancy rates decreased by 6.15%. The average vacancy rate for the year was in the 55.6 percent range. The prior year rate was 59.02%. The County experienced an increase overall in room occupancy tax fees.
- Construction for new homes and businesses is increasing.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024

Governmental Activities. Property taxes and revenues for permits and fees are projected to increase. Adjustments have been made to programs that are currently in place. The Ad valorem tax rate will remain at \$0.38 per \$100. Sales tax revenues continue to increase.

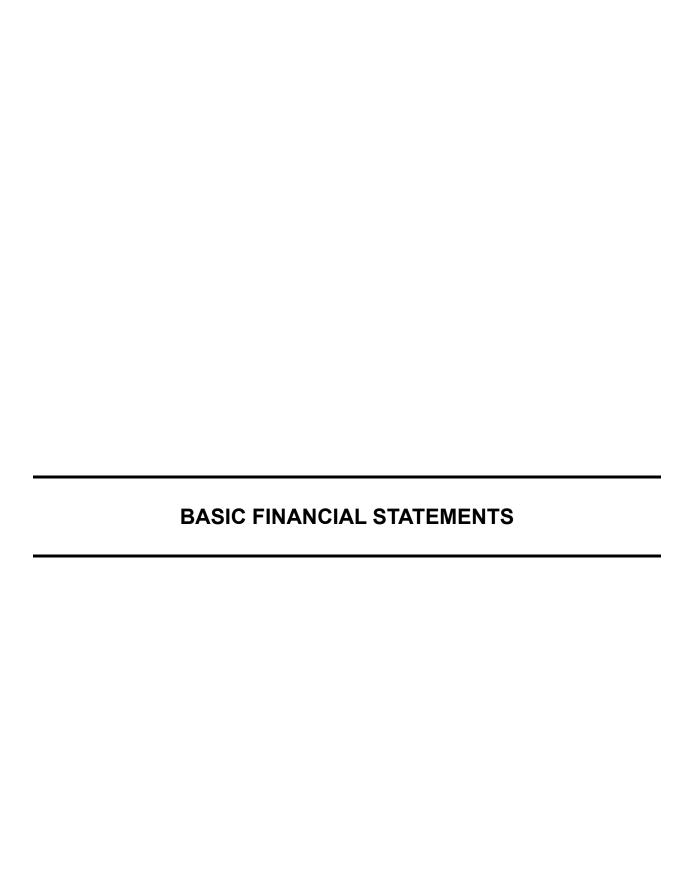
Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase 5.94 percent to \$88,106,428. The largest increments are in the salary costs and increased operational expenses. The public schools, community college, and library expenses were increased.

Business-Type Activities. General operating expenses of the Solid Waste Fund will increase by 1.69 percent. Revenues from the sales of materials and volumes for tipping fees have increased slightly. An increase in sales of recycled materials is projected. Rates for landfill services remained the same. The Green Energy Park Fund operational budget will increase by 4.93 percent. The Economic Development

Fund operational budget will decrease by 93.36 percent due to lost rental income and expenses from a property sale.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Jackson County, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Pr	imary Governmen	t	Component Units			
Accorder	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Jackson County Tourism Development Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority	Jackson County ABC Board	
Assets: Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,023,469	\$ 1,883,559	\$ 61,907,028	\$ 3,374,589	\$ 301,161	\$ 1,351,806	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	18,568,757	-	18,568,757	-	-	-	
Taxes receivable, net	230,129	-	230,129	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable, net	939,366	390,512	1,329,878	-	554	-	
Due from primary government	-	-	-	297,750	-	-	
Due from other governments	6,336,396	42,673	6,379,069	2,002	-	-	
Inventory and prepaids					19,335	705,562	
Total current assets	86,098,117	2,316,744	88,414,861	3,674,341	321,050	2,057,368	
Non-current assets:							
Accounts receivable, non-current	3,579,957	-	3,579,957	-	-	-	
Net pension asset (RODSPF)	67,212		67,212				
Capital assets:							
Land and construction in progress	57,104,604	146,368	57,250,972	_	4,818,067	12,301	
Depreciable capital assets,	27,101,001	1.0,200	07,200,572		.,010,007	12,501	
net of depreciation	49,837,850	4,029,899	53,867,749	9,218	467,536	751,304	
Right-to-use assets,	.,,	, ,	,,-	-, -	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
net of amortization	527,446	87,065	614,511				
Total capital assets	107,469,900	4,263,332	111,733,232	9,218	5,285,603	763,605	
Total non-current assets	111,117,069	4,263,332	115,380,401	9,218	5,285,603	763,605	
Total assets	197,215,186	6,580,076	203,795,262	3,683,559	5,606,653	2,820,973	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Pension deferrals	9,417,023	223,967	9,640,990	86,533	-	206,261	
OPEB deferrals	10,007,504	309,511	10,317,015	-	-	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,424,527	533,478	19,958,005	86,533		206,261	
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and							
accrued liabilities	4,989,910	86,431	5,076,341	18,526	1,106	541,306	
Advance from grantors	2,634,349	-	2,634,349	-	-	-	
Accrued interest payable	-	1,737	1,737	-	-	-	
Due to component unit	297,750	-	297,750	-	-	-	
Compensated absences, current	471,254	7,881	479,135	-	-	-	
General obligation bond, current	1,334,000	-	1,334,000	-	-	-	
Lease liabilities, current	66,257	48,129	114,386	-	-	-	
IT subscriptions, current	114,786	-	114,786	-	-	-	
Installment purchases, current	2,592,063	234,600	2,826,663			35,089	
Total current liabilities	12,500,369	378,778	12,879,147	18,526	1,106	576,395	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Pri	mary Governmen	t	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Jackson County Tourism Development Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority	Jackson County ABC Board	
Non-current liabilities:							
Accrued landfill closure and							
post-closure care costs	-	1,531,820	1,531,820	-	-	-	
Net pension liability - LGERS	12,031,365	323,362	12,354,727	132,009	-	224,529	
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	2,707,798	-	2,707,798	-	-	-	
Total OPEB liability	50,743,534	1,131,577	51,875,111	-	-	-	
Compensated absences, non-current	1,410,761	23,641	1,434,402	-	-	-	
General Obligation bond, non-current	17,332,000	44.050	17,332,000	-	-	-	
Lease liabilities, non-current	98,189	41,873	140,062	-	-	-	
IT subscriptions, non-current	240,631	117 200	240,631	-	-	425.146	
Installment purchases, non-current	14,976,513	117,300	15,093,813	122 000		435,146	
Total non-current liabilities	99,540,791	3,169,573	102,710,364	132,009		659,675	
Total liabilities	112,041,160	3,548,351	115,589,511	150,535	1,106	1,236,070	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Prepaid taxes	90,574	_	90,574	_	_	_	
Pension deferrals	451,146	1,045	452,191	2,815	-	40,988	
OPEB deferrals	15,518,648	479,958	15,998,606		-	, -	
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,060,368	481,003	16,541,371	2,815		40,988	
N / P · · ·							
Net Position:	04 241 702	2 021 420	00.162.222	0.210	5 205 (02	202 270	
Net investment in capital assets	94,341,793	3,821,430	98,163,223	9,218	5,285,603	293,370	
Restricted:	0.252.200		0.252.200	200.752			
Stabilization by state statute	8,252,308	-	8,252,308	299,752	-	-	
Tourism promotion	111 000	-	111 000	3,307,772	-	-	
Register of Deeds' pension plan	111,889	-	111,889	-	-	-	
Register of Deeds	25,680	-	25,680	-	-	-	
Education	141,856	-	141,856	-	-	-	
Public safety	1,741,196	-	1,741,196	-	-	-	
Economic and physical development	779,285	-	779,285	-	-	221 411	
Working capital	(16.955.933)	(727.220)	(17.502.052)	-	210.044	221,411	
Unrestricted	(16,855,822)	(737,230)	(17,593,052)	<u>-</u>	319,944	1,235,395	
Total net position	\$ 88,538,185	\$ 3,084,200	\$ 91,622,385	\$ 3,616,742	\$ 5,605,547	\$ 1,750,176	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	12,362,578	\$	2,139,045	\$	116,302	\$ -	
Public safety		24,595,620		2,055,779		14,116,661	-	
Transportation		919,525		42,347		360,165	-	
Environmental protection		286,404		315,372		124,395	-	
Economic and physical development		1,238,548		38,250		715,473	-	
Human services		15,260,816		547,335		5,779,683	-	
Cultural and recreation		2,668,828		792,336		-	-	
Education		17,547,803		-		-	-	
Interest on long-term debt		1,085,396						
Total governmental activities		75,965,518		5,930,464		21,212,679		
Business-type activities:								
Landfill		4,593,480		4,750,600		6,000	-	
Green Energy Park		297,491		34,010		2,587	-	
Economic Development Commission		73,545		12,303				
Total business-type activities		4,964,516	_	4,796,913	_	8,587		
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	80,930,034	\$	10,727,377	\$	21,221,266	\$ -	
Component Units:								
Jackson County Tourism								
Development Authority	\$	1,787,128	\$	2,309	\$	-	\$ -	
Jackson County Airport Authority		285,083		120,658		157,532	-	
Jackson County ABC Board		7,542,739		7,577,974		-	-	
Total component units	\$	9,614,950	\$	7,700,941	\$	157,532	\$ -	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Pr	imary Governmer	ıt	Co	mponent Units	8
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Jackson County Tourism Development Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority	Jackson County ABC Board
Primary Government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ (10,107,231)	\$ -	\$ (10,107,231)			
Public safety	(8,423,180)	-	(8,423,180)			
Transportation	(517,013)	-	(517,013)			
Environmental protection	153,363	-	153,363			
Economic and physical development	(484,825)	-	(484,825)			
Human services	(8,933,798)	-	(8,933,798)			
Cultural and recreation	(1,876,492)	-	(1,876,492)			
Education	(17,547,803)	-	(17,547,803)			
Interest on long-term debt	(1,085,396)		(1,085,396)			
Total governmental activities	(48,822,375)		(48,822,375)			
Business-type activities:						
Landfill	-	163,120	163,120			
Green Energy Park	-	(260,894)	(260,894)			
Economic Development Commission		(61,242)	(61,242)			
Total business-type activities		(159,016)	(159,016)			
Total primary government	(48,822,375)	(159,016)	(48,981,391)			
Component Units: Jackson County Tourism						
Development Authority				\$ (1,784,819)	\$ -	\$ -
Jackson County Airport Authority				(1,701,017)	(6,893)	-
Jackson County ABC Board				_	(0,075)	35,235
Total component units				(1,784,819)	(6,893)	35,235
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes, levied for						
general purpose	47,638,839		47,638,839			
Local option sales tax	23,293,228	-	23,293,228	-	-	-
Beer and wine tax distribution	177,935	-	177,935	-	-	-
	177,933		177,933	2,557,486	-	-
Occupancy taxes Other taxes	66,028	116,256	182,284	2,337,460	-	-
Investment earnings, unrestricted	1,808,812	42,577	1,851,389	104,961	-	-
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	1,000,012	303,018	303,018	104,901	-	-
Total general revenues, excluding transfers	72,984,842	461,851	73,446,693	2,662,447		
Transfers	(275,000)	275,000				
Total general revenues and transfers	72,709,842	736,851	73,446,693	2,662,447		
Change in net position	23,887,467	577,835	24,465,302	877,628	(6,893)	35,235
Net Position:						
Beginning of year, July 1	64,650,718	2,506,365	67,157,083	2,739,114	5,612,440	1,714,941
End of year, June 30	\$ 88,538,185	\$ 3,084,200	\$ 91,622,385	\$ 3,616,742	\$5,605,547	\$ 1,750,176
Life of year, Julie 30	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + 	. 2,00.,200	,	. 2,010,712	, , /	-,,

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

						Major				
	_	General Fund		Opioid Settlement Fund	-	American escue Plan Fund]	Recreation Center Fund		County Capital Projects Fund
Assets:	\$	49 500 144	\$		\$		\$	69,032	¢	2 270 554
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Ф	48,500,144 284,131	Ф	423,943	Ф	600,000	Ф	15,226,334	Ф	2,279,554 2,034,349
Taxes receivable, net		208,117		-		-		-		2,03 1,3 17
Accounts receivable, net		100,345		4,388,039		_		-		558
Due from other governments		6,331,908		-		-		4,488		-
Due from other funds								_		
Total assets	\$	55,424,645	\$	4,811,982	\$	600,000	\$	15,299,854	\$	4,314,461
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,049,434	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,403,457	\$	6,600
Due to component unit		297,750		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		1,784,628		-		-		-		-
Advance from grantors						600,000		_		2,034,349
Total liabilities		5,131,812	_			600,000		1,403,457		2,040,949
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Prepaid taxes		90,574		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		-		4,388,039		-		-		
Property taxes receivable		208,117								
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	298,691	_	4,388,039			_		_	
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:		£ 422.252						4 400		7.7 0
Stabilization by state statute		6,432,253		-		-		4,488		558
Register of Deeds Education		25,680		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		423,943		-		-		-
Economic and physical development		-		423,943		-		-		-
Recreation		_		_		_		15,226,334		_
Committed:								13,220,331		
Revaluation		286,317		_		_		_		_
Capital reserve		1,815,163		_		_		_		_
Conservation/preservation		1,852,110		-		_		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Education		-		-		-		-		-
General government		-		-		-		-		2,272,954
Assigned:										
Other post-employment benefits		205,707		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		39,376,912	_				_	(1,334,425)		
Total fund balances	_	49,994,142	_	423,943				13,896,397		2,273,512
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	55,424,645	\$	4,811,982	\$	600,000	\$	15,299,854	\$	4,314,461

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

				Major				Nonmajor		
Assets:	Im	School provements Fund		SCC Health Science Building Fund		Parks Project Fund		Other overnmental Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,529,763	\$	141,856	\$	1,798,528	\$	2,704,592	\$	60,023,469
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	•		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-,,,,,,,	Ψ	18,568,757
Taxes receivable, net		-		-		-		22,012		230,129
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-		30,381		4,519,323
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		6,336,396
Due from other funds		1,784,628				_				1,784,628
Total assets	\$	6,314,391	\$	141,856	\$	1,798,528	\$	2,756,985	\$	91,462,702
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	276,712	\$	-	\$	16,149	\$	237,558	\$	4,989,910
Due to component unit		-		-		-		-		297,750
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		1,784,628
Advance from grantors	_			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,634,349
Total liabilities		276,712				16,149		237,558		9,706,637
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Prepaid taxes		-		-		-		-		90,574
Lease receivable		-		-		-		-		4,388,039
Property taxes receivable			_			_	_	22,012		230,129
Total deferred inflows of resources			_		_		_	22,012	_	4,708,742
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:		1 504 620						20.201		0.050.000
Stabilization by state statute		1,784,628		-		-		30,381		8,252,308
Register of Deeds		-		141.056		-		-		25,680
Education Public safety		-		141,856		-		1,317,253		141,856 1,741,196
Economic and physical development		_		-		-		779,285		779,285
Recreation		_		_		_		777,203		15,226,334
Committed:										10,220,001
Revaluation		-		-		-		-		286,317
Capital reserve		-		-		-		-		1,815,163
Conservation/preservation		-		-		-		-		1,852,110
Recreation		-		-		1,782,379		370,496		2,152,875
Education		4,253,051		-		-		-		4,253,051
General government Assigned:		-		-		-		-		2,272,954
Other post-employment benefits		_		_		_		_		205,707
Unassigned		_		_		_		_		38,042,487
Total fund balances		6,037,679	_	141,856	_	1,782,379	_	2,497,415	_	77,047,323
		0,001,017	_	111,000		1,102,017				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	6,314,391	\$	141,856	\$	1,798,528	\$	2,756,985	\$	91,462,702
,			_		_		_		_	

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:

Total fund balance for governmental funds	\$	77,047,323
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		106,942,454
Right-to-use assets, net of accumulated amortization, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		527,446
Long-term liabilities, interest payable, and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(38,636,454)
Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds are used to offset accounts receivable not expected to be received within 90-days of year-end. These receivables are a component of net position in the Statement of Net Position.		4,618,168
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.		9,417,023
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.		10,007,504
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		(2,707,798)
Net pension liability - LGERS		(12,031,365)
Total OPEB liability		(50,743,534)
Net pension asset		67,212
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.		(451,146)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	_	(15,518,648)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$	88,538,185



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Major		
	_	General Fund	Opioid Settlement Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Recreation Center Fund	County Capital Projects Fund
Revenues:	Ф	45.026.451	Ф	Ф	Ф	Ф
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes	\$	45,836,451	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unrestricted intergovernmental		23,537,191 858,920	-	-	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental		8,202,860	423,943	7,713,847	-	140,149
Other restricted revenues		7,993,362	723,773	7,713,047	_	140,147
Permits and fees		3,282,514	_	_	_	_
Sales and services		1,114,530	_	_	_	_
Investment earnings		1,035,541	_	_	707,834	_
Miscellaneous		330,341	_	-	-	-
Total revenues	_	92,191,710	423,943	7,713,847	707,834	140,149
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		13,466,643	-	-	-	140,149
Public safety		23,155,132	-	-	-	-
Transportation		967,603	-	-	-	-
Environmental protection		202,973	-	-	-	-
Economic and physical development		1,121,838	-	-	-	-
Human services		17,826,575	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		4,330,621	-	-	9,725,468	-
Intergovernmental:						
Education		13,293,461	-	-	-	-
Debt service:		4.502.600				
Principal retirement		4,582,609	-	-	-	-
Interest and other charges	_	1,085,396			0.725.469	140 140
Total expenditures	_	80,032,851			9,725,468	140,149
Revenues over (under) expenditures		12,158,859	423,943	7,713,847	(9,017,634)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from other funds		8,532,935	-	-	-	2,138,032
Transfers to other funds		(9,600,062)	-	(7,713,847)	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		117,650	-	-	-	-
Subscription liability issued	_	477,723				
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(471,754)		(7,713,847)		2,138,032
Net change in fund balances		11,687,105	423,943	-	(9,017,634)	2,138,032
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of year, July 1		38,307,037			22,914,031	135,480
End of year, June 30	\$	49,994,142	\$ 423,943	<u>\$</u>	\$ 13,896,397	\$ 2,273,512

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Major		Nonmajor	
	School Improvements Fund	SCC Health Science Building Fund	Parks Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	¢	¢	\$ -	\$ 2,024,913	¢ 47.961.264
	\$ -	\$ -	5 -	\$ 2,024,913	\$ 47,861,364
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	23,537,191 858,920
Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental	-	188,883	-	79,484	16,749,166
Other restricted revenues	-	100,003	-	79,404	
Permits and fees	-	-	-	-	7,993,362 3,282,514
Sales and services	-	-	-	-	1,114,530
Investment earnings	48,972	-	-	16,465	1,808,812
Miscellaneous	70,772	_	_	10,405	330,341
Total revenues	48,972	188,883		2,120,862	103,536,200
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	_	_	_	_	13,606,792
Public safety	_	_	_	3,482,020	26,637,152
Transportation	_	_	_	5,102,020	967,603
Environmental protection	_	_	_	_	202,973
Economic and physical development	_	_	_	184,685	1,306,523
Human services	_	_	_	-	17,826,575
Culture and recreation	_	-	86,075	21,868	14,164,032
Intergovernmental:				,	, - ,
Education	4,148,855	105,487	-	-	17,547,803
Debt service:	, ,	,			, ,
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	4,582,609
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	-	1,085,396
Total expenditures	4,148,855	105,487	86,075	3,688,573	97,927,458
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,099,883)	83,396	(86,075)	(1,567,711)	5,608,742
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from other funds	4,399,112	-	1,868,454	919,464	17,857,997
Transfers to other funds	(819,088)	-	-	-	(18,132,997)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	117,650
Subscription liability issued	-	-	-	-	477,723
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,580,024		1,868,454	919,464	320,373
Net change in fund balances	(519,859)	83,396	1,782,379	(648,247)	5,929,115
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1	6,557,538	58,460		3,145,662	71,118,208
End of year, June 30	\$ 6,037,679	\$ 141,856	\$ 1,782,379	\$ 2,497,415	\$ 77,047,323

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different because:

are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ 5,929,115
Exhibit D reports revenues using a current financial resources basis, which generally means revenue is recognized when collected, or is expected to be collected, within 90-days of year-end. Exhibit B reports revenues when the earning process is complete, regardless of when it is collected. This measurement difference causes timing of revenue recognition differences for the following revenue types:	
Property taxes, grant receivables and business licenses	4,165,514
Pension expense	(879,272)
Right-to-use asset capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	477,723
Amortization expense for right to use assets	(176,785)
Expenses related to compensated absences, OPEB, and Law Enforcement Officers' Separation Allowance that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.	187,437
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.	12,748,141
Loss on capital asset disposed of during the year, not recognized on modified accrual basis	(93,174)
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.	(2,576,118)
Principal repayments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.	4,582,609
Changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ 23,887,467



GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/Under
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	45,310,081	\$	45,950,981	\$	45,836,451	\$ (114,530)
Other taxes		22,378,351		23,857,836		23,537,191	(320,645)
Unrestricted intergovernmental		748,072		748,072		858,920	110,848
Restricted intergovernmental		8,704,107		9,854,940		8,202,860	(1,652,080)
Other restricted revenues		52,800		104,660		110,066	5,406
Permits and fees		3,021,710		3,582,268		3,282,514	(299,754)
Sales and services		1,286,962		1,333,328		1,114,530	(218,798)
Investment earnings		100,000		875,000		1,001,033	126,033
Miscellaneous		615,657	_	760,607	_	330,341	(430,266)
Total revenues		82,217,740		87,067,692	_	84,273,906	(2,793,786)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		12,350,895		12,408,642		11,367,588	1,041,054
Public safety		20,905,712		23,989,573		21,257,088	2,732,485
Transportation		946,947		946,947		830,758	116,189
Environmental protection		109,115		109,115		104,552	4,563
Economic and physical development		1,157,974		1,179,372		973,046	206,326
Human services		17,206,763		17,825,434		15,589,976	2,235,458
Culture and recreation		4,285,789		4,477,327		4,053,143	424,184
Intergovernmental:							
Education		12,988,492		13,443,792		13,293,461	150,331
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		4,395,264		4,582,609		4,582,609	-
Interest and other charges		1,085,396		1,085,396		1,085,396	-
Contingency		1,413,507	_	3,915,470			3,915,470
Total expenditures		76,845,854		83,963,677	_	73,137,617	10,826,060
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_	5,371,886		3,104,015		11,136,289	8,032,274
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers to other funds		(6,265,974)		(11,975,244)		(11,750,562)	224,682
Transfers from other funds		819,088		8,753,529		8,532,935	(220,594)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		75,000		117,700		117,650	(50)
Subscription liability issued	_					477,723	477,723
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,371,886)	_	(3,104,015)		(2,622,254)	481,761
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			8,514,035	\$ 8,514,035
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year, July 1					_	33,310,392	
End of year, June 30					\$	41,824,427	

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/Under
A legally budgeted Revaluation Fund is				
consolidated into the General Fund for				
reporting purposes:				
Expenditures			\$ (420,076)	
Transfers from the General Fund			350,500	
Net change in fund balance			(69,576)	
Beginning fund balance			355,893	
Ending fund balance			286,317	
			 -	
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund				
is consolidated into the General Fund for				
reporting purposes:				
Revenues			34,508	
Transfers from the General Fund			1,000,000	
Net change in fund balance			1,034,508	
Beginning fund balance			780,655	
Ending fund balance			1,815,163	
Ç				
A legally budgeted Conservation/Preservation				
Fund is consolidated into the General Fund				
for reporting purposes:				
Expenditures			(98,421)	
Transfers from the General Fund			800,000	
Net change in fund balance			701,579	
Beginning fund balance			1,150,531	
Ending fund balance			1,852,110	
A legally budgeted Health Insurance Fund				
is consolidated into the General Fund for				
for reporting purposes:				
Revenues			7,883,296	
Expenditures			(6,376,737)	
Net change in fund balance			1,506,559	
Beginning fund balance			2,709,566	
Ending fund balance			4,216,125	
Ending fund balance - Combined General Fund			\$ 49,994,142	

ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance er/Under
Revenues:	Ф	422.042	Ф	422.042	Ф	422.042	Ф	
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	423,943	\$	423,943	\$	423,943	\$	
Expenditures:								
Public safety:								
Capital outlay		423,943		423,943				423,943
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$			423,943	\$	423,943
Beginning balance, July 1								
Ending balance, June 30					\$	423,943		

ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget ver/Under
Revenues:	Ф	0.524.441	Ф	0.524.441	Φ	7.712.047	Ф	(020.504)
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	8,534,441	\$	8,534,441	\$	7,713,847	\$	(820,594)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers to General Fund		(8,534,441)		(8,534,441)		(7,713,847)		820,594
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			-	\$	
Fund Balance: Beginning balance, July 1						_		
Degining outdies, vary 1								
Ending balance, June 30					\$	_		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Major	Nonmajor	
	Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 392,097	\$ 1,491,462	\$ 1,883,559
Accounts receivable, net	387,286	3,226	390,512
Due from other governments	42,673		42,673
Total current assets	822,056	1,494,688	2,316,744
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land	146,368	-	146,368
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	3,454,913	574,986	4,029,899
Right-to-use leased assets, net of amortization	87,065		87,065
Total capital assets	3,688,346	574,986	4,263,332
Total assets	4,510,402	2,069,674	6,580,076
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pension deferrals	155,006	68,961	223,967
OPEB deferrals	206,340	103,171	309,511
Total deferred outflows of resources	361,346	172,132	533,478
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	71,886	14,545	86,431
Accrued interest payable	1,737	-	1,737
Compensated absences, current	5,013	2,868	7,881
Lease liabilities, current	48,129	-	48,129
Installment purchases, current	234,600		234,600
Total current liabilities	361,365	17,413	378,778

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	<u> Major</u>	Nonmajor	
	Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Liabilities (continued):			
Non-current liabilities:			
Installment purchases, non-current	117,300	-	117,300
Lease liabilities, non-current	41,873	-	41,873
Compensated absences, non-current	15,037	8,604	23,641
Net pension liability - LGERS	222,463	100,899	323,362
Total OPEB liability	816,257	315,320	1,131,577
Accrued landfill closure and			
post-closure care costs	1,531,820		1,531,820
Total non-current liabilities	2,744,750	424,823	3,169,573
Total liabilities	3,106,115	442,236	3,548,351
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension deferrals	694	351	1,045
OPEB deferrals	319,972	159,986	479,958
Total deferred inflows of resources	320,666	160,337	481,003
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	3,246,444	574,986	3,821,430
Unrestricted	(1,801,477)	1,064,247	(737,230)
Total net position	\$ 1,444,967	\$ 1,639,233	\$ 3,084,200

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Major	Nonmajor Other	
	Landfill Fund	Enterprise Funds	Total
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 4,750,600	\$ 46,313	\$ 4,796,913
Operating Expenses:			
Landfill operations, closure and post-closure			
post-closure care costs	4,334,218	-	4,334,218
Park operations	-	295,550	295,550
Economic development operations	-	57,880	57,880
Depreciation and amortization	217,407	17,606	235,013
Total operating expenses	4,551,625	371,036	4,922,661
Operating income (loss)	198,975	(324,723)	(125,748)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest and investment revenues	25,060	17,517	42,577
Conservation fund grant	-	2,500	2,500
Donations	-	87	87
Scrap tire tax	80,405	-	80,405
White goods tax	21,089	-	21,089
Electronics tax	3,155	-	3,155
Scrap tire grant	11,607	=	11,607
Miscellaneous revenue	6,000	=	6,000
Gain (Loss) on the disposal of assets	(32,261)	303,018	270,757
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	105,461	323,122	428,583
Income (loss) before transfers	304,436	(1,601)	302,835
Transfers:			
Transfers from other funds		275,000	275,000
Change in net position	304,436	273,399	577,835
Net Position:			
Beginning of year, July 1	1,140,531	1,365,834	2,506,365
End of year, June 30	\$ 1,444,967	\$ 1,639,233	\$ 3,084,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Major	N	Nonmajor		
				Other		
		Landfill	E	Enterprise		
		Fund		Funds		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				_		
Cash received from customers	\$	4,890,600	\$	44,582	\$	4,935,182
Cash paid for goods and services		(3,774,514)		(49,439)		(3,823,953)
Cash paid to employees for services		(599,976)		(319,655)		(919,631)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	516,110		(324,512)	_	191,598
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:						
Grants and donations		-		9,122		9,122
Transfers from other funds		-		275,000		275,000
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	_	_	_	284,122		284,122
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		738,466		738,466
Acquisition of capital assets		(34,289)		-		(34,289)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(302,883)		-		(302,883)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(9,594)		-		(9,594)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities	_	(346,766)		738,466		391,700
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Interest earned on investments		25,060		10,982	_	36,042
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		194,404		709,058		903,462
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Beginning of year, July 1	_	197,693		782,404		980,097
End of year, June 30	\$	392,097	\$	1,491,462	\$	1,883,559

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Major	Nonmajor		
			Other	
	Landfill	E	nterprise	
	 Fund		Funds	 Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net				
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 198,975	\$	(324,723)	\$ (125,748)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	217,407		17,606	235,013
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Change in deferred outflow - OPEB	35,108		17,553	52,661
Change in deferred inflow - OPEB	183,747		91,874	275,621
Change in other post-employment benefits	(225,186)		(112,593)	(337,779)
Change in deferred outflow - pensions	(67,944)		(33,972)	(101,916)
Change in deferred inflow - pensions	(94,567)		(47,283)	(141,850)
Change in pensions	180,346		90,173	270,519
Change in accounts receivable	(17)		(1,731)	(1,748)
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	115,446		(11,598)	103,848
Change in compensated absences	(2,267)		(9,818)	(12,085)
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs	 (24,938)			 (24,938)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 516,110	\$	(324,512)	\$ 191,598
Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Activities:				
Loss on disposal of capital assets	\$ (32,261)	\$	(435,448)	\$ (467,709)

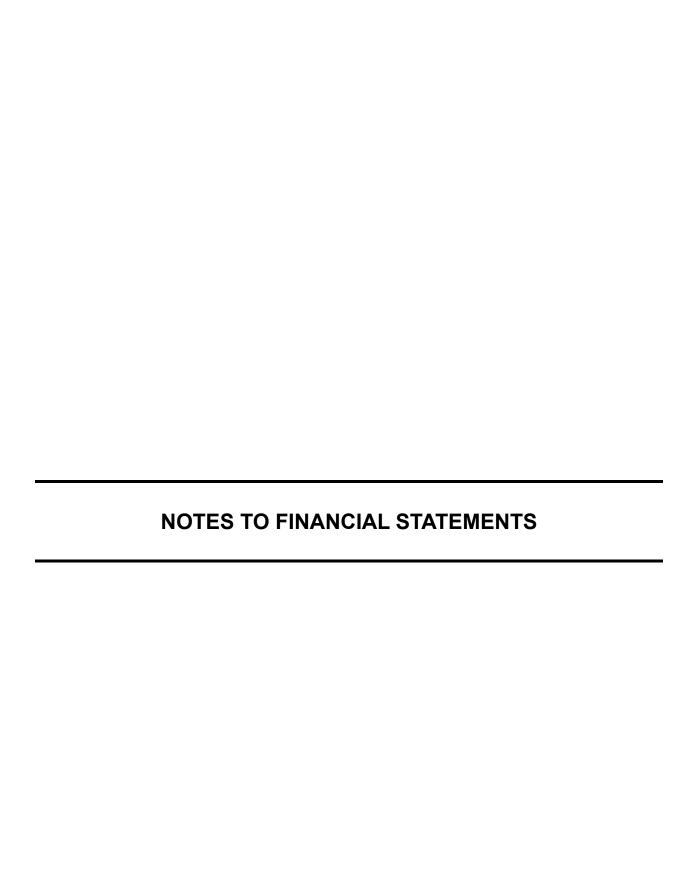
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds			
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivables for other governments, net	\$ 225,972 15,128			
Total assets	241,100			
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	18,537			
Net Position: Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 222,563			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds		
Additions:			
Ad valorem taxes for other governments	\$ 534,550		
Collections on behalf of inmates	193,032		
Total additions	727,582		
Deductions:			
Tax distributions to other governments	534,550		
Payments on behalf of inmates	188,847		
Total deductions	723,397		
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	4,185		
Net position, beginning	218,378		
Net position, ending	\$ 222,563		





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Jackson County (the "County") and its component units conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina (the "state") under North Carolina General Statute ("state law") 153A-10. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the County's combined financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a four-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Jackson County Tourism Development Authority

The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority (the "JCTDA") was established by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners, with the authorization of the North Carolina General Legislature under Session Law 2011-170 (most recently amended by North Carolina Session Law 2012-100), for the purpose of using occupancy taxes collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The JCTDA is composed of nine voting members and four ex-officio members, all who serve without compensation and are appointed by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners. Members are appointed to complete three-year terms. The JCTDA may contract with any person, firm or organization to advise and assist in carrying out its duty to promote travel and tourism within the County. Complete financial statements for the JCTDA may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority Finance Officer, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Jackson County Airport Authority

The Jackson County Airport Authority (the "Airport") exists to operate, promote, and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Airport created its own Board. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

two of the five voting members of the Airport and appoints members to complete unexpired terms. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Airport and approves amendments to the approved budget. Complete financial statements for the Jackson County Airport Authority may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Airport Authority Finance Officer, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board

The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board") was established to operate two liquor stores and to investigate violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws in the County. The first retail sales were made on May 1, 2014. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints three of the five members of the ABC Board. The ABC Board is required by state law to distribute 60% of its net profits to the General Fund of the County, which represents a financial benefit to the County. The remaining 40% of the ABC Board's net profits is required by state law to be distributed to the General Fund of the Town of Sylva. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board General Manager, 30 E. Sylva Shopping Center, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the Revaluation Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Conservation/Preservation Fund, and Health Insurance Fund. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54 guidance, these funds are consolidated in the General Fund.

Recreation Center Fund. This fund is used for the capital related needs for the recreation department. These funds are restricted for recreational expenditures.

County Capital Projects Fund. This fund is used for the capital related needs for the general government departments. These funds are restricted for general government expenditures.

Opioid Settlement Fund. This fund is used to account for settlement proceeds that are restricted for use for a particular purpose. This fund tracks the activities of that funding which will occur at least over 18 years.

American Rescue Plan Fund. This fund is used for the restricted funds related to federal funding provided through the ARP. These funds are restricted for public safety expenditures.

School Improvements Fund. This fund is used for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of state grants, installment grants, and local matching funds. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the School Capital Reserve Fund. In accordance with GASB No. 54 guidance, this fund has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.

SCC Health Science Building Fund. This fund is used for the construction of health science building at Southwestern Community College ("SCC"). The project is funds from proceeds from state grants, loan, and bond proceeds. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the SCC Health Science Building Fund.

Parks Project Fund. This fund is used for the construction of new recreational park facilities and park equipment. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the Parks Project Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Landfill Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds: the Municipal Tax Fund, which accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County but that are not revenues to the County, and the Jail Inmate Pay Fund, which holds cash deposits made to inmates as payment for work performed while incarcerated as well as cash collections for the benefit of inmates from their friends and families.

Nonmajor Funds. The County maintains 11 legally budgeted nonmajor funds. The Emergency Telephone System Fund, Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund, Fire Service Districts Fund, Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund, Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund, Economic Development Fund, and the Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as nonmajor special revenue funds. The Dillsboro Complex Project Fund, and the Greenways Project Fund are reported as nonmajor capital projects funds. The Green Energy Park Fund and the Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as nonmajor proprietary funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues and expenses of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases and IT subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property taxes other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicle taxes in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the General Fund, special revenue funds (excluding funds with multi-year budgets), and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the capital project funds and for certain special revenue fund types.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for the General Fund, at the departmental level for the special revenue and enterprise funds, and at the object level for the capital project funds. The County Manager and/or Finance Director are authorized to transfer appropriations within the following: the Finance Director may transfer amounts between line item expenditures within departmental limitation and without a report being required; the County Manager may transfer amounts between departments including contingency appropriations, within the same fund, but he must make an official report on such transfers at the following regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners; the funding for approved reclassifications may be transferred from the budgeted reserve with the approval of the County Manager. No revenues may be increased, or no funds may be transferred between funds unless formal action is taken by the Board of Commissioners. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and the component units are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the component units may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the component units may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30] authorizes the County and the component units to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the state of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT").

All investments of the County and the component units are reported at fair value.

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) is authorized by G.S. 159-30. The Government Portfolio is a 2a7 money market mutual fund, which invests in treasuries and government agencies and is rated AAAm by S&P and AAA-mf by Moody Investor Service. The Government Portfolio is reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents. The component units consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity three months or less, that are not limited to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. The unexpended debt proceeds of the Recreation Center Fund is classified as restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. Cash and cash equivalents in the American Rescue Plan Fund are considered restricted due to being unspent grant proceeds that are to be used for only eligible related expenditures. Cash and cash equivalents in the Capital Project Fund are restricted due to being only eligible for related expenditures. Money in the Opioid Fund is restricted for specific related eligible expenditures. The unexpended grant proceeds of the County Capital Project Fund is classified as restricted to the purpose for which the grants were originally issued.

	Restricted Cash Amount		Purpose
Governmental Activities:			
General Fund	\$	284,131	Revaluation Fund
Recreation Center Fund		15,226,334	Unexpended debt proceeds
American Rescue Plan Fund		600,000	Unassigned proceeds
County Capital Project Fund		2,034,349	Unexpended grant proceeds
Opioid Fund		423,943	Unexpended settlement proceeds
Total governmental activities	\$	18,568,757	

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization cost is \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Jackson County Board of Education ("Board of Education") properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Es timate d
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	50 years
Plant & distribution systems	50 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	6 years
Computer equipment	3 years

Right-to-Use Assets

The County's capital assets also include certain right to use assets. These right to use assets arise in association with agreements where the County reports a lease (only applies when the County is the lessee) or agreements where the County reports an Information Technology (IT) Subscription in accordance with the requirements of GASB 87 and GASB 96, respectively.

The right to use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made at or prior to the start of the lease term, less lease incentives received from the lessor at or prior to the start of the lease term, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease asset into service. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The right to use IT subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the subscription liability plus any subscription payments made at the start of the subscription term, if applicable, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs at the start of the subscription term, less any incentives received from the IT subscription vendor at the start of the subscription term. Subscription payments, as well as payments for capitalizable implementation costs made before the start of the subscription term should be reported as a prepayment (asset). Such prepayments should be reduced by any incentives received from the same vendor before the start of the subscription term if a right of offset exists. The net amount of the prepayments and incentives should be reported as an asset or liability, as appropriate, before the start of the subscription term at which time the amount should be included in the initial measurement of the subscription asset. The right to use subscription assets should be amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The County has several items that meet the criteria for this category — OPEB and pension related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criteria for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, unavailable revenues, (reported only on the balance sheet of the Governmental Funds) and other OPEB and pension related deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the County provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general and proprietary funds and are accounted for on an FIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either: a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law:

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State Statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories 35-J-56 and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology, for the Register of Deeds' office.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain emergency telephone system and fire safety expenditures, opioid settlement funds and allocated ARPA funds.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for economic development.

Restricted for Education – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue sources to be used for education activities, such as health science building or related capital projects.

Restricted for Recreation – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue sources to be used for recreation activities or related capital projects.

Restricted fund balance on Exhibit C differs from restricted net position on Exhibit A by the amount of Register of Deeds Pension Plan of \$111,890 and unexpended debt proceeds of \$15,226,334 as of June 30, 2023, for a net difference of \$15,114,444.

Committed Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Jackson County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Revaluation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for tax revaluation activities. This includes the legally budgeted separately Revaluation Fund that is collapsed into the General Fund.

Committed for Capital Reserve – portion of fund balance that can only be reserved until there are future capital needs. This includes the legally budgeted separately Capital Reserve Fund that is collapsed into the General Fund.

Committed for Conservation/Preservation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for environmental conservation and preservation. This includes the legally budgeted separately Conservation/Preservation Fund that is collapsed into the General Fund.

Committed for Recreation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for projects related to recreation. This includes the Dillsboro Complex Project Fund and a portion of the fund balance from the Greenways Project Fund and a portion from the Recreation Center Fund.

Committed for General Government – portion of fund balance that can only be used for projects related to general government needs. This includes the County Capital Project Fund.

Committed for Education – portion of fund balance that has been committed by the board to only be used for school related projects and needs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Assigned Fund Balance

This classification includes the portion of fund balance that Jackson County governing board has budgeted:

Assigned for Other Post-Employment Benefits – portion of fund balance that has been assigned for future expenditures related to other post-employment benefits.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy. However, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: installment loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-County funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The County does not have a formal fund balance policy. In addition, all encumbrances lapse at the end of the year. Therefore, the entire amount of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is available for appropriation.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

Jackson County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the state: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS); and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit plans. Jackson County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments for both plans are reported at fair value.

2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All of the County's and the component units' deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's or the component units' agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the component units, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the component units or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the component units under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The County and the component units have no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2023, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$18,954,889 and a bank balance of \$20,469,317. Of the bank balance, \$466,434 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$20,002,883 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The County had \$2,430 cash on hand at June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2023, the TDA's deposits had a carrying amount of \$374,589 and bank balance of \$475,675, Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$225,675 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of deposits and bank balance for the Airport was \$301,161, of which \$301,161 was covered by the Pooling Method. The Airport had \$0 in cash on hand at June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the ABC Board's deposits was \$1,351,806, and the bank balance was \$1,613,731. \$1,113,731 of the bank balance was not covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

At June 30, 2023, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation								
	Measurement				Less than	6	5-12		1-3
Investment Type	Method]	Fair Value		6 Months		onths	hs Year	
US Tresury Bills	Fair Value - Level 1	\$	12,526,435	\$	12,526,435	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Paper	Fair Value - Level 2		4,808,439		4,808,439		-		-
Federal Home Loan Bank	Fair Value - Level 1		3,398,406		3,398,406		-		-
NCCMT - Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1	_	41,011,158	_	41,011,158				_
	Total invesments	\$	61,744,438	\$	61,744,438	\$		\$	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months. The NCCMT Government Portfolio has an AAAm rating from S&P and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service.

All investments of the County are measured using the market approach; using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

At June 30, 2023, the TDA's investments consisted of \$3,000,000 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service. The Cash Portfolio has no maturity value and is measured at fair value. The TDA has no formal policy on credit risk. These amounts are included within cash on the statement of net position.

Level of Fair Value Hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level of Fair Value Hierarchy: Level 2: Debt securities valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. The County has not adopted a formal investment policy addressing interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's internal investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months. Also, the County's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than three years.

Credit Risk. The County has no formal policy regarding credit risk but limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The County's investments in the N.C. Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Services as of June 30, 2023. The County's investments in US Treasury Bills, Commercial Paper and Federal Home Loans are rated AA- by Standard and Poor's and Aa3 by Moody's Investor Services.

Property Tax – Use – Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Year				
Levied	 Tax	Iı	iterest	 Total
2023	\$ 12,147	\$	1,204	\$ 13,351
2022	133,782		19,643	153,425
2021	416,090		17,996	434,086
2020	 219,261		20,153	239,414
Total	\$ 781,280	\$	58,996	\$ 840,276

Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

		T	axes and				
	Accounts		Related Accrued]	Due From Other		
	Receivable		Interest		overnments		Total
Governmental Activities:							
General	\$ 100,345	\$	1,008,117	\$	6,331,908	\$	7,440,370
Recreation Center Fund	-		-		4,488		4,488
Opioid Fund	4,388,039		-		-		4,388,039
County Capital Project Fund	558		-		-		558
Other governmental	30,381		22,012		-		52,393
Allowance for							
doubtful accounts	 		(800,000)				(800,000)
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,519,323	\$	230,129	\$	6,336,396	\$	11,085,848
Business-Type Activities:							
Landfill	\$ 457,554	\$	-	\$	42,673	\$	500,227
Green Energy Park	3,226		-		-		3,226
Allowance for							
doubtful accounts	(70,268)	_				_	(70,268)
Total business-type activities	\$ 390,512	\$	_	\$	42,673	\$	433,185

Due from other governments that is owed to the County at year-end consists of the following:

		Sales Tax	Total		
Governmental Activities:					
General	\$	5,746,143	\$ 585,765	\$	6,331,908
Recreation Center Fund		4,488	 		4,488
Total governmental activities	\$	5,750,631	\$ 585,765	\$	6,336,396
Business-Type Activities:					
Landfill	\$	42,673	\$ -	\$	42,673

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Due To/From Other Funds

The following due to/from amounts for the County are for:

Due To/From Other Funds:

Due from General Fund to School Improvements

Capital Reserve Fund for timing of funding \$ 1,784,628

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 16,083,121	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,083,121
Construction in progress	29,742,398	11,279,085		41,021,483
Total non-depreciable capital assets	45,825,519	11,279,085		57,104,604
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	73,355,582	122,532	-	73,478,114
Equipment	8,527,439	518,705	-	9,046,144
Vehicles	6,817,862	827,819	496,299	7,149,382
Total depreciable capital assets	88,700,883	1,469,056	496,299	89,673,640
Right-to-UseAssets:				
Leased equipment	282,175	-	-	282,175
IT subscriptions		477,723		477,723
Total capital assets being amoritzed	282,175	477,723		759,898
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	26,621,681	1,431,814	-	28,053,495
Equipment	6,317,542	477,805	-	6,795,347
Vehicles	4,723,574	666,499	403,125	4,986,948
Total accumulated depreciation	37,662,797	2,576,118	403,125	39,835,790
Less Accumulated Amortization:				
Leased equipment	55,667	65,327	-	120,994
IT subscriptions	<u> </u>	111,458	<u> </u>	111,458
Total accumulated amortization	55,667	176,785		232,452
Total capital assets being amoritzed, net	226,508			527,446
Total depreciable capital assets, net	51,038,086			49,837,850
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 97,090,113			\$ 107,469,900

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 1,080,918
Public safety	760,723
Transportation	117,140
Economic and physical development	28,238
Human services	203,309
Culture and recreation	 562,575
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 2,752,903

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Landfill Fund:				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 146,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,368
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings and improvements	1,996,343	-	-	1,996,343
Plant and distribution systems	3,545,486	-	-	3,545,486
Furniture and maintenance equipment	1,161,998	34,289	34,259	1,162,028
Total depreciable capital assets	6,703,827	34,289	34,259	6,703,857
Right-to-Use Assets:				
Leased equipment	223,578			223,578
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	1,197,040	58,848	-	1,255,888
Plant and distribution systems	854,910	70,955	-	925,865
Furniture and maintenance equipment	1,050,953	18,236	1,998	1,067,191
Total accumulated depreciation	3,102,903	148,039	1,998	3,248,944
Less Accumulated Amortization:				
Leased equipment	67,145	69,368		136,513
Total depreciable capital assets, net	3,757,357			3,541,978
Landfill Fund capital assets, net	\$ 3,903,725			\$ 3,688,346

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Economic Development Fund:				
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 1,403,838	\$ -	\$ 620,612	\$ 783,226
Equipment	15,040			15,040
Total depreciable capital assets	1,418,878		620,612	798,266
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	420,132	15,665	185,164	250,633
Equipment	15,040			15,040
Total accumulated depreciation	435,172	15,665	185,164	265,673
Total depreciable capital assets, net	983,706			532,593
Economic Development Fund				
capital assets, net	\$ 983,706			\$ 532,593
Green Energy Park Fund:				
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 48,228	-	-	\$ 48,228
Equipment	70,661			70,661
Total depreciable capital assets	118,889			118,889
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	12,621	964	-	13,585
Equipment	61,934	977		62,911
Total accumulated depreciation	74,555	1,941		76,496
Total depreciable capital assets, net	44,334			42,393
Green Energy Park Fund				
capital assets, net	\$ 44,334			\$ 42,393

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

At June 20, 2023, the County has constructions commitments as follows:

					I	Remaining
Project:	Contractor:	 Contract	Sp	ent-to-Date	Commitment	
Aquatics Center	New Atlantic Contracting, Inc.	\$ 21,270,578	\$	8,987,275	\$	12,283,303
Blue Ridge School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.	1,750,000		1,439,292		310,708
Dillsboro Complex	H&M Constructors	4,599,344		114,984		4,484,360
Fairview Elementary School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.	1,874,300		1,590,623		283,677
Smokey Mtn Elem School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.	850,000		555,693		294,307
Smoky Mtn High School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.	 2,548,000		1,655,740		892,260
		\$ 32,892,222	\$	14,343,607	\$	18,548,615

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	eginning alances	<u>In</u>	creases	Decrea	ises	Ending Balances
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 12,301	\$		\$		\$ 12,301
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings	864,837		10,051		-	874,888
Furniture and equipment	 300,088					 300,088
Total depreciable capital assets:	 1,164,925		10,051			 1,174,976
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	172,949		24,323		-	197,272
Furniture and equipment	195,797		30,603			 226,400
Total accumulated depreciation	 368,746		54,926			 423,672
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 796,179					 751,304
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$ 808,480					\$ 763,605

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Vendors	1	Contact Retainage		Salaries and Benefits	Total
Governmental Activities:	 v chaors		recumage	_	Deficites	 Total
General Fund	\$ 1,888,809	\$	_	\$	1,160,625	\$ 3,049,434
School Improvements Fund	852		275,860		-	276,712
Parks Project Fund	16,149		-		-	16,149
County Capital Projects Fund	6,600		-		-	6,600
Recreation Center Fund	930,443		473,014		-	1,403,457
Other governmental	 122,574		114,984		<u>-</u>	 237,558
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,965,427	\$	863,858	\$	1,160,625	\$ 4,989,910
Business-Type Activities:						
Landfill	\$ 71,886	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 71,886
Other proprietary	 14,545		_		<u> </u>	 14,545
Total business-type activities	\$ 86,431	\$		\$	_	\$ 86,431

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The state's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 13.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.16% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$2,589,492 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Refunds of Contributions. County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$12,354,727 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.21900% (measured as of June 30, 2022), which was an increase of 0.00138% from its proportion as of June 30, 2022 (measured as of June 30, 2021).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,481,251. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	532,354	\$	52,194	
Changes of assumptions		1,232,725		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,083,366		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		330,384		-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,589,492			
Total	\$	8,768,321	\$	52,194	

\$2,589,492 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30	Amount			
2024	\$	1,967,695		
2025		1,671,990		
2026		541,556		
2027		1,945,394		
Total	\$	6,126,635		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general and law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled, and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. public plan population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions and methods used in the December 31, 2021, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience prepared as of December 31, 2019, and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 28, 2021.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns, and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income returns projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	33.0%	0.9%
Global equity	38.0%	6.5%
Real estate	8.0%	5.9%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.2%
Opportunistic fixed income	7.0%	5.0%
Inflation sensitive	<u>6.0</u> %	2.7%
Total	100.0%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease (5.50%)		Current (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	22,298,692	\$	12,354,727	\$	4,160,323	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. Jackson County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2021, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	10
Active plan members	58
Total	68

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2021 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 4.31

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ended December 31, 2019.

Mortality Rates

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

Deaths after Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Deaths after Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

Deaths after Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Contributions. The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$140,096 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a total pension liability of \$2,707,798. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, based on a December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$371,802.

	Οι	Deferred outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	380,033	\$	852	
Changes of assumptions		325,472		397,927	
Benefit payments and administrative expense					
subsequent to the measurement date		121,269			
Total	\$	826,774	\$	398,779	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

\$121,269 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County benefits payments and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as of June 30 were as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2024	\$ 160,006
2025	148,670
2026	43,563
2027	(32,086)
2028	(13,427)
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 306,726

Sensitivity of the County's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.31 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.31 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Current	19	% Increase
		(3.31%)		(4.31%)		(5.31%)
Total pension liability	\$	2,905,774	\$	2,707,798	\$	2,526,444

Summary of Changes in Total Pension Liability – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	Pension Liability			
Beginning balance	\$	2,810,783		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		125,881		
Interest on the total pension liability		61,667		
Differences between expected and actual experience				
in the measurement of the total pension liability		276,675		
Changes of assumption of other inputs		(427,112)		
Benefit payments		(140,096)		
Ending balance of total pension liability	\$	2,707,798		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.25 percent at December 31, 2021 to 4.31 percent at December 31, 2022.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The state's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$245,348, which consisted of \$169,248 from the County and \$76,100 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. The County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a non-contributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county Register of Deeds who is retired under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the state of North Carolina. The state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$4,290 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported an asset of \$67,212 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.50764% (measured as of June 30, 2022), which was a decrease of 0.04357% from its proportion as of June 30, 2022 (measured as of June 30, 2021).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$18,552. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	517	\$	1,218	
Changes of assumptions		3,559		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		27,935		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		9,594		-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,290		_	
Total	\$	45,895	\$	1,218	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

\$4,290 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	A	mount
2024	\$	14,893
2025		9,169
2026		9,300
2027		7,025
Total	\$	40,387

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.00 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for LGERS for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc cost of living adjustment amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple-year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 99.9% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2022 is 1.1%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmarks averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension asset is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.00%) than the current rate:

	 Decrease 2.00%)			19	% Increase (4.00%)
County's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (77,471)	\$	(67,212)	\$	(114,392)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the state of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of December 31, 2022, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2021. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is a summary of the County's pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$12,354,727	N/A	\$ (67,212)	\$12,287,515
Proportion of the net pension				
liability (asset)	0.21900%	N/A	-0.50764%	-
Total pension liability	-	2,707,798	-	2,707,798
Pension expense	3,481,251	371,802	18,552	3,871,605

At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 LGERS	LEOSSA		A ROD		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$ 532,354	\$	380,033	\$	517	\$	912,904
Changes of assumptions	1,232,725		325,472		3,559		1,561,756
Net difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments	4,083,366		-		27,935		4,111,301
Changes in proportion and differences							
between County contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions	330,384		-		9,594		339,978
County contributions (LGERS,ROD)/benefit							
payments and administration costs (LEOSSA)							
subsequent to the measurement date	 2,589,492	_	121,269		4,290	_	2,715,051
Totals	\$ 8,768,321	\$	826,774	\$	45,895	\$	9,640,990
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	\$ 52,194	\$	852	\$	1,218	\$	54,264
Changes of assumptions	-		397,927		-		397,927
Totals	\$ 52,194	\$	398,779	\$	1,218	\$	452,191

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Deferred Compensation Plan

County employees can elect to participate in a County-sponsored deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and administered by Nationwide Investment Services Corporation. The Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future year. The deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The County does not contribute to this plan. Contributions to the 457 Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$5,260 from the employees.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits Plan

Plan Description. Under a County resolution, Jackson County administers the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB Plan), single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (NCLGERS). In addition to participating in the NCLGERS, to be eligible general employees must meet the following criteria applicable to their specific hire date: the general employee must be sixty years of age and have accumulated ten consecutive vesting credit years with the County if hired before January 18, 2001; the general employee must be sixty years of age and have accumulated fifteen consecutive vesting credit years with the County if hired on or after January 18, 2001, but before July 1, 2013; the general employee must be sixty years of age and have accumulated twenty consecutive vesting credit years with the County if hired on or after July 1, 2013; the general employee must have thirty consecutive vesting credit years with the County if they have not reached the age of sixty, if hired before July 1, 2013; the general employee must have thirty consecutive vesting credit years with twenty of thirty being with the County if the employee has not reached the age of sixty, and was hired on or after July 1, 2013. In addition to participating in NCLGERS, to be eligible law enforcement officers must meet the following criteria applicable to their specific hire date: the officer must be fifty-five years of age and have accumulated twenty consecutive vesting credit years with the County regardless of hire date; the officer must have thirty consecutive vesting credit years with the County if the officer has not reached fifty-five years of age, and was hired before July 1, 2013; the officer must have thirty consecutive vesting credit year with twenty of thirty being with the County if the officer has not reached fifty-five years of age, and was hired on or after July 1, 2013. The County will pay the full cost of retiree health insurance, obtained through private insurers, until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, at which time the County will pay for a Medicare Supplement plan. Health care, prescription drugs, and dental coverage are provided in the County's retiree healthcare plan to retirees under the age of sixty-five. Medicare eligible retirees are provided with a Medicare Supplement plan, and dependents are eligible but must pay the full premium. The retiree may continue dependent coverage (and pay the premium for this coverage) if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. Medicare prescription drug coverage is provided through the County's \$192 per month for Medicare prescription coverage.

A separate report was not issued for the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Plan Membership. At June 30, 2021, the HCB Plan membership consisted of the following:

138
381
519

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	0.75 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent

Salary increases, including 3.25 to 8.41 percent for general employees, wage inflation including inflation and productivity factor

3.25 to 7.90 percent for law enforcement officers,

including inflation and productivity factor

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.00% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of

4.50% by 2031 for Pre-Medicare

5.125% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of

4.50% by 2024 for Medicare

Dental 3.50 percent

The County selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by the Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the TOL.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021, valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Summary of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEI Liability			
Beginning balance, July 1, 2022	\$	63,134,416		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		2,125,170		
Interest on the total pension liability		1,396,319		
Difference between expected and actual experience				
in the measurement of the total pension liability		(314,650)		
Changes of assumption or other inputs		(13,229,196)		
Benefit payments		(1,236,948)		
Ending balance, June 30, 2023	\$	51,875,111		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2023, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.54%)		Current (3.54%)	1% Increase (4.54%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	61,002,961	\$ 51,875,111	\$	44,658,806	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2023, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

<u>1%</u>]		6 Decrease	 Current	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	51,225,274	\$ 51,875,111	\$	52,451,828	

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16 percent in 2021 to 3.54 percent in 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$1,387,497. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		De fe rre d]	Deferred
	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of	
			Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	141,366	\$	3,266,005
Changes of assumptions		8,471,633		12,732,601
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,704,016		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	10,317,015	\$	15,998,606

\$1,704,016 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2024	\$ (2,111,945)
2025	(1,387,886)
2026	(806,050)
2027	(375,686)
2028	(1,937,404)
Thereafter	(766,636)
Total	\$ (7,385,607)

Other Employment Benefits – Death Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("System"), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Post-Closure Care Costs - Landfill Facility

State and federal laws and regulations required the County to place a final cover on its landfill facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. The landfill has been closed but will be monitored for the next 14 years. Post-closure costs are included in operating expenses of the current year. The \$1,531,820 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2023, represents estimated future post-closure costs based on engineering estimates prepared at and shortly after closure. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test, which is one option under state and federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post-closure care requirements.

Long-Term Debt

Leases

The County has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

On July 1, 2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 40-month lease as lessee for the use of gym equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$39,520. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$16,841. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$991. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$16,547 at June 30, 2023. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On July 1, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 39-month lease as lessee for the use of gym equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$42,516. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$17,466. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$1,092. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$21,213 at June 30, 2023. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

On 7/1/2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 37-month lease as lessee for the use of solid waste equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$52,108. As of 6/30/2023, the value of the lease liability of \$19,639. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$1,403. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 0%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$19,037 at June 30, 2023. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On July 1, 2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 28-month lease as lessee for the use of solid waste equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$74,213. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability of \$39,145. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$2,644. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 2.6%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$37,716 at June 30, 2023. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On July 1, 2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 42-month lease as lessee for the use of solid waste equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$97,257. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability of \$31,218. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$1,643. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.3%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$30,312 at June 30, 2023. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On August 1, 2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Copiers for all General Fund departments. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$200,141. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$130,139. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$3,720. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 3.0%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$123,421 at June 30, 2023. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending					
June 30	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
2024	\$	66,257	\$	3,375	\$ 69,632
2025		51,845		2,120	53,965
2026		43,819		827	44,646
2027		2,525		9	2,534
2028		_		_	-
Total	\$	164,446	\$	6,331	\$ 170,777

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Business-Type Activities:

Year Ending

June 30	P	rincipal	Inte	erest	Total
2024	\$	48,129	\$	_	\$ 48,129
2025		41,873			 41,873
Total	\$	90,002	\$		\$ 90,002

Subscriptions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (Subscriptions). The Statement provides a definition of Subscriptions and provides uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for such transactions. The guidance will decrease diversity in the accounting and financial reporting for these transactions, thereby, increasing comparability in financial reporting among governments. Further, the reporting of a subscription asset (a right-to-use intangible capital asset) and a subscription liability will enhance the relevance and reliability of the financial statements.

On July 1, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 60-month subscription for the use of Office Software Project. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$288,221. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$227,021. Jackson County, North Carolina, is required to make annual fixed payments of \$65,484. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0857%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023, of \$288,221 with accumulated amortization of \$57,644 is included with IT Subscription Class activities in the capital assets table.

On August 20, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of Google - Workspace. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$180,508. As of June 30,2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$121,570. Jackson County, North Carolina, is required to make annual fixed payments of \$58,938. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.8710%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023, of \$180,508 with accumulated amortization of \$51,978 is included with IT Subscription Class activities in the capital assets table.

On July 1, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 58-month subscription for the use of VMware vSphere Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,994. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$6,826. Jackson County, North Carolina, is required to make annual fixed payments of \$2,587. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0857%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023, of \$8,994 with accumulated amortization of \$1,836 is included with IT Subscription Class activities in the capital assets table.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows for IT subscriptions:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	Total
2024	\$ 114,786	\$	10,706	\$ 125,492
2025	121,328		7,289	128,617
2026	59,936		3,681	63,617
2027	59,367		1,832	 61,199
Total	\$ 355,417	\$	23,508	\$ 378,925

The County's long-term debt for governmental activities at June 30, 2023, was comprised of the following:

ionowing.	
Direct Placements A \$10,295,446 note was executed on July 16, 2009, and refinanced on December 28, 2011 and March 16, 2015, for the renovation of the historic courthouse, construction of the new public library, and projects at Southwestern Community College. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$343,182. In addition, 2.49 percent interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	\$ 1,029,545
A \$10,000,000 note was executed on October 25, 2012 for the construction of a gymnasium and performing arts center at Smoky Mountain High School, and renovation of locker rooms at Blue Ridge High School. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$333,333. In addition, 2.79% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	2,999,998
A \$3,058,734 note was executed on December 19, 2012, for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction and equipping of a new Aging Facility located at the Webster Complex and is payable in 22 semi-annual payments of \$139,033. In addition, 2.27% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	139,033
A \$9,000,000 noninterest bearing note was executed on March 22, 2017, for the construction and renovation of Jackson County Public Schools and is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$300,000. Principal payments are appropriated when due.	5,400,000
A \$10,000,000 note was executed on January 8, 2019, for the Community College and is payable in 40 semi-annual payments of \$250,000. In addition, 3.81% interest is payable and appropriated when due.	 8,000,000
Total	\$ 17,568,576

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Repayment requirements of the notes payable for governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, are:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 2,592,063	\$ 420,388	\$ 3,012,451
2025	2,109,848	349,382	2,459,230
2026	1,766,666	303,787	2,070,453
2027	1,766,666	266,137	2,032,803
2028	1,433,333	228,487	1,661,820
2029-2033	4,900,000	730,400	5,630,400
2034-2038	2,500,000	357,185	2,857,185
2039	 500,000	14,287	 514,287
Total	\$ 17,568,576	\$ 2,670,053	\$ 20,238,629

General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's General Fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. In the event of a default, the County agrees to pay to the purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the County under this agreement.

The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2023, are comprised of the following issues:

A \$20,000,000 general obligation bond was executed on June 16, 2022, for the indoor pool facilities Series 2022 and is payable in 15 annual principal payments of \$1,334,000 and semi annual interest payments at 3.228%.

18,666,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	_1	nterest	Total
2024	\$ 1,334,000	\$	602,538	\$ 1,936,538
2025	1,334,000		559,477	1,893,477
2026	1,334,000		516,415	1,850,415
2027	1,334,000		473,354	1,807,354
2028	1,333,000		430,292	1,763,292
2029-2033	6,665,000		1,506,023	8,171,023
2034-2038	5,332,000		430,292	 5,762,292
Total	\$ 18,666,000	\$	4,518,391	\$ 23,184,391

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The County's long-term debt for business-type activities at June 30, 2023, was comprised of the following:

Direct Placement

A \$2,815,207 note was executed on November 27, 2012, for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction of the Municipal Solid Waste Facility, payable in 24 semi-annual payments of \$117,300 including interest of 2.37%. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

\$ 351,900

Repayment requirements of the note payable for business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, are:

Year Ending					
June 30	F	Principal	Ir	iterest	Total
2024	\$	234,600	\$	6,950	\$ 241,550
2025		117,300		1,390	118,690
Total	\$	351,900	\$	8,340	\$ 360,240

All notes' payables held by the County for both governmental activities and business-type activities are classified as installment purchases resulting from direct placements. General obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the governmental funds which are being retired by resources from users are reported as long-term debt in the governmental funds. All outstanding debt is collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. In the event of a default, possession of the asset which the debt was incurred for, passes to the lender.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

	Beginning Balances															etirements		Ending Balances	Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities:																					
Direct Placement -																					
installment purchases	\$	20,629,840	\$	-	\$	3,061,264	\$	17,568,576	\$	2,592,063											
General obligation bonds		20,000,000		-		1,334,000		18,666,000		1,334,000											
Lease liabilities		229,485		-		65,039		164,446		66,257											
IT subscriptions		-		477,723		122,306		355,417		114,786											
Compensated absences		1,949,024		1,577,863		1,644,872		1,882,015		471,254											
Net pension liability - LGERS		3,284,569		8,746,796		-		12,031,365		-											
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		2,810,783		37,111		140,096		2,707,798		-											
Total OPEB liability		61,665,060		-		10,921,526		50,743,534		-											
Total governmental activities	\$	110,568,761	\$	10,839,493	\$	17,289,103	\$	104,119,151	\$	4,578,360											
		Beginning						Ending		Due Within											
		Balances	_	Additions	R	etirements	_	Balances		One Year											
Landfill Fund:																					
Direct Placement -																					
installment purchases	\$	586,501	\$	-	\$	234,601	\$	351,900	\$	234,600											
Lease liabilities		158,284		-		68,282		90,002		48,129											
Landfill closure and																					
post-closure costs		1,556,758		16,770		41,708		1,531,820		-											
Compensated absences		22,317		14,100		16,367		20,050		5,013											
Net pension liability - LGERS		42,117		180,346		-		222,463		-											
Total OPEB liability		1,041,443		-		225,186		816,257													
Total business-type activities	\$	3,407,420	\$	211,216	\$	586,144	\$	3,032,492	\$	287,742											
		Beginning Balances		Additions	R	etirements		Ending Balances		Due Within One Year											
Green Energy Park Fund:		- Landing Co		- Idditions		CHI CHICHES		Duitilies		One rear											
Compensated absences	\$	21,290	\$	3,682	\$	13,500	\$	11,472	\$	2,868											
Net pension liability - LGERS	Φ	10,726	Ф	90,173	Ф	13,300	Φ	100,899	Φ	2,000											
Total OPEB liability		427,913		70,173		112,593		315,320		-											
•	•		\$	93,855	\$	126,093	•	427,691	•	2,868											
Total business-type activities	\$	459,929	Ф	93,833	Þ	120,093	\$	427,091	\$	2,008											

At June 30, 2023, Jackson County had a legal debt margin of approximately \$917,795,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:

At June 30, 2023, deferred inflows/outflows of resources for Jackson County consisted of the following:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Governmental Activities:						
LGERS	\$	8,544,354	\$	51,149		
LEOSSA		826,774		398,779		
RODSPF		45,895		1,218		
OPEB		10,007,504		15,518,648		
Prepaid taxes		<u>-</u>		90,574		
Total governmental activities	\$	19,424,527	\$	16,060,368		
Business-Type Activities:						
Landfill Fund:						
LGERS	\$	155,006	\$	694		
OPEB		206,340		319,972		
Total Landfill Fund		361,346	_	320,666		
Green Energy Park Fund:						
LGERS		68,961		351		
OPEB		103,171		159,986		
Total Green Energy Park Fund		172,132		160,337		
Total business-type activities	\$	533,478	\$	481,003		

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2023, is computed as follows:

	_	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			
Capital assets, net	\$	107,469,900	\$	4,263,332		
Less capital debt:						
Gross debt		36,754,439		441,902		
School debt related to assets to which the						
the County does not hold title		(8,399,998)		-		
Unexpended debt proceeds		(15,226,334)				
Net capital debt		13,128,107		441,902		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	94,341,793	\$	3,821,430		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Transfers:

From the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund for	
future construction projects	\$ 1,000,000
From the General Fund to the Economic Development	
Commission Special Revenue Fund for operations	100,000
From the General Fund to the School Capital Reserve Fund	
for future school construction projects	4,399,112
From the General Fund to the Revaluation Fund for operations	350,500
From the General Fund to the Emergency Telephone Fund for	
unallowed expenditures	796,464
From the General Fund to the Green Energy Park Fund for	
operations	275,000
From the General Fund to the County Capital Projects Fund for	
future capital improvements	2,138,032
From the General Fund to the Conservation/Preservation Fund	
for conservation expenditures	800,000
From the General Fund to the Parks Project Fund for future projects	1,868,454
From the General Fund to the Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund for grant operations	23,000
From American Rescue Plan Fund to General Fund for revenue replacement	7,713,847
From the School Capital Reserve Fund to the General Fund	
for debt service	819,088

Fund Balance - General Fund

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy. However, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: installment loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-County funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this practice if it is in the best interest of the County.

The County formal fund balance policy is to maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of no less than 25% of the total projected of the total project expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance in excess of 25% is available for general appropriation during the budget year as approved by the Commissioners. The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of fund balance, in the General Fund, that is available for appropriation:

	Ju	ine 30, 2023			
Total fund balance - General Fund	\$	49,994,142			
Amounts not available for appropriation:					
Stabilization by state statute		(6,432,253)			
Fund balance available for appropriation	\$	43,561,889			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

3. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in one self-funded risk-financing pool administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through this pool, the County obtains worker's compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The pool is audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. The pool is reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrences losses of \$350,000 for worker's compensation.

The County carries commercial coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$47.246 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, and professional liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and health insurance for County employees. The County carries commercial coverage for single occurrences losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage, and crime coverage.

The County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Chairman of the Board, County Manager, Director of Finance, are each individually bonded for \$1,000,000 and the Tax Collector is individually bonded for \$250,000. The Register of Deeds and Sheriff are bonded for \$50,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$250,000 for public employee dishonesty and \$75,000 for theft.

The County carries flood insurance through a commercial carrier for damages up to \$1,000,000 for areas excluding those located in an area of the state that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake, or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The County has no property located in an "A" area, and therefore has not purchased additional coverage through the National Flood Insurance Plan.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The JCTDA and the Airport are exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Airport Authority and the JCTDA carry commercial insurance for these risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4. Joint Ventures

Fontana Regional Library

The County participates in a joint venture to operate the Fontana Regional Library ("Library") with five other local governments. Each participating county may appoint three Board members to the nine-member Board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2023. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County contributed \$1,290,482 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library may be obtained from the Library's offices at Post Office Box 460, Bryson City, North Carolina, 28713.

Southwestern Community College

The County, in conjunction with the state of North Carolina and the Jackson County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Southwestern Community College ("Community College"). The County appoints five members and the state and the Board of Education each appoint four members of the thirteen-member Board of Trustees of the Community College. The Community College is included as a component unit of the state. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. The County contributed \$2,534,382 and \$247,982 to the community college for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2023. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at 275 Webster Road, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority

The County, in conjunction with the Towns of Sylva, Dillsboro and Webster, participates in the Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority (the "TWSA"). The chairman of the TWSA appoints one member from each participating government and three members at large. The TWSA is a joint venture established in 1992 to provide safe, clean drinking water and to provide safe and sanitary disposal of sewage to and for the citizens of Jackson County. The TWSA has been in existence since 1992; however, the County remains financially responsible under the provisions of Chapter 1 62A, Article 1 of the North Carolina General Statutes to provide water and sewer services in the event of default by the TWSA. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2023. Complete financial statements for the TWSA can be obtained from the TWSA's administrative offices at 1246 West Main Street, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

Mental Health

The County, in conjunction with fourteen other county governments, participates in a joint venture to operate the Vaya Health Center, ("Vaya LME"), a local management entity. The fifteen counties participating in the Vaya Health LME are represented by a county commissioner. Within available resources, the County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the LME because it is legally obligated to provide mental health services either directly or jointly with other counties. None of the participating counties has any equity interest in the LME, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2023. The County contributed \$123,081 to the Vaya Health LME to fund operations during fiscal year June 30, 2023. Complete financial statements for the Vaya Health LME may be obtained from the Vaya Health LME's offices at 128 Sylva Plaza, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

5. Jointly Governed Organizations

Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission

The County, in conjunction with seven other counties and 15 municipalities, established the Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission ("Commission"). The participating governments established the Commission to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Commission's 22-member governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$33,905 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

6. Related Party Transactions

The County and its discretely presented component units engaged in the following transactions during the year ended June 30, 2023:

Jackson	County	ABC Board:
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Payments to the County for alcohol education	\$ 61,705
Payments to the County for profit distributions	480,000
Payments to the County for law enforcement	44,075
Total	\$ 585,780
Jackson County Tourism Development Authority: Payments of occupancy tax due to the Authority	
	\$ 297,750

7. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

Revenue appropriations from Jackson County

The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

\$ 31,000

Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2023, the County was defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the County's financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Opioid Settlement Funds

In April 2022, drug manufacturer Johnson & Johnson and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmerisourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of the funds will be front loaded.

North Carolina's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 15% directly to the state ("State Abatement Fund")
- 80% to abatement funds established by Local Governments ("Local Abatement Funds")
- 5% to a County Incentive Fund

The County received \$125,634 and \$298,309 as part of this settlement in fiscal years 2022, and 2023. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted until expended. No funds have been expended as of June 30, 2023. The MOA offered the County two options of expending the funds. The County opted for Option B, which allows a wide array of strategies to address the impact of the opioid epidemic. At year end a receivable of \$4,388,039 was recorded to accrue the full amount of proceeds estimated to be received over the life of the allocation.

Reimbursement for Pandemic-Related Expenditures

In fiscal year 2020-2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The County was allocated \$8,534,441 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$4,267,221 was received in June 2021. The second installment of \$4,267,220 was received in June 2022. County staff and the Board of Commissioners elected to use \$184,128 of the ARPA funds for public safety equipment and \$36,466 for the beginning of capital project needs in the 2022 fiscal year, and used \$7,713,847 in fiscal year 2023, for revenue replacement. The remaining funds of \$600,000 have not yet been appropriated, but the County is discussing using the funds for additional Capital Project Fund needs.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of the County's Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in Other Post-Employment Benefits and Related Ratios
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Other Post-Employment Benefits
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Contributions

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.21900%	0.21762%	0.22097%	0.22819%	0.23003%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 12,354,727	\$ 3,337,412	\$ 7,896,199	\$ 6,231,691	\$ 5,457,098
County's covered payroll	\$ 18,056,545	\$ 17,692,288	\$ 17,285,086	\$ 17,156,591	\$ 16,242,520
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	68.42%	18.86%	45.68%	36.32%	33.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability**	84.14%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.24867%	0.23779%	0.23674%	0.33193%	0.33680%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,798,989	\$ 5,046,700	\$ 1,062,475	\$ (1,403,478)	\$ 2,984,531
County's covered payroll	\$ 16,337,368	\$ 15,339,109	\$ 14,661,544	\$ 14,595,534	\$ 14,386,674
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	23.25%	32.90%	7.25%	-9.62%	20.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability**	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

JACKSON COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2001	00101111		 ojees reem	·	one System			
	20	023	2022		2021	2020		2019
Contractually required contributions	\$ 2,5	589,492	\$ 2,069,273	\$	1,814,755	\$ 1,568,779	\$	1,350,670
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,5	589,492	 2,069,273		1,814,755	1,568,779	_	1,350,670
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
County's covered payroll	\$ 21,	112,961	\$ 18,056,545	\$	17,692,288	\$ 17,285,086	\$	17,156,591
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.26%	11.46%		10.26%	9.08%		7.87%

JACKSON COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2000	 T IIIII EII EII E	 iojees rieur	~	ene Sjacem			
	2018	2017		2016	2015		2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,240,857	\$ 1,214,999	\$	1,044,564	\$ 1,040,014	\$	1,035,268
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,240,857	 1,214,999		1,044,564	 1,040,014	_	1,035,268
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
County's covered payroll	\$ 16,242,520	\$ 16,337,368	\$	15,339,109	\$ 14,661,544	\$	14,595,534
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.64%	7.44%		6.81%	7.09%		7.09%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

		2023	2022	2021	2020
Beginning balance	\$ 2	2,810,783	\$ 2,828,932	\$ 2,007,304	\$ 1,715,041
Service cost		125,881	121,759	74,189	66,976
Interest on the total pension liability		61,667	53,139	63,028	60,183
Differences between expected and					
actual experience in the measurement of					
the total pension liability		276,675	23,890	153,664	234,536
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(427,112)	(65,749)	678,601	53,908
Benefit payments		(140,096)	(151,188)	(147,854)	(123,340)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 2	2,707,798	\$ 2,810,783	\$ 2,828,932	\$ 2,007,304

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Note: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 1,746,345	\$ 1,450,570	\$ 1,457,331
Service cost	64,455	59,012	57,251
Interest on the total pension liability	53,912	54,527	50,569
Differences between expected and			
actual experience in the measurement of			
the total pension liability	(8,347)	162,075	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(60,795)	96,079	(32,913)
Benefit payments	(80,529)	(75,918)	(81,668)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 1,715,041	\$ 1,746,345	\$ 1,450,570

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Total pension liability	\$ 2,707,798	\$ 2,810,783	\$ 2,828,932	\$ 2,007,304
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,058,913	\$ 2,760,155	\$ 2,545,474	\$ 2,561,837
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	88.52%	101.83%	111.14%	78.35%

Notes to the Schedules:

Jackson County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Note: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 1,715,041	\$ 1,746,345	\$ 1,450,570
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,344,325	\$ 2,422,322	\$ 2,185,217
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	73.16%	72.09%	66.38%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

Health Retiree Plan

	2023	2022	2021
Service cost	\$ 2,125,170	\$ 1,929,053	\$ 1,256,798
Interest	1,396,319	1,301,095	1,594,845
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	(314,650)	76,653	(509,796)
Changes of assumptions	(13,229,196)	3,317,636	11,115,752
Benefit payments	(1,236,948)	(863,338)	 (782,259)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(11,259,305)	5,761,099	 12,675,340
Total OPEB liability - beginning	63,134,416	57,373,317	 44,697,977
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$51,875,111	\$63,134,416	\$ 57,373,317
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,354,083	\$ 16,354,083	\$ 16,100,312
Total OPEB liability as a			
percentage of covered employee payroll	317.20%	386.05%	356.35%

Notes to the Required Schedules:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2023	3.54%
2022	2.16%
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

Note: The OPEB schedule in the required supplementary information is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

Health Retiree Plan

	 2020	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 1,806,653	\$ 1,919,639	\$ 2,179,388
Interest	1,888,493	1,733,478	1,546,018
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	(6,958,626)	285,749	57,853
Changes of assumptions	(106,853)	(2,896,912)	(5,179,868)
Benefit payments	 (949,091)	 (1,423,053)	 (1,126,877)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(4,319,424)	 (381,099)	 (2,523,486)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	49,017,401	49,398,500	51,921,986
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 44,697,977	\$ 49,017,401	\$ 49,398,500
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,100,312	\$ 15,148,982	\$ 15,148,982
Total OPEB liability as a			
percentage of covered employee payroll	277.62%	323.57%	326.08%

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	-0.50764%	-0.55121%	-0.60440%	-0.56488%	-0.61492%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (67,212)	\$ (105,904)	\$ (138,516)	\$ (111,519)	\$ (101,849)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	139.04%	156.53%	173.62%	164.11%	153.31%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

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	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	-0.67648%	-0.66058%	-0.47653%	-0.46101%	-0.45802%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (115,468)	\$ (123,502)	\$ (110,431)	\$ (104,937)	\$ (97,833)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

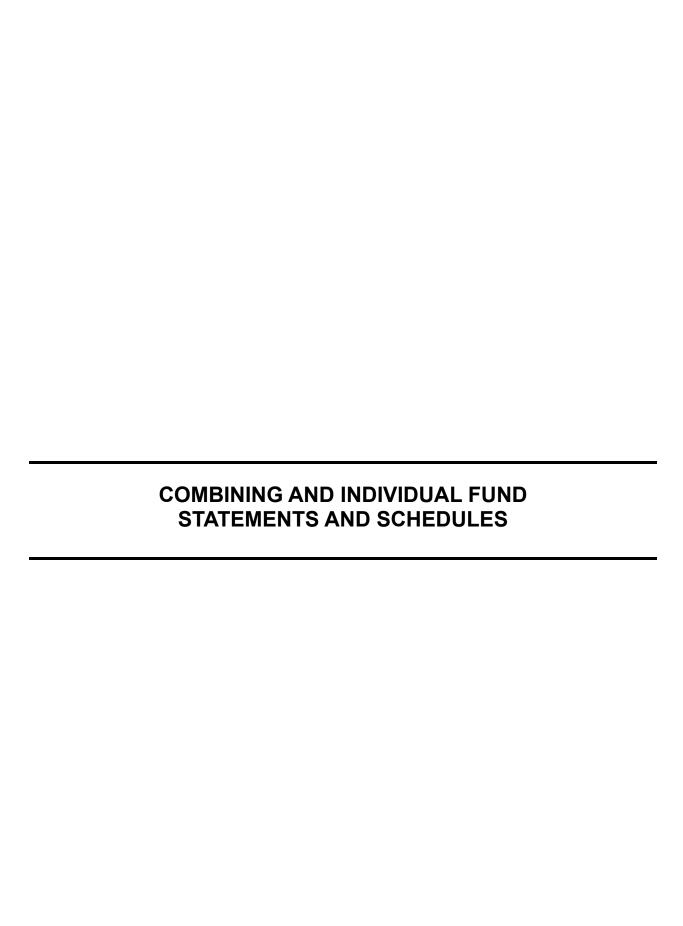
JACKSON COUNTY'S SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,290	\$ 5,820	\$ 6,615	\$ 5,787	\$ 5,369
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 4,290	 5,820	 6,615	 5,787	 5,369
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

JACKSON COUNTY'S SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

=8									
		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,262	\$	5,878	\$	5,397	\$	3,813	\$ 3,764
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		5,262		5,878		5,397		3,813	 3,764
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$







MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND: The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

- Revaluation Fund This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the
 octennial revaluation of real property. *
- Capital Reserve Fund This fund is used to account for any capital outlay expenditures
 approved by the County's Board of Commissioners. The projects in this fund will be financed
 primarily with operating transfers from other funds. *
- Conservation/Preservation Fund This fund accounts for federal grants received and expended for environmental protection. *
- Health Insurance Fund This fund accounts for the County's health insurance program.*

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

- **School Improvements Fund** This fund is used to account for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of State grants, installment debt, and local matching funds.
- School Capital Reserve Fund This fund was established to account for revenues restricted for the construction and renovation of County schools.**

SCC HEALTH SCIENCE BUILDING FUND: The SCC Health Science Building Fund is a capital project fund establish for the construction of the health science building on Southwestern Community College's ("SCC") campus.

PARKS PROJECT FUND: The Parks Project Fund is a capital project fund establish for the construction of a new park within the County.

RECREATION CENTER FUND – This fund is used to account for various recreation projects.

COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND: This fund was established to account for the construction of various County administration projects.

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND: This fund accounts for federal funds received from the Federal Government in the form of American Rescue Plan Fund.

OPIOID FUND: This fund accounts for federal money received from an opioid settlement and is restricted for its intended use.

^{*}These funds have legally adopted budgets under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, they are consolidated into the General Fund.

^{**}This fund has a legally adopted budget under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.



	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:	 _	 _		
Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Current year and prior	\$ 45,530,081	\$ 45,407,174	\$	(122,907)
Penalties and interest	 420,900	 429,277		8,377
Total ad valorem taxes	 45,950,981	 45,836,451		(114,530)
Other Taxes:				
Local option sales tax	23,529,901	23,293,228		(236,673)
Beer and wine tax distribution	177,935	177,935		-
Tax refund - sales and gasoline	 150,000	 66,028		(83,972)
Total other taxes	 23,857,836	 23,537,191		(320,645)
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:				
Payments in lieu of taxes	115,872	244,228		128,356
ABC profit distribution	585,000	582,367		(2,633)
ABC 1 and 5 cent bottle charge	 47,200	 32,325		(14,875)
Total unrestricted governmental	 748,072	 858,920		110,848
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
School resource officers - Board of Education				
and community college	 612,508	 614,346		1,838
Federal and state grants:				
NC Department of Commerce - planning/zoning:				
Registration fees				
Home and Community Care Block grant	347,500	350,970		3,470
Nantahala Forest timber receipts	128,000	101,116		(26,884)
DARE grant	6,000	6,000		-
Civil defense	52,000	39,032		(12,968)
Soil conservation - matching	33,563	22,582		(10,981)
Tennessee Valley Authority	700	697		(3)
Older American Act Title III	29,644	32,766		3,122
Health department	1,125,488	962,299		(163,189)
Senior care	13,228	15,091		1,863
Smart Start	144,782	124,079		(20,703)
Governor's Crime Commission	24,500	24,500		-
Juvenile Crime Prevention Commission	128,439	128,325		(114)
Safe Roads Act	4,000	3,775		(225)
Veteran's service	2,084	2,083		(1)
Extension grant project	1,350	1,453		103

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
SCAAP - State Criminal Alien grant	15,000	-	(15,000)
Social services	5,016,920	4,356,545	(660,375)
Title XIX - Medicaid	152,874	141,622	(11,252)
Department of Transportation:			
Governor's Highway Safety program	25,000	27,658	2,658
Section 18 - administration	163,693	159,403	(4,290)
Department of Justice grant	256,795	-	(256,795)
Contracts - EDTAP	220,532	250,099	29,567
State Special Appropriation Grant	80,000	80,000	-
COVID-19	399,801	172,991	(226,810)
Resources	6,000	4,208	(1,792)
Emergency food and shelter	24,750	16,436	(8,314)
Cherokee Preservation grant	500	-	(500)
Department of Justice	782,849	530,192	(252,657)
Total	9,185,992	7,553,922	(1,632,070)
Court facilities fees	56,440	34,592	(21,848)
Total restricted intergovernmental	9,854,940	8,202,860	(1,652,080)
Other Restricted Revenues:			
Dogwood Health Trust Grant	51,860	51,860	-
Vocational rehabilitation	2,500	245	(2,255)
Transportation contracts	50,300	57,961	7,661
Total other restricted	104,660	110,066	5,406
Permits and Fees:			
ABC permit fees	900	2,550	1,650
Cashiers permit fees	3,500	1,700	(1,800)
Cullowhee permit fees	1,500	500	(1,000)
Board of Elections fees	2,000	2	(1,998)
Erosion control fees	95,700	90,441	(5,259)
Building permits and inspection fees	700,000	703,754	3,754
Environmental health fees	213,500	224,931	11,431
Sheriff's fees	609,588	576,090	(33,498)
Officers fees - court	35,110	32,385	(2,725)
Animal adoption fees	26,500	26,216	(284)
Road sign fees	60,850	46,566	(14,284)
Health and social services fees	404,320	333,784	(70,536)
Register of Deeds	428,000	265,032	(162,968)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Real property transfer tax	900,000	874,980	(25,020)
Marriage licenses	7,500	8,725	1,225
Excise tax	15,000	13,755	(1,245)
Senior citizens fees	73,500	76,423	2,923
ABC fees	4,800	4,680	(120)
Total permits and fees	3,582,268	3,282,514	(299,754)
Sales and Services:			
Jail fees	50,000	27,631	(22,369)
Civil process fees	60,000	19,015	(40,985)
Ambulance fees	200,000	213,551	13,551
Ancillary services	52,137	37,034	(15,103)
Travel and tourism administrative fees	52,750	38,250	(14,500)
Video programming distribution	72,500	53,137	(19,363)
Telephone charges	42,000	4,465	(37,535)
Vending machines	1,000	66	(934)
Recreation department	740,441	673,738	(66,703)
Rents	30,500	42,175	11,675
Unclaimed property	25,000	155	(24,845)
Trolley fares	7,000	5,313	(1,687)
Total sales and services	1,333,328	1,114,530	(218,798)
Investment Earnings	875,000	1,001,033	126,033
Miscellaneous	760,607	330,341	(430,266)
Total revenues	87,067,692	84,273,906	(2,793,786)
Expenditures: General Government:			
Governing body:			
Salaries and employee benefits	164,630	151,577	13,053
Operating	193,795	169,410	24,385
Capital outlay	6,994	6,993	1
Total	365,419	327,980	37,439
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	354,945	354,747	198
Operating	24,729	21,666	3,063
Total	379,674	376,413	3,261

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Elections:			
Salaries and employee benefits	346,728	333,743	12,985
Operating	303,297	218,165	85,132
Capital outlay	5,650	5,633	17
Total	655,675	557,541	98,134
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	803,335	803,163	172
Operating	39,155	29,387	9,768
Total	842,490	832,550	9,940
Human resources:			
Salaries and employee benefits	183,062	182,977	85
Operating	46,574	32,261	14,313
Capital outlay	1,496	1,496	11200
Total	231,132	216,734	14,398
Computer services:	155 516	455.064	202
Salaries and employee benefits	457,746	457,364	382
Operating	310,154	272,347	37,807
Capital outlay	20,257	20,256	1
Total	788,157	749,967	38,190
Tax collections:	207.507	207.525	11.051
Salaries and employee benefits	296,586	285,535	11,051
Operating Control parties	48,650 62,384	35,659	12,991
Capital outlay		38,444	23,940
Total	407,620	359,638	47,982
Tax assessments:			
Salaries and employee benefits	670,617	669,945	672
Operating	189,988	153,061	36,927
Capital outlay	8,719	4,849	3,870
Total	869,324	827,855	41,469
GIS mapping:	71.10 6	71.15	22
Salaries and employee benefits	71,186	71,154	32
Operating	21,922	18,455	3,467
Total	93,108	89,609	3,499

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Legal services	357,874	353,929	3,945
Register of Deeds:			
Salaries and employee benefits	406,752	404,159	2,593
Operating	138,091	125,025	13,066
Capital outlay	1,662	1,496	166
Total	546,505	530,680	15,825
Public Works:			
Salaries and employee benefits	67,597	67,522	75
Operating	1,100	1,034	66
Total	68,697	68,556	141
Maintenance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	3,537,541	3,429,833	107,708
Operating	2,340,585	1,880,947	459,638
Capital outlay	587,501	565,101	22,400
Total	6,465,627	5,875,881	589,746
Court facilities:			
Operating	55,340	36,324	19,016
Capital outlay	20,000	20,000	
Total	75,340	56,324	19,016
Professional services	65,000	27,200	37,800
Central services:			
Operating	197,000	116,731	80,269
Total general government	12,408,642	11,367,588	1,041,054
Public Safety: Sheriff:			
Salaries and employee benefits	6,316,374	5,863,459	452,915
Operating	1,166,203	870,995	295,208
Capital outlay	1,961,934	1,041,811	920,123
Total	9,444,511	7,776,265	1,668,246

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Jail:			
Salaries and employee benefits	2,296,129	1,597,211	698,918
Operating	898,857	758,891	139,966
Capital outlay	198,053	198,036	17
Total	3,393,039	2,554,138	838,901
Code enforcement:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,571,280	1,570,999	281
Operating	134,615	131,248	3,367
Capital outlay	62,376	62,090	286
Total	1,768,271	1,764,337	3,934
Emergency management:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,520,064	1,517,554	2,510
Operating	201,297	194,741	6,556
Capital outlay	126,147	114,287	11,860
Total	1,847,508	1,826,582	20,926
Fire:			
Salaries and employee benefits	586,506	568,364	18,142
Operating	2,917,077	2,858,211	58,866
Capital outlay	57,612	57,611	1
Total	3,561,195	3,484,186	77,009
Ambulance:			
Operating	3,297,993	3,185,532	112,461
Capital outlay	677,056	666,048	11,008
Total	3,975,049	3,851,580	123,469
Total public safety	23,989,573	21,257,088	2,732,485
Transportation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	658,934	644,409	14,525
Operating	243,666	142,002	101,664
Capital outlay	13,347	13,347	
Total	915,947	799,758	116,189
Airport authority	31,000	31,000	
Total transportation	946,947	830,758	116,189

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Environmental Protection:			
Forestry	109,115	104,552	4,563
Economic and Physical Development:			
Planning and zoning:			
Salaries and employee benefits	368,924	367,967	957
Operating	121,936	50,121	71,815
Capital outlay	3,442	3,442	
Total	494,302	421,530	72,772
Community development	231,221	175,991	55,230
Agricultural extension:			
Salaries and employee benefits	191,540	145,530	46,010
Operating	39,885	23,648	16,237
Total	231,425	169,178	62,247
Conservation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	192,408	192,147	261
Operating	30,016	14,200	15,816
Total	222,424	206,347	16,077
Total economic and physical development	1,179,372	973,046	206,326
Human Services:			
Health:			
General health:			
Salaries and employee benefits	3,436,041	3,320,121	115,920
Operating	1,222,840	597,143	625,697
Capital outlay	120,993	95,422	25,571
Total	4,779,874	4,012,686	767,188
County health clinic:			
Salaries and employee benefits	202,777	194,899	7,878
Operating	48,500	45,215	3,285
Total	251,277	240,114	11,163

Health assurance: 35,747 35,269 478 Salaries and employee benefits 35,747 35,269 478 Operating 44,076 33,719 10,357 Total 79,823 68,988 10,835 Maternal and child health: Total 108,306 94,279 14,027 Operating 48,834 39,306 9,528 Total 157,140 133,585 23,555 WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: 33,000 346 2,654 Salaries and employee benefits 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 WIC - HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Budget</th><th>Actual</th><th>Variance Over/Under</th></t<>		Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Operating 44,076 33,719 10,357 Total 79,823 68,988 10,835 Maternal and child health: Salaries and employee benefits 108,306 94,279 14,027 Operating 48,834 39,306 9,528 Total 157,140 133,585 23,555 WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,287 29,955 Family planning: 33,000 346 2,654 Total 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: 381aries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593	Health assurance:			
Total 79,823 68,988 10,835 Maternal and child health: Salaries and employee benefits 108,306 94,279 14,027 Operating 48,834 39,306 9,528 Total 157,140 133,585 23,555 WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: 83 192,825 83 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: 9 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: 83 66,553 66,549 4 Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: 9 4,000 <td>Salaries and employee benefits</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Salaries and employee benefits			
Maternal and child health: Salaries and employee benefits 108,306 94,279 14,027 Operating 48,834 39,306 9,528 Total 157,140 133,585 23,555 WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: 3 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: 20 243,333 239,296 4,037 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: 3 40,001 4,317 7,091 WNC Healthy start: 40,000 23,830 16,170 Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 316,706 10,337 70,002 2,050 260	Operating	44,076	33,719	10,357
Salaries and employee benefits 108,306 94,279 14,027 Operating 48,834 39,306 9,528 Total 157,140 133,585 23,555 WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: 3 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: 3 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: 3 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: 3 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 3 40,000 23,830 16,170 Operating 79,	Total	79,823	68,988	10,835
Operating 48,834 39,306 9,528 Total 157,140 133,585 23,555 WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: Salaries and employee benefits 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: 0perating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 NC healthy start: 1,993 16,170 Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 21,043 16,706 10,337 Ope	Maternal and child health:			
Total 157,140 133,585 23,555 WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: 883 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 <td< td=""><td>Salaries and employee benefits</td><td>108,306</td><td>94,279</td><td>14,027</td></td<>	Salaries and employee benefits	108,306	94,279	14,027
WIC - administration and nutrition: Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: \$	Operating	48,834	39,306	9,528
Salaries and employee benefits 175,542 148,241 27,301 Operating 3,000 346 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: Salaries and employee benefits 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Total	157,140	133,585	23,555
Operating Total 3,000 148,542 2,654 Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: Salaries and employee benefits 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 23,310 2,050 260	WIC - administration and nutrition:			
Total 178,542 148,587 29,955 Family planning: 3193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: 0perating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: 0perating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 8 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Salaries and employee benefits	175,542	148,241	27,301
Family planning: Salaries and employee benefits 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 3 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 3 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Operating	3,000	346	2,654
Salaries and employee benefits 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Total	178,542	148,587	29,955
Salaries and employee benefits 193,708 192,825 883 Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Family planning			
Operating 49,625 46,471 3,154 Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 31,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 23,10 2,050 260	· ·	193.708	192,825	883
Total 243,333 239,296 4,037 Communicable diseases: Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 23,10 2,050 260		· ·	,	
Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260				
Operating 11,408 4,317 7,091 WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Communicable diseases:			
Salaries and employee benefits 66,553 66,549 4 Operating 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260		11,408	4,317	7,091
Operating Total 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium:			
Operating Total 1,811 222 1,589 Total 68,364 66,771 1,593 NC healthy start: Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Salaries and employee benefits	66,553	66,549	4
NC healthy start: 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260		1,811	222	1,589
Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Total	68,364	66,771	1,593
Operating 40,000 23,830 16,170 Immunization action program: Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	NC healthy start:			
Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	-	40,000	23,830	16,170
Operating 79,014 62,933 16,081 Breastfeeding: 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Immunization action program:			
Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260		79,014	62,933	16,081
Salaries and employee benefits 27,043 16,706 10,337 Operating 2,310 2,050 260	Breastfeeding:			
Operating <u>2,310</u> 2,050 260		27.043	16,706	10,337
<u> </u>	* *			
			-	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Child services coordinator:			
Salaries and employee benefits	66,649	59,187	7,462
Operating	4,950	645	4,305
Capital outlay	1,650	1,542	108
Total	73,249	61,374	11,875
Smart start:			
Salaries and employee benefits	141,782	128,941	12,841
Operating	3,000	916	2,084
Total	144,782	129,857	14,925
Other health services:			
Operating	175,142	102,677	72,465
Capital outlay	2,500	1,822	678
Total	177,642	104,499	73,143
Total health	6,313,801	5,315,593	998,208
Environmental Health:			
Animal shelter:			
Salaries and employee benefits	327,085	300,393	26,692
Operating	90,798	62,433	28,365
Capital outlay	56,764	10,514	46,250
Total	474,647	373,340	101,307
Environmental health:			
Operating	16,000	12,755	3,245
Bioterrorism:			
Salaries and employee benefits	22,319	8,628	13,691
Operating	11,287	2,579	8,708
Total	33,606	11,207	22,399
Total environmental health	524,253	397,302	126,951
Mental health:			
Vaya health	123,081	123,081	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Social Services:			
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	5,486,496	5,485,700	796
Operating	523,700	391,861	131,839
Capital outlay	117,835	107,914	9,921
Total	6,128,031	5,985,475	142,556
Other services:			
Adult guardianship	12,000	12,136	(136)
Special assistance	201,000	140,418	60,582
Medical care	90,000	71,603	18,397
Foster care	735,357	601,869	133,488
Aid to the blind	4,407	-	4,407
Food stamp administration	10,234	10,146	88
Crisis intervention	131,271	70,287	60,984
Adult day care	10,663	4,340	6,323
Emergency assistance	23,452	7,173	16,279
IV-D	30,800	19,146	11,654
LIEAP	264,984	102,177	162,807
Child care services	83,926	83,926	-
Other	385,101	176,414	208,687
Total	1,983,195	1,299,635	683,560
Indian reservation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	166,171	164,827	1,344
Operating	79,285	20,220	59,065
Capital outlay	1,100		1,100
Total	246,556	185,047	61,509
Emergency food and shelter	11,871	10,845	1,026
Focal point on aging:			
Salaries and employee benefits	672,293	617,620	54,673
Operating	208,678	186,330	22,348
Capital outlay	53,751	19,220	34,531
Total	934,722	823,170	111,552
Total social services	9,304,375	8,304,172	1,000,203

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Eldercare coalition:			
Salaries and employee benefits	355,490	343,491	11,999
Operating	377,384	330,196	47,188
Total	732,874	673,687	59,187
Veteran's service officer:			
Salaries and employee benefits	154,958	132,575	22,383
Operating	18,120	13,706	4,414
Total	173,078	146,281	26,797
Other human services	653,972	629,860	24,112
Total human services	17,825,434	15,589,976	2,235,458
Culture and Recreation:			
Recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,115,748	1,105,703	10,045
Operating	728,165	652,551	75,614
Capital outlay	134,061	126,787	7,274
Total	1,977,974	1,885,041	92,933
Arts council	10,000	10,000	
Library	1,290,482	1,290,482	
Swimming pool:			
Salaries and employee benefits	60,413	41,843	18,570
Operating	45,500	44,342	1,158
Capital outlay	81,509	3,907	77,602
Total	187,422	90,092	97,330
Cashiers recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	517,644	479,896	37,748
Operating	405,036	280,470	124,566
Capital outlay	30,676	16,482	14,194
Total	953,356	776,848	176,508

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Cashiers swimming pool:			
Salaries and employee benefits	41,093	680	40,413
Operating	17,000		17,000
Total	58,093	680	57,413
Total culture and recreation	4,477,327	4,053,143	424,184
Education:			
Public schools - current	8,470,670	8,470,670	-
Public schools - timber receipts	141,928	141,928	-
Public schools - capital outlay	1,455,700	1,455,700	-
Public schools - counselors	442,799	442,799	-
Community colleges - current	2,534,382	2,534,382	-
Community colleges - capital outlay	398,313	247,982	150,331
Total education	13,443,792	13,293,461	150,331
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	4,582,609	4,582,609	-
Interest and other charges	1,085,396	1,085,396	
Total debt service	5,668,005	5,668,005	
Contingency	3,915,470	<u>-</u>	(3,915,470)
Total expenditures	83,963,677	73,137,617	10,826,060
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,104,015	11,136,289	8,032,274
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from (to) other funds:	(1,000,000)	(1.000.000)	
Capital Reserve Fund	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
ARPA Fund	7,934,441	7,713,847	(220,594)
Economic Development Commission Fund	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
School Capital Reserve Fund	(4,432,544)	(4,399,112)	33,432
Revaluation Fund	(350,500)	(350,500)	-
Emergency Telephone	(796,464)	(796,464)	-
Parks Fund	(1,868,454)	(1,868,454)	<u>-</u>
County Capital Projects Fund	(2,329,282)	(2,138,032)	191,250
Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund	(23,000)	(23,000)	-
Green Energy Park Fund	(275,000)	(275,000)	-

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Conservation/Preservation Fund	(800,000)	(800,000)	_
School Capital Reserve Fund	819,088	819,088	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	117,700	117,650	(50)
Subscription liabilities issued	<u>-</u>	477,723	477,723
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,104,015)	(2,622,254)	481,761
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	8,514,035	\$ 8,514,035
Fund Balance: Beginning of year, July 1	_	33,310,392	
End of year, June 30	\$	41,824,427	

	Bu	dget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Tax listing	\$	489,316	\$ 411,086	\$ 78,230
Capital outlay		9,009	8,990	19
Total expenditures		498,325	420,076	78,249
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(498,325)	(420,076)	(78,249)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from General Fund		350,500	350,500	-
Fund balance appropriation		147,825		(147,825)
Total other financing sources (uses)		498,325	350,500	(147,825)
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	(69,576)	\$ (69,576)
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year, July 1			355,893	
Ending of year, June 30			\$ 286,317	

	Budget			Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$	36,000	\$	34,508	\$	(1,492)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfer from General Fund		1,000,000		1,000,000		-	
Transfer to County Capital Projects Fund		(1,036,000)				1,036,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(36,000)		1,000,000		1,036,000	
Net change in fund balance	\$			1,034,508	\$	1,034,508	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year, July 1				780,655			
End of year, June 30			\$	1,815,163			

	Budget			Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Expenditures:						
Environmental protection:						
Conservation	\$	800,000	\$	98,421	\$	701,579
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(800,000)		(98,421)		701,579
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from General Fund		800,000		800,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$			701,579	\$	701,579
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1				1,150,531		
End of year, June 30			\$	1,852,110		

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Insurance contributions:			
General government	\$ 1,910,832	\$ 1,901,941	\$ (8,891)
Public safety	2,302,295	2,291,583	(10,712)
Transportation	165,990	165,218	(772)
Economic and physical development	180,482	179,643	(839)
Human services	2,712,957	2,700,334	(12,623)
Recreation	336,576	335,010	(1,566)
Refunds	400,000	237,657	(162,343)
Investment earnings	85,000	71,910	(13,090)
Total revenues	8,094,132	7,883,296	(210,836)
Expenditures:			
Insurance claims:			
General government	2,006,741	1,575,316	431,425
Public safety	2,417,853	1,898,044	519,809
Transportation	174,322	136,845	37,477
Economic and physical development	189,541	148,792	40,749
Human services	2,847,625	2,236,599	611,026
Recreation	353,470	277,478	75,992
Contract services	81,079	80,205	874
Miscellaneous	23,501	23,458	43
Total expenditures	8,094,132	6,376,737	1,717,395
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	1,506,559	\$ 1,506,559
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		2,709,566	
End of year, June 30		\$ 4,216,125	

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS FUND - MAJOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Actual			
	A	Project uthorization		Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:			_					
Restricted intergovernmental:								
State grants:								
NC Division of Water infrastructure	\$	1,288,707	\$	1,288,707	\$ -	\$	1,288,707	\$ -
Other restricted revenues:								
Eastern Band Cherokee Indians		118,560		118,560	-		118,560	-
Investment earnings		75,000		1,096	48,972		50,068	 (24,932)
Total revenues	_	1,482,267	_	1,408,363	48,972	_	1,457,335	 (24,932)
Expenditures:								
Education:								
Security upgrades		600,000		399,016	105,737		504,753	95,247
Water and sewer		1,441,207		1,424,596	-		1,424,596	16,611
Water infrastructure		68,400		11,383	_		11,383	57,017
Blue Ridge School		3,525,359		2,625,834	666,669		3,292,503	232,856
Fairview Elementary School		3,228,060		1,472,824	1,555,191		3,028,015	200,045
Smoky Mountain High		6,317,487		4,029,972	1,635,329		5,665,301	652,186
Cullowhee Valley School		1,393,615		1,392,260	-		1,392,260	1,355
Scotts Creek School		20,743		12,382	-		12,382	8,361
Smoky Mountain Elementary		1,851,233		1,445,433	185,615		1,631,048	220,185
Capital outlay		855,947		469,059	314		469,373	 386,574
Total expenditures	_	19,302,051	_	13,282,759	4,148,855	_	17,431,614	 1,870,437
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(17,819,784)	_	(11,874,396)	(4,099,883)	_	(15,974,279)	 1,845,505
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from (to) other funds:								
School Capital Reserve Fund		4,810,337		4,741,730	_		4,741,730	(68,607)
General Fund		2,050,000		2,050,000	_		2,050,000	-
School Capital Project Fund		1,959,447		1,959,447	_		1,959,447	_
Proceeds from installment obligation		9,000,000		9,000,000	-		9,000,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,819,784	_	17,751,177		_	17,751,177	 (68,607)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	5,876,781	(4,099,883)	\$	1,776,898	\$ 1,776,898
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year, July 1					5,876,781			
End of year, June 30					1,776,898			
Amounts reported for revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance are different from the budget/actual statemer due to consolidation of the School Capital Reserve Fund:	nt							
Transfers from the General Fund					4,399,112			
Transfers to General Fund					(819,088)			
Fund balance, beginning (School Capital Reserve Fund)					680,757			
Fund balance, ending (Consolidated School Improvements F	und)			\$ 6,037,679			

	Budget			Actual	Variance ver/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from other funds:					
General Fund	\$	4,432,544	\$	4,399,112	\$ (33,432)
Transfers to other funds:					
General Fund for debt service		(4,432,544)		(819,088)	 3,613,456
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		3,580,024	 3,580,024
Net change in fund balance	\$			3,580,024	\$ 3,580,024
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1				680,757	
End of year, June 30			\$	4,260,781	

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - SCC HEALTH SCIENCE BUILDING FUND - MAJOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
NC Connect bonds	\$ 5,445,597	\$ 5,445,597	\$ -	\$ 5,445,597	\$ -
Economic Development Grant	2,015,395	1,826,512	188,883	2,015,395	-
Investment earnings	16,055	16,054		16,054	(1)
Total revenues	7,477,047	7,288,163	188,883	7,477,046	(1)
Expenditures:					
Education:					
Architect fees	1,738,732	1,738,676	-	1,738,676	56
Engineering costs	194,785	194,511	-	194,511	274
Construction	33,400	27,398	6,000	33,398	2
Technology and security	18,719,238	18,489,281	99,487	18,588,768	130,470
Contingency	11,055				11,055
Total expenditures	20,697,210	20,449,866	105,487	20,555,353	141,857
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,220,163)	(13,161,703)	83,396	(13,078,307)	141,856
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from other funds:	2 220 172	2 220 162		2 220 162	
School Capital Reserve Fund Installment purchase obligations issued	3,220,163 10,000,000	3,220,163 10,000,000	-	3,220,163 10,000,000	-
1 0		13,220,163	_		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,220,163	15,220,105	-	13,220,163	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 58,460	83,396	\$ 141,856	\$ 141,856
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			58,460		
End of year, June 30			\$ 141,856		

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - PARKS PROJECT FUND - MAJOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			_	Actual					
	Αι	Project uthorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date	Variance ver/Under
Revenues:									
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	590,000	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ (590,000)
Expenditures:									
Culture and recreation:									
Construction		3,230,216			_	86,075	_	86,075	 3,144,141
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,640,216)			_	(86,075)		(86,075)	2,554,141
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds:									
General Fund		1,868,454		-		1,868,454		1,868,454	-
School Capital Reserve Fund		771,762	_		_				 (771,762)
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,640,216	_		_	1,868,454		1,868,454	 (771,762)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$			1,782,379	\$	1,782,379	\$ 1,782,379
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year, July 1					_				
End of year, June 30					\$	1,782,379			

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Actual					
	Au	Project thorization	Prior Years	_	Current Year		Total to Date	Variance ver/Under
Revenues:							_	
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	2,348,998	\$ -	\$	140,149	\$	140,149	\$ (2,208,849)
Expenditures:								
General government:								
Skyland Services Center:								
Architect fees		72,000	60,965		-		60,965	11,035
Construction		6,123,963	1,379,150		140,149		1,519,299	4,604,664
Site acquisition		408,625	408,625		-		408,625	_
Furnishings		141,980	131,995	_			131,995	 9,985
Total Skyland Services Center		6,746,568	1,980,735		140,149		2,120,884	 4,625,684
Cashiers code enforcement:								
Construction		211,505	211,505		-		211,505	-
Equipment		7,000	7,000				7,000	
Total cashiers code enforcement		218,505	218,505				218,505	
Contingency		6,712			<u>-</u>			 6,712
Total expenditures		6,971,785	2,199,240		140,149		2,339,389	 4,632,396
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,622,787)	(2,199,240))	<u>-</u>		(2,199,240)	 2,423,547
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers in:								
Capital Reserve Fund		2,293,505	2,075,000		-		2,075,000	(218,505)
General Fund		2,329,282	36,466		2,138,032		2,174,498	 (154,784)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,622,787	2,111,466		2,138,032		4,249,498	 (373,289)
Closed out projects	_	<u>-</u>	223,254				223,254	 223,254
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 135,480		2,138,032	\$	2,273,512	\$ 2,273,512
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year, July 1					135,480			
End of year, June 30				\$	2,273,512			

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - RECREATION CENTER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ 750,000	\$ 10,115	\$ 707,834	\$ 717,949	\$ (32,051)
Expenditures:					
Culture and recreation:					
Savannah/Greens Creek Park	24,931,308	1,718,856	9,725,468	11,444,324	13,486,984
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(24,181,308)	(1,708,741)	(9,017,634)	(10,726,375)	13,454,933
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds:					
General Fund	4,181,308	4,622,772	-	4,622,772	441,464
Installment purchase obligations issued	20,000,000	20,000,000	-	20,000,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	24,181,308	24,622,772		24,622,772	441,464
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 22,914,031	(9,017,634)	\$ 13,896,397	\$ 13,896,397
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			22,914,031		
End of year, June 30			\$ 13,896,397		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds	Total
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,097,080	\$	607,512	\$ 2,704,592
Accounts receivable, net		16,245		14,136	30,381
Taxes receivable		22,012			 22,012
Total assets	\$	2,135,337	\$	621,648	\$ 2,756,985
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	542	\$	237,016	\$ 237,558
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes receivable	_	22,012	_		 22,012
Fund Balances: Restricted:					
Stabilization by state statute		16,245		14,136	30,381
Public safety		1,317,253		14,130	1,317,253
Economic and physical development		779,285		_	779,285
Committed:		777,200			777,200
Recreation		_		370,496	370,496
Total fund balances	_	2,112,783		384,632	2,497,415
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$	2,135,337	\$	621,648	\$ 2,756,985

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total		
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,024,913	\$ -	\$ 2,024,913		
Restricted intergovernmental	79,484	-	79,484		
Investment earnings	6,660	9,805	16,465		
Total revenues	2,111,057	9,805	2,120,862		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety	2,281,980	1,200,040	3,482,020		
Economic and physical development	184,685	-	184,685		
Culture and recreation	<u> </u>	21,868	21,868		
Total expenditures	2,466,665	1,221,908	3,688,573		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(355,608)	(1,212,103)	(1,567,711)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from other funds	919,464		919,464		
Net change in fund balances	563,856	(1,212,103)	(648,247)		
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of year, July 1	1,548,927	1,596,735	3,145,662		
End of year, June 30	\$ 2,112,783	\$ 384,632	\$ 2,497,415		



COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- Emergency Telephone System Fund This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of telephone surcharges to be used for emergency telephone systems.
- Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund This fund accounts for State grants received and expended for software and equipment.
- Fire Service's Districts Fund This fund accounts for taxes collected to use for fire safety in the County.
- Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund This fund accounts for federal grants and local matching funds received and expended for community development.
- Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Clean Water Management Trust Fund through a revolving loan fund, as well as in-kind local contributions.
- **Economic Development Fund** This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Community Development Block Grant from the Small Cities Program through a revolving loan fund.
- Economic Development Commission Fund This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission and is used to account for revenues from member towns and economic development loans.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	T	nergency elephone System Fund		Law forcement ock Grant Fund		Fire Service Districts Fund	Dev S	mmunity velopment cattered se Project Fund
Assets:	_		_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	846,307	\$	91,015	\$	380,024	\$	38,908
Accounts receivable, net		12,585		-		3,366		-
Taxes receivable		-			_	22,012		-
Total assets	\$	858,892	\$	91,015	\$	405,402	\$	38,908
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	93	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Taxes receivable				_		22,012		_
Fund Balances: Restricted: Stabilization by state statute		12,585		-		3,366		-
Public safety		846,214		91,015		380,024		-
Economic and physical development					_	<u> </u>		38,908
Total fund balances		858,799		91,015		383,390		38,908
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	858,892	\$	91,015	\$	405,402	\$	38,908

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Re ^c	n Water volving Loan Fund		conomic velopment Fund	Dev	conomic velopment mmission Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,842	\$	664,765	\$	74,219 294	\$	2,097,080 16,245
Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable		-		-		294		22,012
Taxes receivable	-							22,012
Total assets	\$	1,842	\$	664,765	\$	74,513	\$	2,135,337
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		\$		\$	449	\$	542
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Taxes receivable				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		22,012
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:						294		16,245
Stabilization by state statute Public safety		_		_		294		1,317,253
Economic and physical development		1,842		664,765		73,770		779,285
Total fund balances		1,842		664,765		74,064		2,112,783
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,842	\$	664,765	\$	74,513	\$	2,135,337
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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Emergency Telephone System Fund	Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund	Fire Service Districts Fund	Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,024,913	\$ -
Restricted intergovernmental	-	44,013	-	35,471
Investment earnings	650			
Total revenues	650	44,013	2,024,913	35,471
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	320,348	32,998	1,928,634	-
Economic and physical development				
Total expenditures	320,348	32,998	1,928,634	_
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(319,698	11,015	96,279	35,471
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	796,464	<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances	476,766	11,015	96,279	35,471
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year, July 1	382,033	80,000	287,111	3,437
End of year, June 30	\$ 858,799	\$ 91,015	\$ 383,390	\$ 38,908

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund	Economic Development Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,024,913
Restricted intergovernmental	-	-	-	79,484
Investment earnings		5,988	22	6,660
Total revenues		5,988	22	2,111,057
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	-	-	-	2,281,980
Economic and physical development	23,000	5,000	156,685	184,685
Total expenditures	23,000	5,000	156,685	2,466,665
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(23,000)	988	(156,663)	(355,608)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	23,000		100,000	919,464
Net change in fund balances	-	988	(56,663)	563,856
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year, July 1	1,842	663,777	130,727	1,548,927
End of year, June 30	\$ 1,842	\$ 664,765	\$ 74,064	\$ 2,112,783

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:					
Other taxes and licenses:					
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 650	\$ 650		
Expenditures:					
Public safety:					
Operating	975,534	207,346	768,188		
Capital outlay	135,000	113,002	21,998		
Total	1,110,534	320,348	790,186		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,110,534)	(319,698)	790,836		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer in:					
General Fund	796,464	796,464	-		
Appropriated fund balance	314,070		(314,070)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	796,464	796,464	(314,070)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	476,766	<u>\$ 476,766</u>		
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1		382,033			
End of year, June 30		\$ 858,799			

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PSAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget and actual are different from the PSAP revenue-expenditure report because:

Beginning fund balance, budget and actual schedule	\$ 382,033
Cumulative prior period revenues and expenditures not reported on the PSAP report but reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget and actual schedule	761,952
Beginning fund balance, PSAP revenue-expenditure report	 1,143,985
Net change in fund balance, reported budget and actual	476,766
Current revenues not reported on the PSAP report but reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget and actual schedule	(796,464)
Current expenditures not reported on the PSAP report but reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget and actual schedule	(34,668)
Net change in fund balance, PSAP report	 (354,366)
Ending fund balance, PSAP revenue-expenditure report	\$ 789,619

LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u> </u>	udget	A	Actual	ariance er/Under
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	45,000	\$	44,013	\$ (987)
Expenditures:					
Public safety:					
Capital outlay		45,000		32,998	 12,002
Net change in fund balance	\$			11,015	\$ 11,015
Fund Balance:					
Beginning balance, July 1				80,000	
Ending balance, June 30			\$	91,015	

FIRE SERVICES DISTRICTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Current year and prior	\$ 2,019,260	\$ 2,017,907	\$ (1,353)		
Penalties and interest	7,200	7,006	(194)		
Total revenues	2,026,460	2,024,913	(1,547)		
Expenditures:					
Public safety:					
Fire districts:					
Cashiers-Glenville	1,942,460	1,844,634	97,826		
Highlands	84,000	84,000			
Total expenditures	2,026,460	1,928,634	97,826		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	96,279	\$ 96,279		
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1		287,111			
End of year, June 30		\$ 383,390			

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SCATTERED SITE PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Actual			
	roject orization	Prior Years	_	Current Year	7	Total to Date	ariance er/Under
Revenues:							
Restricted intergovernmental:							
Federal grants:							
NC Economic Recovery							
Program project	\$ 13,105	\$ 13,105	\$	35,471	\$	48,576	\$ 35,471
Miscellaneous	 1,000	 1,000				1,000	
Total revenues	 14,105	 14,105		35,471		49,576	 35,471
Expenditures: Economic and physical development: Operating	94,540	 94,540		<u>-</u>		94,540	<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(80,435)	(80,435)		35,471		(44,964)	35,471
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers from other funds	 80,435	 83,872				83,872	 3,437
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$ 3,437		35,471	\$	38,908	\$ 38,908
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year, July 1				3,437			
End of year, June 30			\$	38,908			

CLEAN WATER REVOLVING LOAN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	I	Budget	 Actual	Variance Over/Under
Expenditures:				
Economic and physical development:				
Operating	\$	23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ -
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(23,000)	(23,000)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfer from General Fund		23,000	 23,000	
Net change in fund balance	\$		-	\$ -
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year, July 1			 1,842	
Ending of year, June 30			\$ 1,842	

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Sales and services	\$ 2,917	\$	- \$ (2,917)
Investment earnings	7,000	5,988	(1,012)
Total revenues	9,917	5,988	(3,929)
Expenditures:			
Economic and physical development:			
Operating	5,000	5,000	-
Reserve for economic development	4,917		4,917
Total expenditures	9,917	5,000	4,917
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	988	\$ 988
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		663,777	<u>'</u>
End of year, June 30		\$ 664,765	; =

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Investment earnings	\$ 100	\$ 22	\$ (78)
Expenditures:			
Economic and physical development:			
Salaries and employee benefits	114,071	113,926	145
Operating	49,795	30,659	19,136
Loans, development, and capital improvement	12,100	12,100	
Total expenditures	175,966	156,685	19,281
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(175,866	(156,663)	19,203
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in:			
Transfer from General Fund	100,000	100,000	-
Appropriated fund balance	75,866		(75,866)
Total other financing sources (uses)	175,866	100,000	(75,866)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(56,663)	\$ (56,663)
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		130,727	
End of year, June 30		\$ 74,064	



CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

- Dillsboro Complex Project Fund This fund is used to account for the construction on the Dillsboro Complex, which will be financed primarily by the Capital Reserve Fund.
- ➤ Greenways Project Fund This fund is used to account for the construction of a greenway, which will be funded primarily with restricted intergovernmental revenue.



NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Dillsboro Complex Project Fund			reenways Project Fund		Total Ionmajor Capital Projects Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	481,867	\$	125,645	\$	607,512
Accounts receivable, net		14,136				14,136
Total assets	\$	496,003	\$	125,645	\$	621,648
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	\$	229,968	\$	7,048	\$	237,016
Fund Balances: Restricted:						
Stabilization by state statute		14,136		_		14,136
Committed:		,				,
Recreation		251,899		118,597		370,496
Total fund balances		266,035		118,597	_	384,632
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	496,003	\$	125,645	\$	621,648

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Dillsboro Complex Project Fund	Greenways Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Revenues:			
Investment earnings	\$ 9,805	\$ -	\$ 9,805
Expenditures: Current:			
Public safety	1,200,040	_	1,200,040
Culture and recreation	-	21,868	21,868
Total expenditures	1,200,040	21,868	1,221,908
Net change in fund balances	(1,190,235)	(21,868)	(1,212,103)
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, July 1	1,456,270	140,465	1,596,735
End of year, June 30	\$ 266,035	\$ 118,597	\$ 384,632

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - DILLSBORO COMPLEX PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Actual		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ 9,805	\$ 9,805	<u>\$ (195)</u>
Expenditures:					
Recreation:					
Construction cost	5,671,023	4,204,753	1,200,040	5,404,793	266,230
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,661,023)	(4,204,753)	(1,190,235)	(5,394,988)	266,035
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from other funds:					
General Fund	224,326	224,326	-	224,326	-
Health department	46,697	46,697	=	46,697	-
Capital Reserve Fund	5,390,000	5,390,000		5,390,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,661,023	5,661,023		5,661,023	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 1,456,270	(1,190,235)	\$ 266,035	\$ 266,035
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			1,456,270		
End of year, June 30			\$ 266,035		

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - GREENWAYS PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Actual			
	Αυ	Project thorization	Prior Years	Current Year		Total to Date		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	435,000	\$ 435,000	\$	-	\$	435,000	\$ -
Gifts and donations		219,750	 219,742				219,742	 (8)
Total revenues		654,750	 654,742			_	654,742	 (8)
Expenditures:								
Culture and recreation:								
Construction		1,841,648	1,706,926		21,868		1,728,794	112,854
Engineering fees		95,415	 89,664		_		89,664	5,751
Total expenditures		1,937,063	 1,796,590		21,868	_	1,818,458	 118,605
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,282,313)	(1,141,848)		(21,868)		(1,163,716)	118,597
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from other funds:		1 202 212	1 202 212				1 202 212	
Conservation/Preservation Fund		1,282,313	 1,282,313			_	1,282,313	 <u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 140,465		(21,868)	\$	118,597	\$ 118,597
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year, July 1					140,465			
End of year, June 30				\$	118,597			

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

- ➤ Landfill Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's solid waste activities.
- ▶ Green Energy Park Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of Jackson County Green Energy Park.
- **Economic Development Commission Fund** This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission, in which the County took title to two industrial facilities. The buildings are currently leased and generate rental income for the County.



MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budget	 Actual	ariance er/Under
Revenues:	_	 	_
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 4,922,202	\$ 4,750,600	\$ (171,602)
Non-operating revenues:			
Scrap tire disposal fee	72,000	80,405	8,405
White goods tax	18,000	21,089	3,089
Electronics tax	3,000	3,155	155
Scrap tire grant	11,844	11,607	(237)
Miscellaneous	75,000	6,000	(69,000)
Interest earned on investments	 24,000	25,060	 1,060
Total non-operating revenues	 203,844	 147,316	 (56,528)
Total revenues	 5,126,046	 4,897,916	 (228,130)
Expenditures:			
Landfill operations:			
Salaries and employee benefits	621,304	552,869	68,435
Operations	2,931,945	2,622,237	309,708
Supplies	43,845	41,622	2,223
Repairs and maintenance	131,300	107,085	24,215
Contracted services	1,047,758	1,026,106	21,652
Capital outlay	34,500	 34,289	 211
Total	 4,810,652	4,384,208	 426,444
Debt service:			
Debt principal	302,883	302,883	-
Interest and other charges	12,511	 9,594	 2,917
Total	 315,394	312,477	 2,917
Total expenditures	 5,126,046	 4,696,685	429,361
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 	\$ 201,231	\$ 201,231

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified	8		
Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis:			
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$ 201,231	
Change in compensated absences		2,267	
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB		(35,108)	
Increase in deferred inflow - OPEB		(183,747)	
(Increase) decrease in other post-employment benefits		225,186	
Increase in deferred outflow - pensions		67,944	
Decrease in deferred inflow - pensions		94,567	
(Increase) decrease in pensions		(180,346)	
Loss on disposal		(32,261)	
Debt principal payment		302,883	
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		24,938	
Capital outlay		34,289	
Depreciation and amortization		 (217,407)	
Change in net position		\$ 304,436	

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Green Energy Park Fund		e.		Developme Green Energy Commission		.		Development Commission		ent Nonma	
Assets:												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	203,220	\$	1,288,242	\$	1,491,462						
Accounts receivable, net		3,226				3,226						
Total current assets		206,446		1,288,242		1,494,688						
Non-current assets:												
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation		42,393		532,593		574,986						
Total assets		248,839		1,820,835		2,069,674						
Deferred Outflows of Resources:												
Pension deferrals		68,961		-		68,961						
OPEB deferrals		103,171				103,171						
Total deferred outflows of resources		172,132				172,132						
Liabilities:												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		14,545		-		14,545						
Compensated absences, current		2,868				2,868						
Total current liabilities		17,413				17,413						
Non-current liabilities:												
Net pension liability - LGERS		100,899		-		100,899						
Compensated absences, non-current		8,604		-		8,604						
Total OPEB liability		315,320				315,320						
Total non-current liabilities		424,823				424,823						
Total liabilities		442,236				442,236						
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Pension deferrals		351		-		351						
OPEB deferrals		159,986				159,986						
Total deferred inflows of resources		160,337				160,337						
Net Position:												
Restricted for:												
Net investment in capital assets		42,393		532,593		574,986						
Unrestricted		(223,995)		1,288,242		1,064,247						
Total net position	\$	(181,602)	\$	1,820,835	\$	1,639,233						

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Green Ene Park Fur	~	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 34	1,010 \$	12,303	\$	46,313	
Operating Expenses:						
Park operations	295	5,550	-		295,550	
Economic development operations		-	57,880		57,880	
Depreciation	1	,941	15,665		17,606	
Total expenses	297	7,491	73,545		371,036	
Operating income (loss)	(263	3,481)	(61,242)		(324,723)	
Non-Operating Revenues:						
Investment earnings	ϵ	5,535	10,982		17,517	
Conservation fund grant	2	2,500	-		2,500	
Donations		87	-		87	
Gain on the sale of assets		<u> </u>	303,018		303,018	
Total non-operating revenues	9	9,122	314,000		323,122	
Income (loss) before transfers	(254	1,359)	252,758		(1,601)	
Transfers (to) from other funds	275	5,000	<u>-</u>		275,000	
Change in net position	20),641	252,758		273,399	
Net Position:						
Beginning of year, July 1	(202	2,243)	1,568,077		1,365,834	
End of year, June 30	\$ (181	,602) \$	1,820,835	\$	1,639,233	

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Green Energy Park Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 32,279	\$ 12,303	\$ 44,582
Cash paid for goods and services	8,441	(57,880)	(49,439)
Cash paid to employees for services	(319,655)		(319,655)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(278,935)	(45,577)	(324,512)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:			
Grants and donations	9,122	-	9,122
Transfers from other funds	275,000		275,000
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	284,122		284,122
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	<u> </u>	738,466	738,466
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest earned on investments	-	10,982	10,982
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,187	703,871	709,058
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Beginning of year, July 1	198,033	584,371	782,404
End of year, June 30	\$ 203,220	\$ 1,288,242	\$ 1,491,462
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net			
Cash Provided (Uses) by Operating Activities:	Φ (2.62.401)	Ф (C1 242)	Ф (324.722)
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (263,481)</u>	\$ (61,242)	\$ (324,723)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net			
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	1.041	15 (65	17.606
Depreciation Changes in assets and lightilities.	1,941	15,665	17,606
Changes in assets and liabilities: Change in deferred outflow - OPEB	17 552		17 552
Change in deferred outflow - OPEB Change in deferred inflow - OPEB	17,553 91,874	-	17,553 91,874
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	(112,593)	-	
Change in other post-employment benefits Change in deferred outflow - pensions		-	(112,593)
	(33,972)	-	(33,972)
Change in deferred inflow - pensions	(47,283)	-	(47,283)
Change in pensions	90,173	-	90,173
Change in accounts receivable	(1,731)	-	(1,731)
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(11,598)	-	(11,598)
Change in compensated absences	(9,818)	15.005	(9,818)
Total adjustments	(15,454)	15,665	211
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (278,935)	\$ (45,577)	\$ (324,512)

GREEN ENERGY PARK FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NON-GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:						
Rents	\$	20,930	\$	24,088	\$	3,158
Registration fees		10,000		8,668		(1,332)
Gallery commission		2,000		1,254		(746)
Total operating revenues		32,930	_	34,010		1,080
Non-operating revenues:						
Conservation Fund grant		2,500		2,500		-
Donations		500		87		(413)
Interest earned on investments		5,000		6,535		1,535
Total non-operating revenues		8,000		9,122		1,122
Total revenues		40,930		43,132		2,202
Expenditures:						
Park operations:						
Salaries and employee benefits		213,266		197,244		16,022
Operating		102,664		92,554		10,110
Total		315,930	_	289,798		26,132
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(275,000)		(246,666)		28,334
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer in from General Fund		275,000		275,000		-
Total expenditures and other financing sources (uses)		40,930		14,798		26,132
Revenues and other financing sources over						
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$			28,334	\$	28,334
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified						
Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis:						
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB				(17,553)		
Increase in deferred inflow - OPEB				(91,874)		
(Increase) decrease in other post-employment benefits				112,593		
Increase in deferred outflow - pensions				33,972		
Decrease in deferred inflow - pensions				47,283		
(Increase) decrease in pensions				(90,173)		
Depreciation			_	(1,941)		
Change in net position			\$	20,641		

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NON-GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

]	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:						
Operating revenues:						
Rents	\$	27,303	\$ 12,303	\$	(15,000)	
Non-operating revenues:						
Sale of property		738,466	738,466		-	
Interest earned on investments		12,697	 10,982		(1,715)	
Total non-operating revenues		751,163	 749,448		(1,715)	
Total revenues		778,466	 761,751		(16,715)	
Expenditures:						
Economic development operations:						
Operating		771,466	51,815		719,651	
Insurance		7,000	 6,065		935	
Total expenditures		778,466	 57,880		720,586	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		703,871	\$	703,871	
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis						
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis:						
Gain (loss) on sale of asset			(435,448)			
Depreciation			 (15,665)			
Change in net position			\$ 252,758			



ty as



CUSTODIAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Municipal Tax Fund		Jail Inmate Pay Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	225,972	\$	225,972
Taxes receivables for other governments, net		11,771		3,357		15,128
Total assets		11,771		229,329		241,100
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,932		13,605		18,537
Net Position:						
Restricted for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	6,839	\$	215,724	\$	222,563

CUSTODIAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Municipal Tax Fund		Jail Inmate Pay Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
Additions:						
Ad valorem taxes for other governments	\$	534,550	\$	-	\$	534,550
Collections on behalf of inmates				193,032		193,032
Total additions		534,550		193,032		727,582
Deductions:						
Tax distributions to other governments		534,550		-		534,550
Payments on behalf of inmates				188,847		188,847
Total deductions		534,550		188,847		723,397
Change in fiduciary net position		-		4,185		4,185
Net position, beginning		6,839		211,539		218,378
Net position, ending	\$	6,839	\$	215,724	\$	222,563

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- ➤ Analysis of Current Tax Levy



GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2023

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance lly 1, 2022		Additions		Collections And Credits		Incollected Balance Ine 30, 2023
2022-2023	\$	-	\$	45,333,125	\$	44,995,679	\$	337,446
2021-2022	Ψ	420,211	Ψ	-	Ψ	280,444	Ψ	139,767
2020-2021		160,521		-		68,489		92,032
2019-2020		116,267		-		47,067		69,200
2018-2019		85,887		-		30,769		55,118
2017-2018		77,206		-		25,184		52,022
2016-2017		53,762		-		16,270		37,492
2015-2016		95,555		-		16,170		79,385
2014-2015		82,222		-		10,237		71,985
2013-2014		83,201		-		9,531		73,670
2012-2013		78,433		-		78,433		-
Total	\$	1,253,265	\$	45,333,125	\$	45,578,273	\$	1,008,117
Ad valorem taxes received General Fund Reconcilement with re-		t:					\$	208,117
Ad valorem taxes - Ge	neral Fund	I					\$	45,836,451
Reconciling items: Penalties and interest of Amounts written off for Rental vehicle tax Prior year releases, refor Other reconciling items Total reconciling items	or tax year unds, and o		nts					(429,277) 78,433 (16,762) 82,483 26,945 (258,178)
Total collections and c	redits						\$	45,578,273

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Total Levy			
	Co	ounty-Wide	Property Excluding Registered	Registered		
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles	
Original Levy:						
Property taxed at current						
year's rate	\$11,600,262,775	\$ 0.38	\$ 44,080,999	\$ 42,119,285	\$ 1,961,714	
Utilities at current year's rate	297,901,511	0.38	1,132,026	1,132,026		
Total	11,898,164,286		45,213,025	43,251,311	1,961,714	
Discoveries:						
Current year taxes	33,834,108	0.38	128,570	128,570		
Abatements/releases	(2,228,879)	0.38	(8,470)	(4,165)	(4,305)	
Total property valuation	\$11,929,769,515					
Net levy			45,333,125	43,375,716	1,957,409	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			337,446	335,499	1,947	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 44,995,679	\$ 43,040,217	\$ 1,955,462	
Current levy collection percentage			99.26%	99.23%	99.90%	

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation:

Assessment ratio (1)	100%
Real property Personal property	\$ 11,220,547,790
Total assessed valuation	\$ 11,929,769,515
Tax rate per \$100 (2)	\$ 0.3800
Levy (includes discoveries, releases, and abatements) (3)	\$ 45,333,125
In addition to the County-wide rate, the County levies taxes on behalf of two fire districts:	
Fire districts	\$ 1,963,277

- (1) Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.
- (2) Valuation of railroads, telephone companies, and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.
- (3) The levy includes interest and penalties

